CARNEGIE LIBRARY OF ATLANTA

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXXIV ATLANTA, GA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 5 1902--TWELVE PAGES. PRICE: CITY--2 CENTS TRAINS--5 CENTS

FIRE LADDIES IN RED FIGHT BRAVELY FALL

Nine Firemen Are Killed and as Many More Injured at St. Louis.

VICTIMS ARE ENTOMBED BY TUMBLING BUILDING

Buried Under Tons of Red-Hot Debris, They Were Cooked to Death in Spite of the Efforts of Their Comrades.

St. Louis, February 4—At least nine firemen were killed and as many more injured at a fire which broke out tonight in the five-story stone and brick building located at No. 314 Chestnut street, occupied by the American Tent and Awning Company. The building suddenly collapsed and although the nine men who were caught in the crash had not been reached by their hard-working companions two hours later, it is almost absolutely certain that they have succumbed.

The dead:

AUGUST THIERRY, first assistant chief, caught in ruins.

MICHAEL KEHOE, assistant foreman of company No. 13, caught in ruins.

DANIEL STEELE, foreman of No. 12 company, caught in the ruins.

WILLIAM DUNDON, pipe man.

CHARLES KRENING, pipe man.

PATRICK BERGEN, assistant foreman.

THREE PIPE MEN, names unknown, caught in ruins.

The injured:

Frank Lingo, driver of No. 6 aerial truck; thrown from truck while working 40 feet from the ground; seriously injured.

Monroe Moore, inspector for the Imperial Electric Light Company, badly injured by falling through a shaft.

Patrick McCarthy, engineer company No. 6, caught by falling wall; seriously injured.

M. Jufleb, Marshal Thierry's driver, caught by falling wall; seriously hurt.

William Wand, foreman company No. 13, severely injured by falling walls.

The building in which the fire originated was located in the old business section of the city and was about fifty years old. The blaze, which proved a hard one for the fire department to master, had been gotten practically under control when suddenly, with absolutely no warning, it collapsed and came down in a heap with a noise that could be heard for blocks. Three pipemen at work on the second floor had difficulty in managing a line of hose, and Assistant Chief Thierry was on his way with three men to lend them aid when the building collapsed. The men went down with tons of twisted iron, brick, stone and wooden columns enveloping them.

Chief Swingley, who was in front of the building directing his men, had a miraculous escape from death. As the front wall fell outward he scurried across the street and fell under the aerial truck. The truck was covered with debris, and it is to its sheltering protection the chief owes his life. Frank Lingo, driver of the truck, was directing a stream on the fire from the aerial ladder, about 40 feet from the ground, when the wall fell. A portion of the debris struck him and he was hurled through the air to the ground, receiving probably fatal injuries.

Chief Swingley put his entire force to work at once in an effort to rescue the buried firemen, but although the men worked like demons, they had not been able to reach them at midnight. It is a certainty that all are dead, as tons of debris cover them.

Following is a list of the losses:

American Tent and Awning Company, $25,000; McLean estate, loss on building, $35,000; Herman Ruppel, job printer, $10,000; scattering, $5,000.

At 1 o'clock this (Wednesday) morning, notwithstanding that superhuman efforts had been made by Chief Swingley and his men to lift the debris from their unfortunate companions, not a single man had been reported, and to all appearances not much progress having been made in raising the immense pile of iron, stone, tin and wood.

At this hour the names of three more missing men were given out by the chief, who expressed his belief that when the men were reached most if not all would be found to be dead.

Mayor Rolla Wells arrived on the scene at 12:30 o'clock and at once impressed all the stevedores, longshoremen and others of that ilk in the neighborhood into service in the work of uncovering the bodies of the unfortunate firemen.

SEA SWALLOWS THIRTEEN MEN

Barges From Newport Lost in Great Gale That Swept the Atlantic.

WRECKAGE COMING ASHORE TELLS MOURNFUL STORY

While Gale Was at Its Height Tug Lost Barges and They and the Crews Were Left at the Cruel Mercy of the Ocean

New York, February 4.—There is every reason to believe that three barges, coal laden from Newport News for Boston, have been lost at sea as a result of the storm on Sunday night and that thirteen people comprising the crews have perished.

The barges were the Antelope, Belle of Oregon and Mystic Belle. They were in tow of the tug Richmond and the finding of a piece of wreckage bearing the letters "O. P. E." lends confirmation to other information at hand.

During the height of the blow, the Richmond's heavy towing hawser snapped and the barges went adrift off Fire island. The tug Richmond belongs to the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company. Agent Willet, of that company, says that Sunday afternoon the Richmond, in command of Captain McConnell, left New York bay with three barges in tow, coal laden. Each barge had on board three men. Besides these there were Captain Miller and his wife, who acted as cook, on the barge Antelope; Captain Harding, of the Belle of Oregon, and Captain Rodgers on the Mystic Belle, a total of thirteen persons. Agent Willett was in telephone communication this afternoon with Captain McConnell, who had reached Newport, R. I. The barges, he said, were well out to sea at 6 o'clock Sunday night off the Long Island coast. The rope from the forward barge parted and the barges were blown away from the tug.

Captain McConnell said he did not give up the hope of rescuing the men on the barges until it became too dark for him to distinguish them. The tug then made for Newport. Captain McConnell thinks the barges and those aboard of them have been lost.

A body found on the Long Island beach today has been identified as that of Captain C. L. Miller, of the Antelope. On one arm of the body the initials of "C. L. M." were tattooed. The third barge is believed to be still afloat. The tug Richmond is now searching for her lost tow and it is possible she may come up with the barge still afloat during the night.

WORKING ON STRANDED SHIPS.

Steamer Clanerdale and Schooner Allen May Be Saved.

Atlantic City, N. J., February 4.—The Brigantine Beach life saving station reports that the condition of the stranded British steamer Claverdale is unchanged today. Wrecking tugs are at work on her, but it is not believed they will be able to float her until most of the cargo has been removed. So far no damage has been inflicted on the Claverdale, and, being a new boat, she may be able to stand the strain until her cargo is lightened.

The schooner Edith L. Allen, of Bath, Maine, which came ashore yesterday morning about 400 feet from where the Claverdale is stranded, is leaking one foot an hour and in bad condition. It is feared she will become a total wreck.

The theory is advanced by the life savers that the crews of the schooners were deceived by the lights on the stranded Claverdale, presuming the latter to be at anchor, and thus beached their own vessel.

Two Steamships Floated.

Philadelphia, February 4.—The British steamship Europe, from London for Philadelphia, and the Erin Line steamer Drummond, from Philadelphia for St Thomas, both of which grounded in the Delaware river during yesterday's gale, were floated early this morning. They were found to be undamaged and both proceeded.

CONGRESS IS ASKED TO INVITE KRUGER TO VISIT HOME OF FREE

Washington, February 4.—Representative Cochran, of Missouri, today introduced in the house a resolution that the Hon. Paul Kruger, president of the South African republic, be invited to visit the United States as the guest of the country, and that for the defrayment of the expenses incurred in his entertainment while in this country, the sum of $25,000 be appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated."

Chicago, February 4.—Referring to the resolution offered in congress by Representative Cochran inviting President Kruger, of the South African republic, to visit the United States as the guest of the nation, Peter VanVlissingen, treasurer of the Chicago branch of the American Transvaal League, today said:

"If the resolution is adopted it will have a powerful influence for good in the peace negotiations now pending. Receiving President Kruger in his official capacity would be notice to the world that the United States does not look upon paper annexations as final while there is an [illegible] force in the field. To thus show [illegible]ndship for the Boers would have [illegible] influence in Great Britain, where the masses are fooled into believing that the sympathies of the people of this country are with England in the war. Shatter this belief, and you remove the main support of Chamberlain and his adherents. The proposition for an appropriation of $25,000 to cover expenses is very necessary, as President Kruger today is a poor man."

OOM PAUL KRUGER.

KEY TO CARNEGIE LIBRARY FOUND IN THIS RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE TRUSTEES:

RESOLVED, That the administration committee be authorized and instructed to place the books in position and open the basement of the library to the public just as soon as the work in the basement of the main building and the basement of the stack room is completed, the committee on building and grounds being hereby instructed to hurry forward this work in every way possible, and to notify the administration committee when such work is completed.

KING BLIZZARD SENDS A CHILL

Folks Thought He Had Gone Home, but He's Still Abroad in Land.

THROUGH SNOW'S DRIFTS TRAINS FORCED TO PLOW

Fiercest Blizzard in Years Is Sweeping the Northwet and the Region About Buffalo, N. Y. A Passenger Train Is Caught.

Grand Rapids, Mich., February 4.—The whole of western Michigan is being swept by the fiercest blizzard the railroads have had to contend with in years. Trains from the north today were three to four hours late and big plows are doing their best to prevent a complete blockade, which seems likely tonight, as the storm shows no signs of abatement and the snow is drifting badly.

Along the Lake Michigan shore the storm is particularly severe. None of the Pere Marquette steamers have gone tonight.

The Joseph reports a passenger train on the Three I system stuck in a 15-foot drift near Glendora. The engine fire was put out and the crippled train hauled back to St. Joseph by a freight train.

Blizzard Strikes Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., February 4.—The storm which has prevailed intermittently since Sunday struck the city again today, with redoubled fury. Mails from the east and west arrived from one to five hours late during the day, but trains from northern Pennsylvania points had been cancelled in many instances, and the regular mail service was demoralized.

No perishable freight is accepted by the railroads and very little freight of any kind was moved today.

At midnight the wind was blowing at the rate of 57 miles an hour and street theromemters registered 6 above zero.

All Trains Hours Late.

Kalamazoo, Mich., February 4.—For three days a blizzard has been raging in southwestern Michigan, and at the beginning of the fourth day shows no signs of cessation. All trains are hours late and traffic of all kinds practically at a standstill. Temperatures are reported tonight between 12 and 16 below zero. There is much suffering in country districts, where all roads are blocked by snow drifts from 6 to 12 feet deep.

Texas Blizzard Swept.

Dallas, Tex., February 4.—A snow in north Texas and heavy rains in south Texas are reported tonight. The fall of snow was very heavy. At Santa Anna there was a blizzard with 3 1-2 inches of snow. The snow will be of incalculable benefit to the wheat crop, which was almost a total failure in this state last year.

NEGROES TROUBLING KANSAS.

Blacks Want Social Equality in Matter of Education.

Topeka, Kans., February 4.—Some of the negroes of the city are making trouble over a rule made by the school board that colored children shall attend a school for those of their own color only.

Trouble between the two races has resulted in burning the building twice, and now that separate buildings have been provided the negroes demand that they be given admittance to the white schools. The matter probably will be settled in

Board in Control of the Building Will Open the Basement

FEBRUARY 24TH IS DATE OF OPENING

Chairman Nutting States That the Basement Can Be Put in Shape, and Books Will Be Given the Public from Then On.

THE foregoing resolution, adopted yesterday afternoon at the regular monthly meeting of the Carnegie library board of trustees, will be read with impatient interest by young and old, rich and poor, humble and high.

And these readers will further be gladdened by the additional and welcome information that the result of that resolution will be to so arrange the books at the library that the public can have access to them on or before

Monday, February 24, 1902.

Nor will the general public be any happier than the members of the board of trustees. This board has been chafing under criticism from all sides—criticism that was severe and, in many cases, totally undeserved.

"To enter into the details of all this," said a member yesterday afternoon, "would simply be to unfold a story full of dull details, but details so vital that the failure of the contractors, Miles & Bradt, to do what the board considers they should do has entailed 90 per cent of the delay.

"For instance, despite the fact that the hardwood floors in the library have been condemned by the supervising architect, or superintendent, and due notice has been given the contractors, they are still in the attitude of insisting they are not to be held responsible.

"It is the desire of the board to turn over to the city of Atlanta such a well-constructed, faultlessly finished library building that not a word of criticism should follow. In our efforts to do this we have been criticised on all sides. Thus, we have reached the decision to throw open the basement of the building and to give out books to the public, though not admitting any one to the upper floors until that portion of the library has been approved by the supervising architect and accepted by the board."

Talk with Mr. Nutting.

At a called meeting several days ago H. H. Cabaniss, president of the board, offered a resolution that the library be opened at once. This, however, was held up until the condemnation of the floors had been made in a form complying with every scintilla of legal red tape. This condemnation having passed through the circumlocution office, and Messrs. Miles and Bradt given the proper forty-eight hours of time in which to comply or not comply, the question of opening was received.

The resolution leading this article was then introduced by Mr. Nutting, chairman of the building and grounds committee, and adopted by a unanimous vote.

When asked what time this resolution practically set for opening the library, Mr. Nutting replied:

"I believe that we can get everything in readiness by the 21st of this month—certainly by the 24th. All our energies will be devoted to rushing this particular branch of the work along and it will be completed with a rush.

"This means that the basement will be put in such a condition of completion and the basement stacks so arranged that the public can get books. We have had in training a corps of bright and competent young women, and it is my belief that we will be able to supply all of the public that call for books."

History of the Library.

Three years ago Andrew Carnegie, at the suggestion of W. M. Kelley, selected Atlanta as one of the cities upon which he could practice that still greater philanthropy that has startled the world and shocked his brother multimillionaires. His first donation was $100,000, the only condition being that the city of Atlanta should donate $5,000 per year and provide a site.

It is doubtful whether the gift would have been accepted had not the members of the Young Men's Library Association generously come forward and offered the necessary site. Later, through the efforts of Miss Wallace, librarian, Mr. Carnegie increased his donation to $125,000, which is the largest sum given to any city of Atlanta's population.

The board of trustees, composed of a number of well-known Atlantans, took up

Continued on Second Page.

BIG INCREASE IN RECEIPTS

Fine Showing for Atlanta Postoffice for the Month of January.

RECEIPTS OF POSTOFFICE MARK GROWTH OF CITY

Growth of the Postal Business Emphasizes the Pressing Need of Enlarged Quarters — Business Amounts to $40,000 Per Month.

The receipts of the Atlanta postoffice for the month of January show an increase over the same month last year of 21 per cent, a figure that has never been excelled in the history of the office, with but one exception. Last September the receipts showed an increase of 23 per cent.

The total receipts for the past month amounts to $40,032.44, while for January, 1901, the total receipts were $33,068.75, an increase in favor of January, this year, of $6,963.69. These figures are interesting and will serve to give an idea of the immense amount of business transacted by the local postoffice and also to demonstrate the remarkable increase of the business.

The postal receipts are one of the most reliable mediums by which to ascertain the growth of a city and accordingly the figures of the Atlanta office testify to the rapidity with which this city is growing and expanding. The figures act as mercury in a thermometer to point out the rise or fall in business. According to the local postal thermometer an admirable condition is shown as to Atlanta's business interests and it displays further a wonderful increase in the business of the city.

One of the pleasing features of the almost phenomenal record of the Atlanta office is that the increase is steady. The business does not show a big increase one month and the next fall below, but gradually the figures climb higher and higher and each month has its own story to tell of prosperity and gains.

The immense amount of business done in the postoffice is regarded as a strong argument for the need of enlarged quarters. A $40,000 a month business deserves to be transacted in a more commodious structure than the present inadequate building officials declare. The general work room of the office furnishes the evidence of this need.

Major W. H. Smyth, the postmaster, is greatly pleased with the excellent showing made by the office for January. Colonel E. F. Blodgett, the assistant postmaster, is also elated over the month's record. Both consider it a fine testimonial to the growth of Atlanta.

TWO CORPSES DRAWING CARD

Bodies of Biddles Placed on Exhibition and Thousands Flocked To See.

THOUSANDS OF WOMEN BARRED BY THE CRUSH

Some Woman Sent Sprigs of Fern and White Carnations To Place on Caskets—Mrs. Soffel Thinking of Husband Now.

Pittsburg, Pa., February 4.—From 9 to 12 o'clock today the bodies of John and Edward Biddle were exposed to public view at the undertaking establishment of L. Beinhauer & Son, on the south side, and during the three hours they were on exhibition several thousand persons passed before the coffins. In the crowd were probably as many women as men.

A few minutes before 9 o'clock the police arranged the morbid crowd in line and promptly at 9 o'clock the door of the mortuary was opened and the crowd passed in slowly and took a look at the remains of the youthful desperadoes. The body of Edward lay nearest the door and Jack was a few feet away. The bodies were in black caskets.

Flowers Sent by a Woman.

The heads of the boys were turned so that the crowd could see them at a glance and the police kept the crowd moving all the time. The procession kept up throughout the three hours.

On the caskets of the Biddles were sprigs of fern and white carnations sent by some woman whose identity is unknown. The flowers were sent to the undertaker with the request that they be placed upon the caskets and that it be known they were the gift of a woman.

The mob about the undertaking establishment became so great that the doors were closed by the police on account of the crush. Thousands of people, mostly women, were unable to gain admission to view the bodies, and for several hours after the closing of the doors hundreds lingered about the place hoping that the doors would be opened again. Many women carried flowers for the dead, which they left with the undertaker to be placed on the grave tomorrow.

The indictment against Mrs. Soffel may not be acted on by the present grand jury. She has not yet been put under arrest formally and will not be until she is strong enough to be moved to Pittsburg jail.

There is much uncertainty as to when she will be brought to Pittsburg. She will not be moved from the Butler hospital as long as that would in any way endanger her life.

Thinks of Husband Now.

Butler, Pa., February 4.—Realizing that she has ruined her husband, Mrs. Soffel does not wish to bring further disgrace and humiliation upon him. She now desires a change of venue when she faces trial. She tearfully made this request of Assistant District Attorney Robb, of Allegheny county, in the hospital here today. She said she is willing to meet any fate the law may place upon her, but does not want the punishment administered in the court house across the street from her old home. She begged Mr. Robb for almost two hours to grant her this much, in the name of her husband, who is Mr. Robb's friend, and told him that her husband was in no way to blame for her conduct.

Mrs. Soffel told the attorney that though she had been charged with a crime against the state, she had never sinned. She pleaded that her act was brought about through her sympathy for the Biddles and not her love.

Mr. Robb said he could not make any definite promise to her at that time.

MARQUIS OF DUFFERIN SINKS.

Growing Weakness of the Nobleman Is Announced.

Belfast, February 4.—It was announced from Clandeboye this morning that the marquis of Dufferin, who has been seriously ill for some time past, is growing weaker.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Partly cloudy today with snow or rain in the afternoon or night; Thursday probably rain; variable winds, becoming fresh northeasterly.

Highest temperature	34	Normal temperature	46
Lowest temperature	26	Precipitation for past 24 hours	.00
Mean temperature	30	Deficiency since first of January	0.75

LOCAL.

Trustees of the Carnegie Free Library announce that arrangements have been made whereby the public will be furnished with books after February 24.

President J. W. Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, formally announces that his road will accept the state's depot proposition if the other roads will also agree.

Rev. T. C. Tupper, of Atlanta, is announced as the chaplain of the Atlanta federal prison.

The receipts of the Atlanta postoffice for January show an increase over the same month last year 21 per cent.

GEORGIA

Meldrim Owens, 15 years old, the son of Marshal John W. Owens, of North Rome, yesterday committed suicide. It is said excessive cigarette smoking had unhinged his mind.

Hon. Dupont Guerry yesterday issued formal challenge to Hon. J. M. Terrell for joint debate. Says if it is declined he will undertake to tell the people of Mr. Terrell's record, as well as his own.

In the answer filed by Oberlin M. Carter to the government's suit to recover property alleged to have been procured by Carter through conspiracy, he bitterly attacks Captain C. E. Gillette and General John M. Wilson.

SOUTHERN

Admiral and Mrs. Schley were tendered a veritable ovation in Knoxville last night, their arrival being greeted by the cheers of thousands, the shrill scream of whistles and ringing bells. Their stay in Chattanooga was brief.

The new building of the Soldiers' home in Raleigh, N. C., given the survivors of the confederacy by the state, was dedicated yesterday. The speech of presentation was made by Governor Aycock.

DOMESTIC.

Civil Governor Taft, speaking before the senate committee, said that the war being waged by the Filipino insurgents was a crime against civilization

While fighting fire at St. Louis, nine firemen were killed by falling walls and as many more injured.

During the great storm on the Atlantic three barges from Norfolk, on which there were thirteen persons, parted from their tow. It is thought that all on board have perished.

The senate has passed the bill increasing the salaries of federal judges 25 per cent.

For three hours the corpses of the Biddles were on exhibition at Pittsburg. It is estimated that several thousand persons, mostly women, viewed the dead bandits.

FOREIGN

The Dutch proposals looking to peace in South Africa, have been rejected by Great Britain. Lord Lansdowne says Britain will not tolerate foreign intervention.

It is reported at Colon that the Libertador, the war ship of the Venezuelan rebels, has been sunk by a government gunboat.

It is said that the Marquis of Salisbury intends to resign the premiership as soon as the South African war is ended.

ONLY SAVAGES IN REBELLION AGAINST FLAG

Taft Tells the Senators That Filipino Insurgents Are Fighting Against Civilization.

NO INHUMAN WARFARE WAGED BY AMERICANS

Insurgents May Have Been Treated to "Water Cure" Occasionally. Vast Majority of Filipinos for Peace—Aguinaldo an Assassin.

Washington, February 4.—Governor Taft today continued his narrative before the senate committee on the Philippines concerning the situation in the Philippine islands. Governor Taft analyzed the work of the army in the islands. He recalled that as soon as General Otis had reinforcements sufficient for his purpose the Philippine army had broken up and scattered into guerrilla bands. On this point Aguinaldo and Luna had differed, Luna advocating the continuance of the war on the old lines. So sharp was this difference he said that Aguinaldo had directed and secured the assassination of Luna, thus leaving the way open for the carrying out of his own plans. The presence of these guerrilla bands rendered it necessary to place garrisons everywhere, there being at one time as many as 500 of them.

"The condition of activity continued until the last presidential election in the United States," said the governor.

"The insurgents believed that if Mr. Bryan should be elected there would be a change of policy and the islands surrendered, placing those who were in insurrection in charge, but when Mr. McKinley was elected there was a feeling that there would be an indefinite detention of the archipelago and that the system then in force would be continued."

Cruelty of the Filipinos.

Governor Taft said that one of the traits of the Filipinos is cruelty. He had been told by American officers of many instances of mutilation of the corpses of our soldiers. This being true, it was not surprising that there had been some retaliation on the part of small bands of American soldiers. He had heard of no charge of mutilation, but there were probably some cases of such mutilation, and probably some cases of what is called the "water cure," this method of punishment consisting of pouring water down the throats of men until they swelled up, and becoming frightened, told what they knew, as, for instance, where guns could be secured.

If these infractions of propriety had occurred, he was sure they had been in the face of direct orders to the contrary.

In response to a question by Senator Patterson as to the practices of the Macabebes, Governor Taft wanted the committee and others against accepting, without a great degree of allowance, the statements made in private letters. It was impossible to prevent retaliation by private soldiers under all circumstances.

As a rule, the witness said, American prisoners were treated well by the Filipinos. This, so far as he knew, was uniformly true of the Filipino officers who were high in command. There was some cases to the contrary on the part of subordinate Filipino officers.

War Humanely Conducted.

He had not, he said, in reply to a question from Senator Culberson, known anything of the reports of killing Filipino prisoners with the knowledge of General Metcalf, of Kansas.

Governor Taft said that notwithstanding he was not in an attitude of favor to military rule, it was still his deliberate judgment that "never had a war been conducted in which more compassion, more restraint and more generosity had been exhibited than in connection with the American officers in the Philippines."

Senator Culberson asked concerning the effect of the policy of concentration. Governor Taft said that General Bell's order for concentration had been published since his departure from Manila. He had, however, talked with General Bell on that point and had told him that he did not consider such an order necessary, because he was of the opinion that a proper degree of pressure brought to bear on the wealthy men of Batangas would have the effect of causing the province to yield without making a sweeping order of concentration.

After going over a part of General Bell's order, Mr. Culberson asked if he still entertained the same opinion previously expressed as to the military policy in the Philippines. To this Governor Taft replied:

"The war which remains is a crime against civilization. It is also a crime against the Filipino people to keep up a state of war under the circumstances. They have worn out the right to any treatment but that which is severe and within the laws of war."

System of Terrorism.

This statement led Senator Patterson to ask whether the witness did not consider that even a small number of people who were waging a war for independence do not deserve consideration at the hands of the American army. Governor Taft said that the great majority of the people of the islands desire peace and that the insurrectionists, by their acts, were preventing the mass of the people from settling down and earning a quiet living. Instead of being allowed to do this they were kept under a system of terrorism, which should be stopped.

Democratic members of the committee read a statement from General MacArthur and others expressing opinions that the hostility of the Filipinos to American institutions is due to innate differences and is general, but Governor Taft replied that he had approached the question at issue from a different standpoint from these authorities and said that most of his conclusions were drawn from contact with the Filipinos themselves.

Governor Taft was questioned concerning the acts of the Philippine commission for the punishment of treason, but he expressed a desire to postpone discussion of this matter to a time when

ONLY SAVAGES IN REBELLION

Taft Tells Senators Filipino Insurgents Are Fighting Against Civilization.

MAJORITY OF FILIPINOS EAGER TO STOP STRIFE

American Soldiers Have Waged the War in a Humane Manner—He Accuses Aguinaldo of Procuring Assassination of Luna.

more attention could be given it.

The committee then adjourned for the day.

Petition Against the War.

Senator Hoar today presented a petition signed by a number of distinguished citizens of this country for the suspension of hostilities in the Philippines and asking that an opportunity be given for discussion of the situation between the government and the Filipino leaders. The following are among the names attached to the petition:

Carl Schurz, George F. Edmunds, Judson Harmon, J. Sterling Morton, George S. Boutwell, Charles F. Adams, W. D. Howells, Mark Twain, Rev. C. H. Parkhurst, W. Bourke Cochran, Robert Treat Paine, Bishop Vincent, Anson P. Stokes, John Burroughs and William Lloyd Garrison. Included in the list are the names of thirty-six professors in the Chicago university and a number of other educators.

Learned Ballot Box Stuffing Already

Manila, February 4.—The returns so far received indicate the election in the most cases of natives as governors of provinces. Captain H. H. Randolz, of the Second infantry, defeated Major Cornelius Gardner, of the Thirtieth infantry, the present governor of Tayabas province. The military men claim that accepting elective offices will necessitate resignation from the army.

At Batangas (capital of Bataan) there are only eighty-four voters, but eighty-nine votes were cast and another election has been ordered.

A meeting held at the invitation of Acting Governor Wright of business men interested in tobacco and sugar to discuss legislation desired by both industries, urged a reduction of 75 per cent in the duties. Buencamieno said it would mean the instant pacification of Batangas, which is wholly devoted to sugar growing.

Colonels Greech and Craigie and Major Bomush have been appointed a board to adopt plans for building a military post here.

SCRAPPING JEROME ESCAPES.

Charge of Assault Against District Attorney Is Withdrawn.

New York, February 4.—John Murray, the coroner's clerk, who obtained a summons last week calling on District Attorney Jerome to answer a charge of assault, withdrew the charge today. The charge grew out of a dispute at the arraignment before Coroner Goldenkranz of certain men in connection with the Park avenue dynamite explosion. Murray alleged that the district attorney struck him in the face. In police court today, when the case was called, Murray said he withdrew the charge on the advice of the board of coroners.

A TEST EXPERIMENT.

Peculiar Power Possessed by a New Medicine.

Of new discoveries there is no end, but one of the most recent, most remarkable and one which will prove invaluable to thousands of people, is a discovery which it is believed will take the place of all other remedies for the cure of those common and obstinate diseases, dyspepsia and stomach troubles. This discovery is not a loudly advertised, secret patent medicine, but is a scientific combination of wholesome, perfectly harmless vegetable essences, fruit salts, pure pepsin and bismuth.

These remedies are combined in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and will preserve their good qualities indefinitely, whereas all liquid medicines rapidly lose whatever good qualties they may have had as soon as uncorked and exposed to the air.

This preparation is called Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and it is claimed that one of these tablets or lozenges will digest from 300 to 3,000 times its own weight of meat, eggs and other wholesome food. And this claim has been proven by actual experiments in the following manner: A hard boiled egg cut into small pieces was placed in a bottle containing warm water heated to 98 degrees (or blood heat), one of these tablets was then placed in the bottle and the proper temperature maintained for three hours and a half, at the end of which time the egg was as completely digested as it would have been in a healthy stomach. This experiment was undertaken to demonstrate that what it would do in the bottle it would also do in the stomach, hence its unquestionable value in the cure of dyspepsia and weak digestion. Very few people are free from some form of indigestion, but scarcely two will have the same symptoms. Some will suffer most from distress after eating, bloating from gas in the stomach and bowels, others have acid dyspepsia or heartburn, others palpitation or headaches, sleeplessness, pains in chest and under shoulder blades, extreme nervousness as in nervous dyspepsia, but they all have same cause, failure to properly digest what is eaten. The stomach must have rest and assistance, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give it both, by digesting the food for it and in a short time it is restored to its normal action and vigor. At same time the tablets are so harmless that a child can take them with benefit. This new preparation has already made many astonishing cures, as for instance, the following:

After using only one package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets I have received such great and unexpected benefit that I wish to express my sincere gratitude. In fact, it has been six months since I took the package and I have not had one particle of distress or difficulty since. And all this in the face of the fact that the best doctors I consulted told me my case was Chronic Dyspepsia and absolutely incurable as I had suffered twenty-five years. I distributed half a dozen packages among my friends here who are very anxious to try this remedy.

Mrs. Sarah A. Skeels,
Lynnville, Jaspar Co., Mo.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents for full sized packages. A little book on Stomach Diseases mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

MORE POWER TO RAILROADS

And More Power to Commission Is Given by Elkins' Bill.

POOLING TO BE LEGALIZED

And Punishment as a Penalty To Be Abolished—Salient Features of Measure.

Washington, February 4.—Senator Elkins, chairman of the interstate commerce committee, today introduced a bill making a number of changes in the interstate commerce law, the most important of which are the following:

"Giving the interstate commerce commission authority under certain conditions to fix railroad rates, legalizing pooling and abolishing imprisonment as a method of punishment for offenses against the law."

The provision with reference to the fixing of rates authorizes the interstate commerce commission to hear complaints of discrimination made against common carriers and directs that any definite order made by the commission after such hearing, declaring a rate regulation or practice to be just and reasonable, shall become operative and be observed by the party or parties against whom it is made within thirty days after notice. Appeal to the United States circuit courts and to the supreme court of the United States is authorized. The latter court is given authority to suspend or revoke a rate order made by the commission upon application by parties affected and all such orders are limited to one year's duration.

The commission is authorized to determine the proportion for each of the carriers when the rate fixed is a joint rate.

The section of the bill regarding pooling provides that "it shall be lawful for any two or more common carriers to arrange between and among themselves for the establishment of, or maintenance of, rates. It shall also be lawful for such carriers to agree by contract in writing filed with the interstate commerce commission upon the division of their traffic or earnings or both."

Authority is given to the interstate commerce commission to hear complaints against the fairness of such pooling arrangements and to make an order annulling the contract in the respects found to be unjust and unlawful. Failure to comply with the order will work the annulment of the contract.

Proceedings by writ of injunction are authorized against any party disobeying the provisions of the bill and the offending party also is made subject to a penalty of $10,000 to be paid into the treasury of the United States. Where railroads pass into foreign country authority is given, in addition to the imposition of fines, to suspend the movement of trains within the United States until the requirement shall be complied with. A fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000 is provided for the willful failure of any carrier to publish tariff rates and charges as required by the interstate commerce law.

The provision abolishing imprisonment is as follows:

"In all convictions, occurring after the passage of this act for offenses under said act to regulate commerce, whether committed before or after the passage of this act, or for offenses under this section, no penalty shall be imposed on the convicted party other than the fine prescribed by law, imprisonment wherever now prescribed as part of the penalty being hereby abolished."

Authority is given the commission to require the publication of tariff rates, and where there is reasonable ground for belief that freights or passengers are being carried for less than the published rates, the commission is authorized to begin proceedings in the circuit court of the United States, which court is required to enforce an observance of the published tariffs. These proceedings are to be directed not only against the carrier, but also against the other parties interested.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY WILL OPEN SOON

Continued from First Page.

the work, which has dragged through delay after delay, until now the first step looking toward a realization of the library's purpose and use has been taken.

Method of Securing Books.

The Carnegie library will be absolutely free to every man, woman and child in Atlanta. Children under 14 years of age will be given cards for the children's room, and every resident of the city over 14 years of age will be eligible for the use of the library and to take one book at a time for home use. This enables every member of a family to have an individual card, and he or she is held responsible for the books issued on that card.

The way to secure library privileges is made easy for every one.

Thomas Atkins, who lives at No. 1 Carnegie Place, calls at the library and signs the register, giving his home and business address. He brings with him John Smith, who lives at No. 2 Forsyth street, as reference. If your name, for some good reason, is not in the directory, the name of the reference must be. The reference is by no means a guarantor, as he is not held responsible for any damages. He agrees simply to act as reference as to identity.

Every applicant will be presented with a copy of the rules and regulations, which are issued in a neat pamphlet as "Information for Borrowers." Each person who registers will be given a "Borrower's Card," which will show his name and address and registration number. This card must be presented every time a book is taken out or returned to the library. The library will be open every day from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

There are now 20,000 volumes in the library, which are classified and catalogued and in good condition. This collection is well selected, and includes about 7,000 new volumes added this year. All borrowers' cards are issued for a period of three years, and must be renewed on expiration.

FOR DISABLED EX-SLAVES.

Appeal Made to Roosevelt by Delegation of Negroes.

Washington, February 4.—A delegation of negroes, representing the National Industrial Association, called on the president today and presented an address urging his cooperation in securing an appropriation of congress for disabled and decrepit ex-slaves in the south.

The delegation included Dr. Mitchell, of Lexington, Ky.; S. L. Walton, Arkansas; Smith Frampton, Charleston, S. C.; E. Adams, Chauncey, Ga.; T. J. Smith, Tallahassee, Fla., and C. Williams, of Marshall, Tex.

Schwab in London.

London, February 4.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, arrived in London tonight. When interviewed he again said that he only came to Europe for a holiday and declared the rumors that he was negotiating on behalf of J. Pierpont Morgan to be unfounded.

SCREW TURNED ON TAXPAYERS

Bill Increasing Salaries of United States Judges Passed by Senate.

SENATOR BAILEY SPEAKS IN OPPOSITION TO BILL

He Says It Matters Little What Salaries Are Paid, as Washington People Take It All—Tillman in Action.

Washington, February 4.—After a brief discussion today the senate passed by a vote of 39 to 21 the bill providing for a 25 per cent increase in the salaries of United States judges. All amendments were voted down, including one to increase the salaries of cabinet officers from $8,000 to $12,500 a year.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, delivered his first speech in the senate in opposition to this bill. He believed that the present salaries of senators and representatives were sufficient. Salaries ought to be only such as will maintain the recipient in decency and in comfort, nothing more. He believed that it mattered little what salaries were paid government officials, as it seemed to be a rule among Washington people "to assess us so that we shall have nothing left at the end of the year anyhow." He said that the curse of official life in Washington was fast becoming the inability of the poor man to meet the expenses of official station.

During the remainder of the day's session the urgent deficiency appropriation bill was under consideration, the Philippine tariff measure being laid aside temporarily to make way for the privileged supply bill.

In Defense of Judge Noyes.

Late in the session, taking advantage of the latitude of debate upon the appropriation bill, Mr. Hansbrough, of North Dakota, made a spirited defense of Judge A. H. Noyes, of the district court of Alaska, upon whom an attack was made yesterday. This brought on a long discussion of the Noyes case, legal and technical rather than personal. No action could be taken on this subject, but the discussion will be continued tomorrow.

Mr. Hansbrough declared the only charge for which Judge Noyes had been brought before the circuit court of appeals in San Francisco was contempt of court.

Mr. Tillman, citing the proceedings before the San Francisco court, declared that either the judges of that court were unworthy of their places or Judge Noyes and his associates in the contempt proceedings were, and Mrs. Hansbrough could take either horn of the dilemma.

Mr. Hansbrough paid no heed to Mr. Tillman's proposition.

Mr. Hoar, stating frankly that he knew little of the merits of the case, conjectured that when those senators who had applied harsh names to Judge Noyes became familiar with all the facts of the case they would withdraw the terms they had applied to him.

Tillman Wants To Lead Record.

Mr. Tillman desired to have printed in The Record the decision of the circuit court of appeals in San Francisco in the contempt case against Judge Noyes, but Mr. McCumber, of North Dakota, objected. He declared that the decision was unjust in every respect and it should not go into The Record, even with his tacit permission, he said. He asserted that it was the result of an act to create prejudice against an able and conscientious officer and was based upon false conclusions.

"I object to it for an honest purpose," he said, "to protect an honest man."

"Then I will read it to the senate in the morning," said Mr. Tillman, hotly.

"Very well," retorted Mr. McCumber, "read it."

The senate went into executive session and soon afterwards adjourned.

WATCHING THE UNITED STATES.

Consul General Mason Reports on the German Trade.

Washington, February 4.—Consul General Mason, at Berlin, has contributed another review on the present German trade depression in a special report.

Mr. Mason says that the worst period of depression has undoubtedly passed and there are signs of betterment. He further says that the lesson for the United States in this crisis is to be found in the manner in which many of the German commercial and industrial interests have been carried through the depression by a skilfully supported export trade, the foundations of which were laid by Germany during her years of prosperity.

Mr. Mason refers to the keen attention with which everything is watched that pertains to the United States, and says that nowhere is it more clearly recognized than in Germany that the United States has made its advent as a world power, the most far-reaching and momentous fact in the economy of the new century.

MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT TO GO.

She Will Attend the Coronation of King Edward.

Washington, February 4.—Hon. Whitelaw Reid has invited Miss Alice Roosevelt, eldest daughter of the president, to accompany him to London as his guest when he goes to attend the coronation of King Edward. It is the present expectation of Miss Roosevelt to avail herself of this opportunity to see London, but if she does so she will have no status save that simply of a young American girl and will not figure in the coronation ceremonies in any manner.

WILCOX LIKES BIG SALARIES.

Hawaiian Delegate Introduces Bill for a General Increase.

Washington, February 4.—Delegate Wilcox, of Hawaii, today introduced a bill increasing annual salaries as follows: President of the United States, $100,000; vice president, $25,000; cabinet officers, $15,000 each; members of congress, $10,000.

Another bill by Mr. Wilcox fixes the salary of the governor of Hawaii at $8,000, with a schedule of salaries for various other Hawaiian officers.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

When your head aches and you feel weak and nervous, your stomach is out of order. The Bitters should be taken at once. It sets the stomach right and cures Headache, Indigestion, Constipation and Nervousness.

GLEAM OF HOPE FOR CUBA

Some Measure of Reciprocity Will Be Surely Reported.

BABCOCK SEES ROOSEVELT

Rate of Reduction Will Be About 20 or 25 Per Cent

Washington, February 4.—Representatives Babcock and Long, republican members of the ways and means committee, called on President Roosevelt today and discussed with him Cuban reciprocity.

It was stated today by a republican member of the ways and means committee that there was little further doubt that the committee would report some measure of Cuban reciprocity.

Another member of the committee expressed the conviction that the rate of reduction would be about 20 or 25 per cent. Other members of the committee insist that the minds of the several members are still open, and that definite conclusions as to the course of the committee are not yet warranted.

Chairman Payne says there is no material change in the status of the subject, as the hearings recently held have not yet been printed, and these are regarded as of the utmost importance in assisting toward a solution of the question.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

FIGHT MADE ON ROUGH RIDER.

Ben Daniels Charged with Being an Ex-Convict.

Washington, February 4.—The senate spent almost an hour in executive session today discussing a motion made by Senator Teller to reconsider the vote by which the nomination of Ben Daniels as marshal of Arizona was confirmed. Mr. Teller offered an article printed in a New York newspaper charging Daniels with being an ex-convict.

No action was taken on the motion to reconsider, but it is understood the matter will be brought to the attention of the president and department of justice.

Daniels was a Rough Rider, and was with President Roosevelt at San Juan.

BLOWN TO BITS BY DYNAMITE.

One Man Killed Outright and Two Seriously Injured.

Washington, February 4.—A premature explosion of nitro-glycerine carelessly handled by an operative at the Cerberite Manufacturing Company plant at Ardwick, Md., 9 miles from this city, early this morning, killed Richard J. Martin, the superintendent, and slightly injured two workmen. The building was slightly damaged, but eight tons of material of high explosion strength stored close to the scene of the accident were not disturbed.

IN GOVERNMENT SHIP YARDS.

There's Where War Ships Should Be Built, Says Bowles.

Washington, February 4.—Admiral Bowles, chief of the naval bureau of construction, in the course of a statement before the house naval committee today in explanation of his estimates, expressed himself strongly in favor of building war ships in government navy yards and urged that he be given authority to construct one or more vessels in the government yards.

Admiral Bowles' suggestion probably will be presented later in the form of an amendment to the bill.

SUICIDE CLAUSE IS NO GOOD.

Insurance Companies Might as Well Knock It Out.

Columbus, Ohio, February 4.—By a decision in the supreme court today in the case of the National Union v. Dora Stoll, of Cincinnati, it appears almost futile for life insurance companies to put in a clause against suicide in their policies.

Mrs. Stoll's husband held a policy containing specific stipulation that the policy should become void in case he should commit suicide within two years. He did commit suicide, but they were required to pay the policy.

OIL TRUST PAYS DIVIDEND.

Standard Combine Will Pay $20 Per Share for Quarter.

New York, February 4—The directors of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey declared a dividend of $20 per share today. This is the same as for the corresponding quarter last year and the year before.

The declaring of the dividend on Standard Oil prompted buying of the stock on the curb market up to $675, after which the price reacted, later sales being made at $665. The long decline in the stock from above $800 to $615, at which it sold within the last few weeks, was supposed to be due to the belief that the dividend would be reduced owing to the decline in the price of oil, but it was reported today that the depression had been due to large liquidation growing out of recent financial troubles in Cleveland, Ohio.

NEWS FOR PROF. WASHINGTON.

Learns No Negro Ever Graduated from Minnesota University.

Minneapolis, Minn., February 4.—A request has been made of President Northrup, of the state university, by Booker T. Washington for a negro graduate of the agricultural college to fill the chair of agriculture at the Tuskegee, Ala., college. Washington will be notified that no colored man has ever graduated from the college, though there are several at present in the institution.

SET WAR SONGS TO MUSIC.

Death of David Adams Warden, a Martial Composer.

Philadelphia, February 4.—David Adams Warden, one of the oldest citizens in the city, is dead. During the civil war Mr. Warden composed the music of many patriotic songs that were sung by both armies, among them being "The Flag's Come Back to Tennessee" and "All Quiet Along the Potomac Tonight." He wrote the words and music of "Mother, Don't Weep for Your Boy," and "Tell Me, Ye Winged Winds."

The deceased was a native of England. He was born in 1815, in the Tower of London, his father being one of the yeomen warders of the Tower, an appointment which he received through the influence of the duke of Wellington in recognition of his bravery at the battle of Waterloo.

Funston Is Doing Well.

Kansas City, February 4.—At Scarratt hospital, where General Frederick Funston underwent an operation yesterday, it was stated today that there is apparently every prospect of the general's prompt recovery.

WON HER LOVE AND CASH, TOO

Baron Von Wittomborg Married an American Widow and Robbed Her.

AIDED IN HIS SCHEME BY ATTORNEY AND WIFE

Baron Goes on Stand and Exposes the Plot—As a Result Attorney and Baron and Wife Are Behind Bars.

Philadelphia, February 4.—Attorney J. Francis Bacon and his wife were today held in $1,000 bail for trial, charged with conspiracy. The defendants are accused of conspiring to obtain $4,000 from Henrietta Muller.

The principal witness for the prosecution was Frederick J. Stover, alias Baron von Wittemborg, who testified that he had met the Muller woman in Germany, and, passing himself as a nobleman, made an engagement to marry her last spring in this country. Stover said he had no money and through an advertisement secured the assistance of Bacon in his efforts to secure Mrs. Muller's money.

Bacon and Stover, according to the latter's testimony, met Mrs. Muller in New York and Stover married her under the name of Baron von Wittemborg, Bacon and his wife witnessing the ceremony. Stover admitted that he already had a wife living. He secured from Mrs. Muller a draft for $3,000, which he says he gave to Bacon. The latter, Stover testified, kept all the money except a few hundred dollars. Stover at present is under arrest at Holly, N. J., on the charge of embezzlement.

KEELY INSTITUTE IS BURNED.

Famous Sobering-Up Establishment at Dwight in Ashes.

Bloomington, Ills., February 4.—The city of Dwight suffered a $300,000 fire loss today. The great laboratory of the Keely institute was completely destroyed, together with the Livingston hotel, a brick and stone structure owned and controlled by the Keely company. All of the guests and employees escaped without injury, with the exception of a colored cook, who was bruised by jumping from a second story window.

FROZE TO DEATH IN SLEEP.

Robert Hayden Went into Blizzard in Somnambulistic State.

Washington, February 4.—Old, enfeebled and a victim of sonambulism, Robert Hayden, aged 80 years, arose from his bed at an early hour this morning and wandered down a near-by lane, where he lay until he froze to death.

Shoals, Ind., February 4.—Laura A. Riven, aged 70 years, an inmate of the poor asylum of Martin county, who wandered from the premises Sunday noon and failed to return, was found this morning in the river bottom, 1½ miles away, frozen to death.

TRUSTED CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

But in Spite of His Faith Hempstead Is Dead.

Northville, Mich., February 4.—Lyman Hempstead, an old citizen of this place, died Saturday, but owing to the fact that he was a Christian Scientist, the signature of a doctor could not be obtained to the death certificate. Judge Webster and Prosecutor Hunt begun an investigation, resulting in the summoning of a coroner's jury, which today rendered the following verdict:

"We find deceased came to his death as a result of a complication of diseases, mostly acute in form and character, and that his end was untimely and most miserable owing to his being denied the medical supervision and treatment which was necessary.

"We find inhuman treatment accorded said deceased was by a so-called sect of Christian Scientists, in misregard of all basic and physiological laws."

NO PUNISHMENT FOR CRIME.

Rollins Bingham Is Not Likely to Be Prosecuted.

Kansas City, Mo., February 4.—James Rollins Bingham, who has been a fugitive from justice for twelve years, returned to Kansas City tonight to face a charge of forgery. He was not taken to jail, but immediately upon his arrival from Texas he was released on a bond for $1,000.

Bingham will appear for trial in the criminal court next Monday. It is not likely that any one will appear to press the charges against him, but he has displayed a disposition to plead guilty. The minimum punishment he could expect is five years in the penitentiary.

State Normal School Opens.

Athens, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The State Normal school opened its session here today with a large number of teachers in attendance. President Branson is well pleased with the opening of the school. The members of the faculty are all on hand, and everything is in shape for a year of good work at this institution.

May Prove a Good Catch.

Covington, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Sheriff S. M. Hay made what he believes to be an important catch last night. Yesterday afternoon he received a message from a brother officer that the safe blower who recently blew a bank safe in Douglasville was expected to arrive here soon. He and Deputy Nixon arrested a man on the outskirts of town, who gave his name as Tom Smith and claimed to know nothing of the Douglasville robbery. However, Officer Hay is certain that he has the right man and says that the evidence is strong against him at Douglasville. An officer is expected to arrive this afternoon from Douglasville to take charge of the prisoner.

Died at Age of 108 Years.

Raleigh, N. C., February 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. Dilly Byrum died yesterday at Holly Springs, this county. Her age, officially proved, was 108 years 10 months and 3 days. Her husband, a soldier in a North Carolina regiment in the war of 1812, died in 1834. She had received upward of $3,600 in pensions. She leaves two daughters, one of them 89 years of age, the other 74. Her father was a revolutionary soldier.

Schooner Goes Ashore.

Providence, R. I., February 4.—The five-masted schooner Jennie F. Porter went ashore on the south side of Prudence island Monday night shortly after darkness fell. She is laden with 3,200 tons of coal and was bound to this port from Norfolk. Two tugs tried without success to pull her off this afternoon. She is resting easily and will probably come off tomorrow evening.

Yes! That "Let Go" Shoe Sale of ours is still on. We've sold hundreds of pairs, but there are quite a number left.

Better come this week.

It's a "cinch" for you.

Byck Bro's. & Co.

FOOTCOVERERS FOR MANKIND

PURE

Whiskies, Wines and Brandies of all the best known brands.

at

The HOLLIS.

On the Viaduct. 10 Peachtree Side.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

DEATH FLEES BEFORE JOY

Dying Man Revived by Arrival of a Missing Brother.

CALLED FOR BROTHER DAILY

Physicians Gave Up Hope, but the Brother Opportunely Arrived and Death Was Cheated.

New York, February 4.—Chris Kelman left Passaic, N. J., forty years ago for Wisconsin, where he engaged in farming. He left behind his brother, John, who is now 79 years old.

During four years the brothers corresponded with each other, and then letters ceased. A few weeks ago John was taken ill. He daily called for his brother. It was thought he was dying when a knock was heard at the door, and a stranger announced himself as the missing brother.

He had acquired a fortune in the west, he said, and after a long search, had at last located his brother, who had moved during his absence. The sick man swooned, but soon rallied, and the physicians now believe he will recover.

MEN BLOWN HIGH INTO AIR.

Three Fatally Hurt and the Others Are Badly Injured.

Pittsburg Pa., February 5.—At about 1:15 o'clock this morning, just as the Pittsburg harbor towboat J. W. Ailes had passed through lock No. 2 her boilers exploded, throwing her crew of fourteen in all directions. Three of the crew are known to be fatally hurt, and only five others have been accounted for.

Fatally injured:

JOSEPH RANKIN, deck hand.

G "BROWNIE," watchman.

MARIA WALKER, colored, cook.

All are horribly scalded and burned.

The other members of the crew are:

Captain William Shaw, Pittsburg; Brooks Null engineer, Beverly, Ohio; Floyd Sills, engineer, Allegheny; John Bake, pilot, Hazelwood; Edward Mitchell, mate, Merchantville, Pa.; William Perry, watchman, Rosio, Va.; David McBride, deck hand, Middleport, Ohio; Weaver Wolfe, deck hand, Middleport, Ohio; Reuben Watts, cabin boy, Middleport, Ohio; William Campbell, fireman; Joseph Williams, Allegheny.

The boat was towing six loaded flats toward Pittsburg and just after getting out of the lock the explosion happened and in a very short time the Ailes was burned to the water's edge. The report of the explosion was heard for miles and soon after searching parties were searching for the injured.

Captain Shaw says he was sleeping in his bunk when the explosion came and the first he knew of any danger was when he found himself floundering around in the water fully 200 feet away from the burning boat with his blanket still around him. He is not seriously hurt, but thinks that many of his crew must have perished.

The Ailes was practically a new boat and valued at $25,000.

Ransom Money Saved.

London, February 5.—The Sofia correspondent of The Times reports that during the negotiations with the brigands for the release of Miss Stone, the captive missionary, the house in which the American party was lodged burned down, but that the inmates escaped with the money to be paid as ransom.

Curing Men For 19 Years.

By my original and strictly modern method of treatment, VARICOCELE disappears completely and forever, within from five to ten days; STRICTURE from ten to twenty days; SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON from sixty to ninety days and NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY in from sixty to ninety days.

I limit my work to the number of cases that I can treat myself, and employ no assistants to look after them for me. I have the most perfect system of home treatment known to the medical profession. If you cannot call upon me at 600-1-2 Austell building, Atlanta, Ga., write me a description of your case. Consultation free.

J. R. LEATHERMAN, M. D.

FROM THE JAWS OF DEATH

Thirty Living Men Are Taken from the Hondo Mine.

ALL ARE BADLY MANGLED

Few of Those Taken Out Alive Will Recover—Authorities Will Investigate.

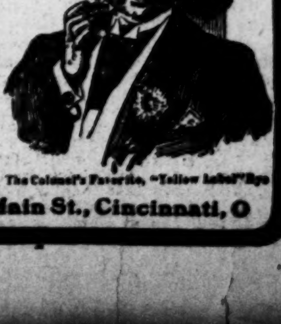
Eagle Pass, Tex., February 4.—Thirty live men and eighty-five bodies have been recovered from the Hondo mine. Of the thirty few will recover, as all are badly mangled. The Mexican authorities have taken up the matter and are now engaged in an investigation.

The cause of the explosion is explained as follows:

The day shift left the mine at 5:30 p. m. and the gas inspectors found no cause for comment on its condition at 7 p. m., when the night shift went down. These men and the mules were all found dead in their working places, generally in the extreme parts of the mine, showing that as the night shift commenced work there was no dangerous accumulation of gas. The inference is that the night men in going to their work at 7 p. m somewhere left a ventilating door open preventing an edequate current of fresh air, and there being an accumulation of gas in a part of the mine, the cutting off of ventilation resulted quickly in an explosion of gas. Everything possible is being done to alleviate the suffering and distress.

Wreckage Tells of Disaster.

London, February 4.—A quantity of wreckage has been washed ashore on the Isle of Graine, at the mouth of the Thames, including portions of a ship's deck and a box containing papers referring to the vessel Adolph, Captain Anderson. The Norwegian bark Adolph, Captain Anderson, sailed from Hamburg, January 21, for Brunswick.



Yellow Label
OLD PURE RYE WHISKEY

"IF IT'S pure Rye Whiskey you want, old and smooth and delicately fragrant, call for the famous "Yellow Label," famed since the days of the Revolution as one of the rarest of Old Rye Whiskies.

If your dealer doesn't handle it we will forward in plain package a full quart bottle for $1.50, all charges prepaid

The Colonel's Favorite, "Yellow Label" Rye

CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO., 47 Main St., Cincinnati, O

BLOODY WAR IS PREFERRED TO WHITE-WINGED PEACE

Dutch Proposals To End South African Conflict Rejected by Great Britain.

WITH THE BOERS ALONE BRITAIN WILL TREAT

Lord Lansdowne Tells the Dutch That Foreign Intervention of No Kind Will Be Tolerated—Text of the British Reply.

London, February 4.—The British government has refused outright to consider the Dutch proposals looking to end the war in South Africa.

The government, in its reply to Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch premier, state that the if Boers in the field desire to negotiate for peace, negotiations can be entered into, but only in South Africa. The British government adheres to its intention not to accept the intervention of any foreign power.

Text of British Reply.

The text of the reply of Lord Lansdowne to the communication of the Netherlands is as follows:

"The Foreign Office, January 29.—Sir: You were good enough to lay before me, January 25, a communication from the Netherlands government in which it was proposed that with the object of bringing the war to an end, his majesty's government might grant a safe conduct to the Boer delegates now in Holland for the purpose of enabling them to confer with the Boer leaders in South Africa. It is suggested that, after a conference, the delegates might return to Europe with power to conclude a treaty of peace with this country, and the Netherlands government intimate that in this event they might, at a later stage, be instrumental in placing the Boer plenipotentiaries in relation with plenipotentiaries who might be appointed by his majesty's government. The Netherlands government intimate that if this project commends itself to his majesty's government they will inquire of the delegates whether they are prepared to make the suggested visit to South Africa. It may therefore be inferred that the communication I received was made on the responsibility of the Netherlands government alone and without authority from the Boer delegates or leaders.

"His majesty's government has given it their best consideration, and whilst entirely appreciative of the motives of humanity which led the Netherlands government to make this proposal they feel they must adhere to the proposition adopted and publicly announced by them some months after the commencement of hostilities by the Boers, that it is not their intention to accept the intervention of any foreign power in the South African war.

"Should the Boer delegates themselves desire to lay a request for a safe conduct before his majesty's government there is no reason why they should not do so. But his majesty's government obviously are not in a position to express an opinion on any such application until they have received it and are aware of the precise grounds whereon the request is made.

Delegates May Have No Power.

"I may, therefore, point out that it is not at present clear to his majesty's government that the delegates retain any influence over the representatives of the Boers in South Africa, or have any voice in their councils. They are stated by the Netherlands government to have no such letters of credence or instruction of a later date than March, 1900. His majesty's government, on the other hand, understood that all the powers of government, including those of negotiation, were now vested in Mr. Steyn for the Boers of the Orange River colony and Mr. Schalkburger for those of the Transvaal. If this be so, it is evident that the quickest and most satisfactory means of arranging a settlement would be by direct communication between the leaders of the Boer forces in South Africa and the commander in chief of his majesty's forces, who has already been instructed to forward immediately any offers he may receive for the consideration of his majesty's government.

"In these circumstances his majesty's government has decided that if the Boer leaders should desire to enter into nego- [illegible] pose of bringing the war to an end, those negotiations must take place, not in Europe, but in South Africa.

"It should, moreover, be borne in mind that if the Boer leaders are to occupy time in visiting South Africa, in consulting with Boer leaders in the field, and in returning to Europe for the purpose of making known the results of their errand, a period of at least three months would elapse, during which hostilities would be prolonged and much human suffering perhaps needlessly occasioned.

"LANSDOWNE."

Substance of Dutch Note.

The communication of the Dutch minister in London to Lord Lansdowne sets forth that "the authorities who ought to negotiate on the Boer side are divided into two sections, which are deprived of all means of deliberating together. It is evident that the Boer delegates in Europe can do nothing because they do not know the state of affairs in Africa, and that the Boers in the field are obliged to abstain from taking any steps because they are not cognizant of affairs in Europe. Moreover, the delegates in Europe are bound by their letters of credence, which were drawn up in March, 1900, which bind them so strictly to the independence of the republic that they could not even be permitted to accept the reestablishment of the status quo antebellum if a mode of setling disputes which might arise were not laid down at the same time."

In these circumstances the note suggests the good offices of the Holland government to place the two parties in communication with each other, by means of a visit of the Boer delegates to South Africa to deliberate with the Boer leaders on the spot, for which purpose it would be necessary for the British government to provide three safe conducts permitting the Boer delegates to proceed freely to South Africa and freely return.

The Netherlands government would then consider their task at an end.

Door Not Yet Closed.

Chicago, February 4.—Montagu White, representative of the Boers in the United States, commenting on the unfavorable action of the British government, said:

"The reply of Lord Lansdowne does not close the door to peace negotiations, but simply points out that these should be concluded in South Africa and not in Europe. It must, however, be understood that as a condition precedent to any effective negotiations, the British authorities in Europe and the Boer leaders in the field must be placed in communication with one another. President Steyn will not be a party to a settlement without the consent of President Kruger and vice versa. The offer of the delegates to proceed to South Africa to confer there and then return, involving a delay of at least three months, is convincing evidence that the Boer situation is much better and more hopeful than the news from British sources would lead one to believe.

"The action of the British government is not a real refusal, but, on the contrary, a very indirect encouragement to the friends of peace to persevere in their efforts to bring about an equitable settlement. The situation is very hopeful and I reiterate what I have said so often: that no country could use its moral influence in a more friendly and effective way to bring about an end of this terrible war than the United States of America."

AMERICAN HELP AGAINST BOERS

Alleged in Commons That Britain Was Offered Aid in Buying Horses.

GENERAL CORBIN GIVES FLAT DENIAL TO STORY

Debate in Commons Has Become Very Bitter, as, It Is Charged, the Government Has Been Most Outrageously Swindled.

London, February 4.—In the house of commons last evening Major Arthur Lee (conservative), formerly British military attache at Washington, said Great Britain had been offered the services of the chief horse expert of the United States army as adviser in the purchase of American horses for the British army. The revelation was made during a heated debate on the remount question.

The whole debate on this question in the house of commons causes widespread indignation which is as evident among the strongest supporters of the government as among the members of the opposition. The ministerial press vigorously charges the war office with absolute incompetency, if nothing worse, and demands a searching inquiry.

The St. James Gazette urges the need of fixing the responsibility of individuals, saying:

"The nation has been swindled, and it is right that the swindlers, whoever they are, should be brought to book promptly. Horses have been bought for £33 when only worth a quarter of that sum. The difference has gone into the pockets of certain persons."

Corbin Denies Story.

Washington, February 4.—Adjutant General Corbin was questioned today in regard to Colonel Lee's statement in parliament about having been offered the services of the chief horse expert of the United States army in securing horses in this country for South Africa and said that this was the first that he (Corbin) had heard of it. What he did know as a fact was that there had been no correspondence on the part of the adjutant general's office with Colonel Lee or any one else to warrant the statement that the United States had assisted the British operations in South Africa in any way. Moreover, General Corbin said, he did not know what was meant by the expression, "chief horse expert," there being no such officer in the United States military service. It is suggested that Colonel Lee referred to one of the large army contractors who supply the United States cavalry with mounts.

HE CONCEALED HALF MILLION.

That Is the Charge Against an American in London.

London, February 4.—The hearing of the charges against Charles Bright, an American engineer, who is alleged to have concealed £100,000 of his assets, in connection with bankruptcy proceedings, was resumed at the Guild Hall police court today. The defense urged an adjournment on account of the absence of the chief witness of the prosecution, claiming that his cross-examination would certainly give reasons for stopping criminal proceedings until Mr. Bright's pending suits in the high court of chancery, involving several hundred thousand pounds, are settled.

Counsel for J. F. Moreno, who, with R. G. Fudge, was summoned as an accessory of Mr. Bright in conspiring to defraud the latter's creditors, declared that it was disgraceful to compel a man who had once been connected with the American legations at Paris and Madrid to remain under accusation without a chance of proving his innocence.

The treasury officials spent the morning in introducing technical evidence.

HOUSE OF JOSS, NOT OF GOD.

So Anti-Ritualists Cried During Requiem for Soul of Queen.

London, February 4.—The large and fashionable congregation which attended a memorial service, officially described as a "requiem for the repose of the soul of our sovereign lady, Queen Victoria," at St. Matthews church, Westminster, this morning, was greatly scandalized by the conduct of a number of anti-ritualists, who immediately after the service was concluded stood up in the church and declared that "the service was a blasphemous insult to Queen Victoria's memory."

"This is not God's house," said one objector; "this is a joss house."

OBJECT TO THE CONFESSIONAL.

Great Protestant Demonstration Is Held in London.

London, February 4.—At a great united Protestant demonstration held in Albert hall tonight resolutions were passed against the confessional and the celebration of mass within the Church of England, the growth of which was alleged to be mainly due to the abuse of church patronage by the government and the episcopate.

The resolutions adopted at the meeting pledge resistance to attempts to change that portion of the royal declaration in which the severeign pledges the rejection of the so-called "distinctive errors of the church of Rome." They also urge the government to enforce the law concerning the exclusion of monks and Jesuits from Great Britain.

STEAMER KNIGHT IS ASHORE.

British Vessel Wrecked on the East Coast of Japan.

Yokohama, February 4.—The British steamer Knight Companion, from Portland, Oreg., December 27 for Yokohama and Hong Kong, is ashore at Inuboyen Saki, on the east coast of Japan, with her deck swept, with her passengers and crew landed safely.

Liverpool, February 4.—Advices received today say that the British steamer Knight Companion, ashore at Inuboyen Saki, Japan, will probably become a total loss.

The steamer Knight Companion is owned by the Knight Steamship Company, Limited, of Liverpool. She is of 2,620 tons net register.

PROMINENT GEORGIA PEOPLE CURED BY SWAMP-ROOT.

Strongest Endorsements of Men and Women Cured by This Wonderful Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

"Constitution" Reporters Have Convincing Interviews Regarding the Great Curative Properties of Swamp-Root.

Write for a Free Sample Bottle.

Kidney trouble is responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, and if permitted to continue fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work. So when your kidneys are weak or out of order you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

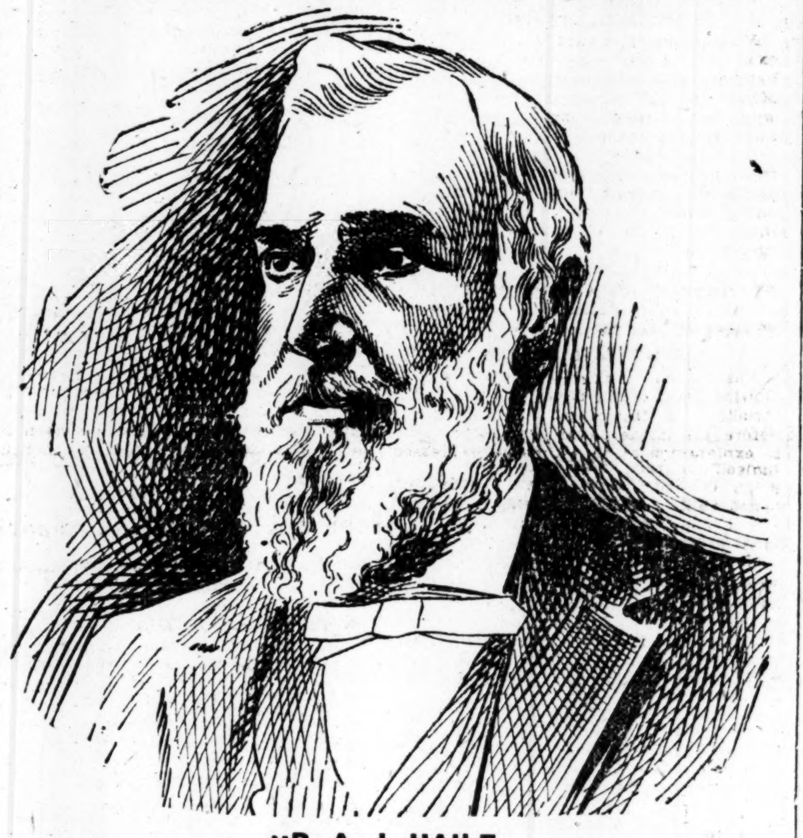
If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the famous new discovery, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince any one.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar.

To prove its wonderful efficacy, send your name and address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., mentioning that you read this generous offer in The Atlanta Daily Constitution, when you will receive immediately, free of all charge, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a valuable book, by mail, prepaid. This book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured.

A PROMINENT ATLANTA PHYSICIAN

Prescribes Swamp-Root For Kidney Disorders.



DR. A. J. HAILE.

Dr. Haile writes the following to a Reporter of The Constitution:

East Atlanta, Ga., March 1, 1901.

Gentlemen: While it has never been my habit or inclination to recommend remedies, the ingredients of which are not all known to me, it seems as if I should make an exception in the case of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. My experience, so far as I have tested it in my practice, forces me to the conclusion that it is a remedy of the greatest value in all kidney, liver, bladder and other inflammatory conditions of the genito-urinary tract. I now take pleasure in prescribing Swamp-Root in all such cases with a feeling of assurance that my patients will derive great benefit from its use. I shall continue to prescribe it in other cases in my practice with the expectation of good results. Very truly yours,

A. J. HAILE, M. D.

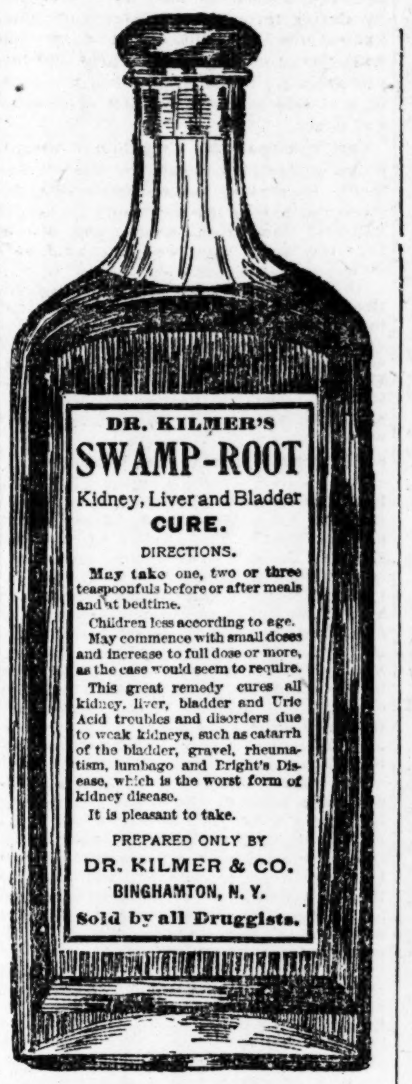
TWO BOTTLES CURED CAPTAIN BARKSDALE.

Tried Other Remedies but Found No Relief.

About two years ago I had severe pains in my back and side. At the time I could not walk erect. After trying several remedies and finding no relief, I wrote to Dr. Kilmer & Co. to send me a trial bottle of Swamp-Root. As soon as I commenced to take it I felt better. I then took two 50-cent bottles and was entirely relieved.

Capt. B. E. Barksdale

Longstreet, Ga.


DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT
Kidney, Liver and Bladder
CURE.
DIRECTIONS.
May take one, two or three teaspoonfuls before or after meals and at bedtime.
Children less according to age.
May commence with small doses and increase to full dose or more, as the case would seem to require.
This great remedy cures all kidney, liver, bladder and Uric Acid troubles and disorders due to weak kidneys, such as catarrh of the bladder, gravel, rheumatism, lumbago and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney disease.
It is pleasant to take.
PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. KILMER & CO.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists.

Swamp-Root Is Pleasant to Take.

Judge Sessions Recommends Swamp-Root.

The following letter to The Constitution from Judge W. M. Sessions, of Marietta, is concise and to the point. Judge Sessions is one of the best known lawyers in the State of Georgia, and was for twelve years judge of the Brunswick circuit:

About two months ago my appetite failed so that I could not eat anything. I lived on beef soup principally for about a month. In the meantime I would be compelled to get up more than an average of every hour through the night; also, troubled in the same way through the day. Having seen Swamp-Root recommended for such cases, I commenced taking it. In a short time my appetite improved, and I felt better generally. I am also relieved from being compelled to get up through the night so often. The swelling in my feet and legs has nearly disappeared.

JUDGE W. M. SESSIONS,
Marietta, Ga., January 15, 1901.

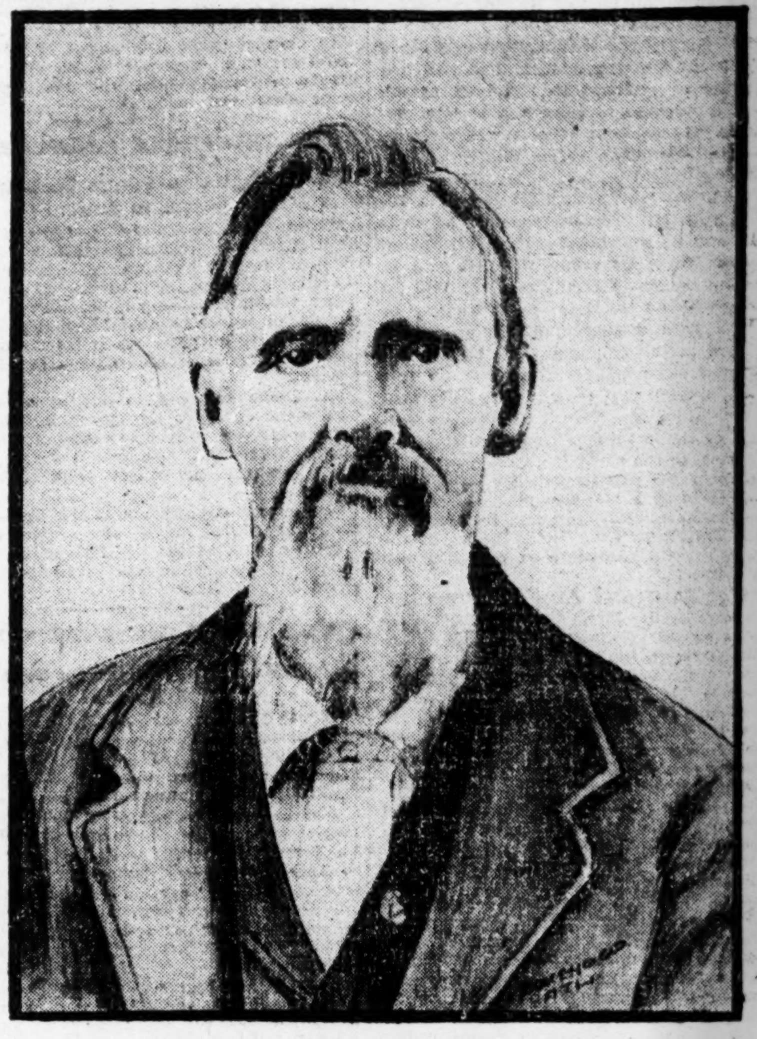
WORDS OF PRAISE

For Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

The testimony of well-known people whose reputation and standing are of the very best is the only kind which really counts and is the only kind we ever give. Mrs. P. B. Marsh is well known to all the people of Dallas, Ga., and only the desire to benefit suffering humanity prompts her to publicly proclaim the great good which she has derived from the use of Swamp-Root. She writes as follows to The Constitution:

"I had suffered with kidney trouble for forty years and had tried many remedies with little improvement. I was at last advised by a friend to try "Swamp-Root." After using one bottle I felt decidedly better and stronger about my back than I have for many years. I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers with kidney trouble."

Write for a Free Sample Bottle.



JOHN F. FUSS.

A BLESSING TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

To the Editor of The Constitution: Having been a great sufferer from kidney trouble, was induced to try Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. Would advise all sufferers to try it before anything else, as it is simply a blessing to suffering humanity and to try it will be to praise it as I do. I have been greatly benefited. Respectfully,

Jno F Fuss

Railroad avenue, West End, Atlanta, Ga., December 27, 1901.

CURED BY SWAMP-ROOT.

An Atlanta Collector Is Profoundly Thankful.

The following testimonial from G. W. Tilton, who for years has been connected with prominent drug stores in the city of Atlanta and is proprietor of the well known Tilton's Asthma Cure, cannot fail to interest all who suffer from kidney trouble.

In an interview with a Constitution reporter Mr. Tilton said:

"For years I have had charge of the collection and settlement of accounts and in consequence have had to walk a great deal. Some time ago I was taken with a great pain in the lower part of my back. My kidneys were badly affected and the pain was so intense I could hardly sit down. I was, of course, unable to attend to my work. About this time I began to take Swamp-Root. I took in all six bottles, and was completely cured. I am at my work now early and late and perfectly well and can go all day long without any inconvenience. I am so grateful for what Swamp-Root did for me that I believe by personal recommendation I have been the means of selling at least one hundred and fifty bottles.

G. W. Tilton

Atlanta, Ga.

EDITORIAL NOTICE--If you *have* the slightest symptoms of kidney, liver or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. When writing be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Atlanta Daily Constitution.

Swamp-Root is for sale at all Drug Stores in bottles of two sizes and two prices--fifty cents and one dollar.

REBEL WAR SHIP IS SUNK

Reported That the Libertador Is Sent to Bottom.

BY A VENEZUELAN GUN BOAT

British War Ship Off for Scene of Reported Fight—Castro Expects Invasion.

Colon, February 4.—It is reported here that the Venezuelan revolutionary steamer Libertador (formerly the British steamer Ban Righ) has been sunk by a Venezuelan gunboat while under repairs at Porto Colombia.

The report first gained circulation yesterday, but no confirmation could be obtained. It is said that the steamer had been lying up at Porto Colombia for the past few weeks in need of repairs. The fact that the British warship Psyche left here yesterday for Porto Colombia is looked upon here as giving the Colon rumor confirmation.

France Is After Castro.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, February 4.—Advices received here from Caracas state that the French government has notified the government of Venezuela that France will not sign the protocol presented by Venezuela for a renewal of diplomatic relations between the two countries unless M. Secrestat, Jr., is immediately authorized to land at Guayra and protect the interests of his father, who leased the estates of General Matos, the revolutionary leader, whose property was subsequently seized by the Venezuelan government. In case of Venezuela's refusal to grant the demand of the French government, France will immediately impose duties on Venezuelan cocoa, which would be disastrous for Venezuela. It is reported that the Venezuelan troops have been defeated near Baul.

Numerous arrests were made January 27 at Caracas. This is looked upon as proof that the government is in fear of more serious complications.

Late today dispatches were received from Paraguana, Venezuela, announcing that the insurgents commanded by General Sientalta had defeated the government troops commanded by General Urbaneja, and that the latter had been killed.

Castro Expects Invasion.

Caracas, Venezuela, February 4.—President Castro said recently: "I expect a new invasion of Tachira district February 6, but I don't care. My veterans will lick them."

The political situation is unchanged. The capital is quiet.

French Cruiser Watching.

Carupano, Venezuela, February 4.—The French cruiser D'Estrees is here to protect French interests.

On January 23 an engagement took place in this vicinity, favorable to the revolutionists.

Good Democrats Want Pension.

Raleigh, N. C., February 4.—(Special.) The state board of pensions is amazed at the receipt during the past few days of a number of letters from applicants and their friends claiming that they are "entitled to pension because they are good democrats."

SALISBURY READY TO QUIT

He Is aWiting Only for Boer War oT End.

WILL NOT QUIT UNDER FIRE

British Premier Is Resolved To Hold Office While the Boers Are in Arms.

London, Febuary 4.—It is now said that the retirement of Lord Salisbury from office will be coincident with the end of the Boer war.

The St. James Gazette today claims to have the highest authority for saying "the premier has fixed restoration of peace in South Africa as the appropriate moment to resign office. If the war is ended, Lord Salisbury will retire at the conclusion of the present parliamentary session, but it is his present intention to retain his post until peace is accomplished."

POINT IS SCORED BY NEELY.

Evidence Given by Reeves Is Flatly Contradicted.

Havana, February 4.—At the trial today of the Cuban postal fraud cases, former Superintendent of Mails Newman testified that he was with Neely at the time Reeves said Neely gave him (Reeves) $4,600 to fix up the accounts.

Before summoning Newman, the president of the court sharply cross-examined Neely regarding his whereabouts on the day in question. Neely said he did not see Reeves that day; that he was in the company of C. M. Rich up to 11 o'clock in the morning of that day, and that he then met Newman, who remained with him until he sailed. Rich has, in previous testimony, corroborated Neely in this statement.

STEAMSHIP LINES ARE AGREED.

Pool Is Formed on Both Passenger and Freight Rates.

Loverpool, February 4.—The agreement arrived at between the leading British, American and continental steamship lines concerning both passenger and freight rates, and which raises saloon rates to a uniform minimum, will come into operation in a few days.

The following lines have signed the agreement:

American, White Star, Dominion, ElDer Dempster, Allan, Allan-State, Anchor, Leyland, Atlantic Transport, North German Lloyd, Hamburg-American, Red Star, Cunard, Compagnie Trans-Atlantique and the Holland-American lines.

This agreement will mean an extension of the summer season of trans-Atlantic travel.

Kitchener's Killing Record.

London, February 4.—In his weekly report to the war office, Lord Kitchener states that for the week ended February 1, twenty-nine Boers were killed, six wounded, 142 taken prisoners and forty-eight surrendered.

SCARED BY OUR SPONGERS

Yankee Fleet Has Stirred the Inhabitants of Nassau.

COMPLAINT TO WASHINGTON

Colonial Authorities Would Seize the Twenty American Vessels if They Dared.

Nassau, N. P., February 4.—Considerable excitement is prevailing here over the visitation of twenty or more American sponging vessels from Key West, which are gathering sponges on the Bahama banks, in waters which the Bahama spongers have heretofore considered as belonging exclusively to themselves.

Full details of the operations of the visiting vessels are being gathered, and there is reason to believe that the matter may be presented at Washington for consideration by the British and American governments. No seizures have been made by the colonial government. It is an open question whether the waters in dispute are Bahaman or part of the high seas, and this complicates matters.

The United States consul here has notified the collector at Key West, so that if proper the trespassing vessels may be required to pay duty on the sponges they bring in.

GUERRY HURLS THE GAUNTLET

Issues Formal Challenge for a Debate With Terrell.

HE IS NOT PARTICULAR ABOUT COLONEL ESTILL

Says That He Will Then Undertake To Let the People Know Something of Terrell's Record as Well as His Own.

Macon, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Hon. Dupont Guerry today forwarded to Hon. Joseph M. Terrell a formal challenge to meet him in joint debate before the people of Georgia to discuss the issues involved in the present gubernatorial campaign.

Mr. Guerry was seen tonight and asked about the challenge. He said he had forwarded a letter to Mr. Terrell asking that gentleman to meet him in joint debates. He declined to give out the contents of his letter, saying that he did not think it would be just to Mr. Terrell. He stated, however, that he expected a reply from Mr. Terrell tomorrow or next day and he was hopeful that Mr. Terrell would accept his proposition. He said on receipt of Mr. Terrell's reply he will let the people of the state know whether or not a joint discussion of the issues involved in the campaign will be had between himself and Mr. Terrell.

Mr. Guerry said tonight that he is willing to allow Mr. Terrell to stipulate one-half of the conditions to govern the joint debates, in the event the latter gentleman accepted his proposition. He said he is willing to meet Mr. Terrell at places that gentleman might name, and he would ask Mr. Terrell to enter a discussion of the issues of the campaign at places named by himself.

Not Particular About Mr. Estill.

Mr. Guerry said he would not insist on Colonel Estill entering the joint discussions but he would welcome him into the debates if he desired to enter. He said, like himself, Mr. Terrell is a lawyer, and accustomed to public speaking, while in the case of Colonel Estill it was different, the latter being a writer and not a public speaker.

Asked if he would continue his public speaking in the event Mr. Terrell refused to enter into a joint discussion of the issues with him, Mr. Guerry said:

"I propose to go before the people of the state in as many counties as possible and let the people know where I stand on all public questions, whether Mr. Terrell accepts or refuses my proposition. The people have a right to know where candidates stand on public questions and I expect to let them know in my case.

"And I might add, if Mr. Terrell refuses to go on the stump with me I shall undertake to let the people know something about his record, as well as my own. If he will not enlighten the people on this point I will do so myself."

Mr. Guerry left tonight for Valdosta, where he will address the people of Lowndes county tomorrow. From Valdosta he will go to Quitman, Thomasville and Bainbridge, returning here the latter part of the week.

To Increase Glass Works.

Tallapoosa, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) The annual meeting of the Dixie glass works, of this city, just held, was one of exceptional interest. It was attended by two heavy stockholders from the east, who were greatly pleased with the favorable showing presented, and it was voted to proceed immediately to the construction of a continous tank, which will at least triple the present capacity of the plant.

Lodge of Elks Deferred.

Americus, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The installation of a lodge of Elks will not occur tomorrow, as proposed, on account of the inability of the local lodge to prepare therefor in the limited time. The exercises have been deferred until Wednesday next, when Macon and Albany Elks will come a hundred strong to institute the Americus lodge.

Hunter's Smoke Was Costly.

Albany, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—A party of Maconites went down to Albany to hunt, and had a very peculiar experience. They hired several teams at Albany and drove out to the hunting ground. When the party left their teams one of the gentlemen threw down a cigar in the broom sedge, and a few hours later on their return they found that one of the buggies had been entirely consumed by fire and a very fine horse utterly ruined.

The Thomasville Postoffice.

Thomasville, Ga., February 4.—(Special) The appointment of F. D. Dismukes to succeed A. D. Rike as postmaster here is announced this morning. Several prominent citizens were applicants for the place and the appointment of Mr. Dismukes is regarded as quite a compliment to his ability. He had for some time been deputy United States marshal.

A Bottle of Stuart's Gin and Buchu FREE!

Cures Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Prostate Gland.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu will clear up all deposits in the urine.
It will relieve all pain in the Bladder, Kidneys, Small of the Back.
It will cure Diabetes.
It will remove every trace of Albumen.
It will stop Frequency of Urination.
It will positively cure Dropsy.
It will both prevent and cure Bright's Disease.
It will stop Losses and relieve Obstructions.
It will cure Cystitis and Enlarged Prostate Gland.
It creates a tremendous appetite and perfect digestion.
It tones up, heals and strengthens ALL mucous membranes and hence cures all forms of catarrh whether of the bladder, prostate gland, nose, throat stomach or bronchial tubes. It is pleasant to take.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu $1 per bottle. All druggists, or by express, prepaid. To prove it cures, a sample bottle sent free and prepaid to anyone writing Stuart Drug Co., P. S. Drawer 790, Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate to write, as we have set aside 15,000 bottles for free distribution, so that every one may know by personal trial what Stuart's Gin and Buchu will do. There are no conditions, so write at once.

ESTILL AIDE TO M'SWEENEY.

SOUTH CAROLINA GOVERNOR HONORS SAVANNAH MAN.

Commissions Him Honorary Aide on Staff with Rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

Savannah, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Colonel J. H. Estill today received a letter from Governor McSweeney, of South Carolina, notifying him of his appointment as an honorary aide of the governor's staff, with rank of lieutenant colonel.

The appointment was a surprise to Colonel Estill, it being unusual for a governor to make such an appointment outside his own state. Colonel Estill is already a colonel by virtue of having formerly filled such a position on the staff of the governor of Georgia.

Governor McSweeney's notification to Colonel Estill says in part:

"It gives me pleasure to advise that I have this day commissioned you as honorary aide upon my staff, with rank of lieutenant colonel, the remainder of my term as governor and commander in chief of the volunteer troops of South Carolina, and would also notify you that on the 22d day of February I have ordered a grand parade and review of the state troops at Charleston, on which occasion your presence will be appreciated."

As Colonel Estill is a native of South Carolina, and Governor McSweeney is also a newspaper man, the compliment came about very naturally.

ASKS TELEPHONE FRANCHISE.

Chicago Capitalist Wants To Establish System in Macon.

Macon, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Emil Dorrs, a prominent capitalist and manufacturer of Chicago, has applied to the city of Macon for franchise to establish a telephone system in Macon for the purpose of operating a local exchange and long distance toll lines out of Macon, connecting with the surrounding cities and towns.

Mr. Dorrs proposes to put in modern equipment and give the city a telephone service in every way up to date. The application for franchise was referred to the committees on finance and streets, jointly.

One of the stipulations in the application is that work on the new system will begin as soon as the details can be arranged in the event the franchise is granted.

JUDGE SPEER OFF WITH GUN.

Leaves Macon for Florida for Several Days Hunt.

Macon, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Before leaving for Florida last night Judge Emory Speer granted an order for the sale of the property of Asa N. Beach, a bankrupt of the county of Jefferson, and a portion of the property of Miss Julia Dixon, who is involved in the litigation. The order was granted to Fred R. Martin, receiver in the case, who will sell the property at Louisville, in Jefferson county. The order was granted on application of the Macon Grocery Company.

Judge Speer left for Madison county, Florida, with C. R. Pendleton. They will spend several days there hunting quail. After returning, the latter part of this week, Judge Speer will prepare to go to Savannah, where on Monday of next week he will convene court.

MONEY IN PLANTING PEAS.

Carroll Farmer Realizes Net Value of $1 Per Bushel.

Carrollton, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—That there is money for Carroll county farmers in diversified farming has been well demonstrated by John Baker, a young farmer living a few miles north of the city.

In the spring last year, too late to replant his cotton, he had several acres beaten up and ruined by a hailstorm. To utilize the ground thus made barren he planted several acres in field peas. He gathered 150 bushels of peas, which he has just finished marketing at a net value of $1 per bushel.

This has stimulated interest in pea growing to a considerable extent, and many farmers will now avail themselves of an opportunity before unnoticed to restore their rundown lands and at the same time realize handsome incomes.

BAXLEY COURT IN SESSION.

Judge Carter Is Disposing of Great Many Cases.

Baxley, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The city court is in session. City Court Judge J. I. Carter is holding his first session, and a large number of cases are being disposed of.

Among the prominent lawyers in attendance upon the court is Hon. Simon W. Katch, of Waycross, who announces that he is a candidate for the judgeship of the Brunswick circuit. It is understood that Judge Bennett will not be a candidate for reelection.

Dr. B. H. Patterson is a candidate for the senate. His opponent is ex-Senator P. H. Comas, a prominent politician here.

Hon. J. A. Cromartie, the present mayor of Hazelhurst, is a candidate for representative. He is personally very popular in his section of the county.

Baby Dies from Effects of Burns.

Waycross, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Little George, the 3-year-old son of G. P. Kellam, in charge of pile driver No. 2 of the Plant system, died last night from the effects of a severe burn received about two weeks ago. The child was playing around a burning trash pile, when its clothing caught, and before assistance arrived it was so badly burned that it never recovered. The body was taken to Ridgeland, S. C., this morning for burial.

Farmers To Plant More Grain.

Jefferson, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The farmers of Jackson, Banks, Franklin and Madison, who trade here, are preparing to curtail their cotton crops this year, and will plant much more spring oats, as well as corn and other food products. More wheat has been sowed throughout all this section this winter that ever before, and the prospects for an enormous crop are now fine.

Elder Hess To Preach in Macon.

Macon, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Elder D. Hess, of the Primitive Baptist church, will preach at Bethlehem church, in this city, next Sunday. Elder Hess comes from Columbus, Ohio, and is one of the few millionaire preachers in the United States. He is well known in the south and many of the leaders of this church will gather to hear him Sunday.

Joe Hall Scores Terrell.

Jefferson, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Hon. Joe Hall, of Bibb, addressed a small audience here today at the noon recess of court upon the political issues of the present campaign. The speaker attacked the railroads, the depot bill, the liquor dealers and Hon. Joseph M. Terrell in a talk of considerable length.

Jackson Superior Court Convenes.

Jefferson, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The spring session of Jackson superior court convened here today with Hon. Richard B. Russell presiding. Court will perhaps sit for two weeks, as there is a very heavy docket ready for trial this term. The case of the State v. Gus Fellows will, in all probability, be nol prossed during the [illegible] term of court.

CARTER THRUSTS AT HIS ACCUSERS

He Files His Answer to the Government's Suit.

SAYS WORK WAS WELL DONE

Makes Attack on C. E. Gillette, Present Engineer in Charge, and Also on General John M. Wilson, Chief of Engineer Corps.

Savannah, Ga., February 4.—In the United States court for the southern circuit of Georgia today W. G. Charlton, counsel for O. M. Carter, formerly captain of the engineers, U. S. A., filed an answer to the proceedings instituted by the government to secure possession of property alleged to have been procured by Carter through conspiracy and fraud against the government in connection with river and harbor contracts and improvements. The answer takes the form of a closely printed pamphlet of twenty-one pages.

Carter denies every allegation of wrongdoing on his part alleged by the government. He reviews his connection with the river and harbor improvements at Savannah and Cumberland sound, and asserts that the work was well and honestly done.

He denies having borrowed money from Greene and Gaynor, or having received money from or through them as his part of the profits of contract work. He asserts that his father in law, the late R. F. Westcott, of New York, placed considerable sums of money in his hands, and gave him large gifts of money, thus accounting for his prosperity.

Captain Gillette Is Attacked.

The answer attacks Captain C. E. Gillette, the present engineer in charge, and General John M. Wilson, chief of the engineer corps. The answer asserts that Captain Gillette, "who has more than once attacked the good faith of his brother officers," immediately on arriving at Savannah commenced attacking the defendant, but did so secretly and without the defendant's knowledge until he had by false statements created suspicion in the minds of the defendant's superior officers. The answer further sets forth that all this was done during the absence of defendant in Europe, who upon his return demanded a board of inquiry.

The answer charges that General Wilson, who selected the board of inquiry, had for a long time been hostile to the defendant, that the majority of the officers so selected were so prejudiced against him that they refused to even examine the work done, and recommended a trial by courtmartial. Only two of the thirteen members of the courtmartial, it is alleged, were engineer officers.

He claims that upon thirty-seven charges made by Gillette he was acquitted of all but three, and on these three Hon. George F. Edmunds afterwards reported that he should be acquitted. All other false and groundless charges, he claims, were in furtherance of a conspiracy between Gillette and others to ruin him. Captain Gillette, he claims, alone testified that materials were inferior to the contracts, and that nine other engineers testified against him.

NORTHERN CAPITAL IN ROME.

GAS AND OIL COMPANY HAS BEEN INCORPORATED.

The Promoters Will Gradually Expand to All Parts of the State.

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The Empire National Gas and Oil Company has just been incorporated in New Jersey. The company will have its headquarters in Rome, and is chartered under a capital stock of $500,000.

Among the incorporators are the following Romans: E. T. McGhee, secretary; John J. Seay, B. F. Haynes, Charles S. Pruden, John M. Vandiver and Dr. Mathio Souville, directors. New Jersey and Pennsylvania capitalists are also largely interested.

The company was chartered under New Jersey laws because more liberal terms were secured. They will build pipe lines, develop mineral lands and bore for oils in Floyd. While their operations will be largely confined to this immediate section, they will gradually expand to all parts of the state.

It is stated that the incorporators are mainly capitalists, and mean to set in motion industrial developments of great and widespread importance.

Joe Hall in Monroe.

Forsyth, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Hon. Joseph H. Hall, of Bibb county, spoke to a small crowd of hearers at the noon recess hour of Monroe superior court today in the interest of Hon. Dupont Guerry's candidacy for the governorship of Georgia. His speech was almost entirely devoted to condemning Terrell's platform and boosting Guerry. His speech was not more than half an hour's duration, and on account of the small crowd present little enthusiasm was aroused thereby.

Report Was Inaccurate.

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The first reports as to the suicide of Will Parks yesterday evening proved inaccurate. Parks lived in the suburbs of the fourth ward and yesterday became suddenly deranged and fired his pistol off five times, but without injury to any one. It is alleged that he attempted to brain the physician with a chair when he was called in to see him. The insanity was only temporary, as he is said to be all right today.

CURSE —OF— DRINK

CURED BY WHITE RIBBON REMEDY

Can be given in Glass of Water, Tea or Coffee Without Patient's Knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, "a tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy.

Endorsed by Members of W. C. T. U

Mrs. Moore, Superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, writes: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and indorse White Ribbon Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find a practical and economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

Mrs. West, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, states: "I know of so many people redeemed from the curse of drink by the use of White Ribbon Remedy that I earnestly request you to give it a trial. For sale by druggists everywhere, or by mail, $1. Trial package free by writing or calling on Mrs. A. M. Townsend (for years Secretary of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 Tremont St., Boston, Mass. Sold in Atlanta by Elkin-Watson Drug Co., corner Marietta and Broad streets.

BOY SENDS BULLET TO BRAIN.

MELDRIM OWENS, OF ROME, TAKES HIS LIFE.

It Is Said His Mind Had Become Unbalanced from Smoking Cigarettes.

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Meldrim, the 15-year-old son of John W. Owens, marshal of North Rome, shot himself through the head this evening at 6:30 o'clock and died a very short time after.

Young Owens was in the store of Mr. Rawlins when he suddenly jumped up and said, "I'm going to kill myself."

He walked outside and in a few seconds the report of a pistol was heard. Mr. Rawlins ran out and found the lad with a bullet hole in his temple.

It is said that Owens smoked cigarettes excessively and that his mind became unhinged.

LAW TAKES CHARGE OF STORE.

Effort Made To Put J. A. Sewell in Bankruptcy.

Carrollton, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—At noon today George P. Fuller took charge of the general store recently sold by J. A. Sewell, merchant of this place, under orders from the United States district court.

Mr. Sewell's creditors, among whom were W. W. Stovall & Bro., Callaway & Truitt and J. K. Orr Shoe Company, of Atlanta, filed proceedings to have Mr. Sewell adjudged bankrupt yesterday in the United States district court. These creditors represent about $800 of Mr. Sewell's indebtedness.

J. C. Bass & Co., L. G. Vandegriff and Mr. Sewell are made parties defendant and required to show cause before Judge Newman at Atlanta on February 8 why the recent sale by Sewell to Vandegriff of the stock of goods and the alleged payment by way of preference of a large debt to J. C. Bass & Co. here should not be set aside and Sewell's estate administered in bankruptcy.

Mr. Vandegriff claims to be an innocent purchaser, having paid for the goods. The stock is valued at about $4,000.

WILL DEVELOP WATER POWER.

Annual Meeting of Chattahoochee Falls Company Is Held.

Columbus, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The annual meeting of the Chattahoochee Falls Company, owners of the Clapps factory property, just above Columbus, was held today. This was the first meeting of the company since a majority of the stock was acquired by the New England interest that controls the Columbus Railroad Company.

Several changes were made in the directorate, the following directors being elected: George J. Baldwin, R. E. Farish, L. F. Garrard, A. Illges, Charles A. Stone, John F. Flournoy and T. E. Golden.

The following officers were elected: President, George J. Baldwin, of Savannah, who is president of the Columbus Railroad Company; secretary and treasurer, A. A. Wilbur. L. H. Chappell remains general manager of the company.

The company owns a splendid water power just above Columbus, and it is the intention of the present stockholders to develop it as early as possible. It is stated that the minority stockholders have joined in with the majority stockholders in their ideas of development and that the enterprising plans of the new stockholders will be carried out harmoniously.

STEAMER HITS STONE PIER.

Boat Injured While Trying to Pass Through Draw.

Augusta, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—The Louise, a steamboat belonging to the Southern Transportation Company, of Augusta, and plying between here and Savannah, was swept against the Port Royal bridge pier today in trying to pass through the draw.

The Savannah river has been very high for several days, and when the Louise left for Savannah today she rode on a swift rushing current, accelerated by high wind as well as high water. In the Port Royal railroad bridge there is a draw, but the current runs obliquely and the boat dashed against a stone pier, badly damaging the wheel house and the right wheel.

The damage is not serious and will be repaired in a few days. All of the passengers were removed from the boat without injury, and no freight was lost or damaged.

MARIETTA PHYSICIAN DIES.

Dr. P. R. Cortelyou Expires from Effects of an Operation.

Marietta, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Dr. P. R. Cortelyou, one of Marietta's most prominent physicians and citizens, died at his home this morning. Dr. Cortelyou's death was caused by an operation, the performance of which was resorted to as a last extremity.

A little less than two weeks ago Dr. Cortelyou contracted a severe cold. Before he had recovered from this he answered the calls from some of his patients, going out in the rain. A severe earache developed shortly after, and Dr. J. M. Crawford, of Atlanta, was called by telephone into consultation.

Acting upon Dr. Crawford's advice, the middle ear of Dr. Cortelyou was inflated. On Monday Dr. Crawford was again consulted and told that the patient was suffering with dizziness and severe pains in the head. Dr. Crawford came up on the morning train, and, after an examination, diagnosed the case as tubercular meningitis, resulting in mastoiditis.

An operation, the only chance to save Dr. Cortelyou's life, was performed at 9.30 o'clock this morning. After the operation he was unconscious, and died shortly before noon.

Dr. Cortelyou is survived by the widow and two children, Miss Mabel and A. V. Cortelyou.

Dr. Cortelyou came to Marietta from Brooklyn, N. Y., about twenty years ago, and since his residence here had been thoroughly identified with the people and institutions of this place. He held positions of honor, both in private and public institutions. He was also prominent in religious affairs and was an elder of the Presbyterian church at the time of his death.

He stood high in his profession and his ability was recognized throughout the state. He became a member of the Georgia Medical Association in 1887 and had in recent years been vice president of that organization. His noble character and gentlemanly manner won for him the respect and admiration of all who came in contact with him.

FIRE DESTROYS WARE HOUSE.

Flames Also Damage Hawkinsville Depot and Cars.

Hawkinsville, Ga., February 4.—Special.) Fire was discovered last night about 12 o'clock in the warehouse owned by J. L. Huggins and situated near the union depot in this city. The alarm was promptly given, but as the building was a wooden structure and filled with building material, the flames spread rapidly and nothing could be done except to save the surrounding buildings.

The depot was burned slightly and several cars o nthe railroad track were badly damaged. The loss was partially covered by insurance.

WEST POINT MADE SAFE FROM FLOOD

City Fortifies Against a Repetition of Freshet.

STREETS HAVE BEEN RAISED

Owing to Recent Heavy Rainfall Fear of River's Rising Was Felt, but the Stream Stays Below the Danger Mark.

West Point, Ga., February 4.—(Special.) Owing to the heavy rainfalls here and above some apprehension was felt by the citizens that the Chattahoochee river would again rise to a great height and do damage to property. At 12 o'clock last night the river rose to 19 feet above high water mark, but this did not put it within several feet of the height necessary to flood the town.

Its greatest height, however, has been attained and the water is now rapidly falling, at 12 o'clock noon it being only 12 feet above the high water mark. All danger is now passed and no fear is felt.

Since the last rise, about five weeks ago, the city council has had hands busily engaged in repairing bridges, raising streets, etc., and there is less danger now that any damage will be done to the town in the future.

Bartlett Out for Judgeship.

Carrollton, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Colonel A. L. Bartlett, of Brownsville, Paulding county, Georgia, has announced his candidacy for the judgeship of the Tallapoosa circuit against Hon. Charles G. Janes, the incumbent. Colonel Bartlett is making an active canvass of the entire circuit.

Two Marriages Solemnized.

Mineral Bluffs, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Two marriages occurred here yesterday, the contracting parties being Mrs. Ollie Gibbs and Joe White, and Miss Sarah McHan and Lee Hunt, of Coopers Creek.

GUDEN'S HEAD IS IN DANGER.

Sheriff Accused of Bartering Subordinate Positions Before Election.

Albany, N. Y., February 4.—Governor Odell began a hearing today of the charges upon which the removal from office of Sheriff Guden, of Kings county, is asked. The allegation is that Guden entered into a bargain with Michael J. Dady, a leader in the republican organization in Brooklyn and a member of the board of election commissioners of the city of New York, to the effect that if nominated for sheriff, and elected, he would appoint as his subordinates only such persons as Dady should name, and that all profits of the office in excess of $12,000 per annum should be paid to Dady.

The allegations were first given publicity in a speech made last month by Bert Reiss, who was the republican nominee for congress in the sixth district at the election in 1900, and who attributes his defeat to the alleged hostility of Dady.

MORTUARY.

Thad Thurmond, Harmony Grove.

Harmony Grove, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Thad Thurmond, son of Hon. William T. Thurmond, of Harmony Grove, died yesterday. The burial occurred today in Gray Hill cemetery at this place, Revs. G. W. Garner and W. B. J. Hardman officiating. Mr. Thurmond had many friends throughout this section who mourn his death.

S. M. Richards, Lafayette, Ala.

Lafayette, Ala., February 4.—(Special.) Steven M. Richards, sheriff of Chambers county, died here today after an illness of three months. His wife died two weeks ago. Seven children are left. The burial takes place tomorrow. The deceased was 42 years old. He was postmaster here under the last democratic administration.

Mrs. C. P. Davies, Hawkinsville, Ga.

Hawkinsville, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. C. P. Davies died at her home here last evening at 6 o'clock. She was the youngest daughter of the late D. G. McCormick, and leaves a husband, one child and numbers of friends and relatives.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.

Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter. There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. You have only to write to the Physicians' Institue and one of these belts will be sent you absolutely free. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to The Physicians' Institute, 2088 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

ONE WOMAN'S ADVICE TO ANOTHER.

Immediate Relief from the Use of Paine's Celery Compound.

BOSTON, Jan. 13, 1902.

TO THE SUFFERING PUBLIC: It is with a feeling of extreme gratitude and thankfulness and a humane desire to benefit others that I write out my own experience in the use of Prof. Edward E. Phelps' wonderful preparation, called "Paine's Celery Compound." Owing to a fall from a horse several years ago, I became a nervous invalid, and last year I entered a hospital as a patient, where I was operated on by a famous New York surgeon.

The surgical operation was successful, but nervous prostration followed. A summer in Newport, with the best medical attendance, failed to restore my nerves to their normal condition. I was absolutely unable to digest any solid food, and this weak condition of my digestive organs, combined with insomnia, caused the deepest depression. A constant tenderness and soreness in the region of my stomach, with a dull headache and extreme weakness, created a feeling of hopelessness, from which I was unable to rise.

It was in this melancholy frame of mind that I chanced to meet a Boston lawyer, who said to me, "I was in almost the condition that you are now in, and after spending hundreds of dollars without receiving any benefit I was induced by a friend to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial, which I did, and it cured me completely when everything else had failed."

I was rather skeptical about trying a prepared medicine, but I ordered a bottle from my druggist and began to take it according to directions. Much to my surprise I slept soundly at night and did not wake in the morning with the usual dull headache. Then, too, I developed an appetite for solid food and soon I was able to digest a course dinner without any unpleasant sensations. I am now completely restored to health after about two months' use of the Compound. Sympathizing deeply with all who may be suffering as I did, I take this method of reaching strangers, after writing personal letters to my particular friends.

With the sincere hope that others may be benefited as I have been by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, I am

Very truly yours,

382 Newbury St. MRS. FRANCES L. BERNHARDT.

HERE IS A BARGAIN.

Corner lot, on which is a two-story brick house, close in, north side, $10,000; certain to be worth more money. If interested in property that will pay, come to see us. J. C. CARTER & CO., 208 Equitable Building.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending December 31, 1901, of the condition of THE GREENWICH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of NEW YORK, organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said state.

Principal office, 161 Broadway, City of New York.

I. CAPITAL.

1. Whole amount of Capital Stock	$200,000.00	
2. Amount paid up in Cash	200,000.00	$200,000.00

II. ASSETS.

1. Market value of Real Estate owned by the Company	$340,000.00	340,000.00
3. Stocks and Bonds owned absolutely by the Company: Par value, $870,200; market value (carried out)	1,388,825.00	1,388,825.00
5. Cash in Company's principal office	1,565.15	
6. Cash belonging to the Company deposited in bank	17,654.41	
Total cash items (carried out)		19,219.56
9. Amount of interest actually due and accrued and unpaid		500.00
10. Bills receivable, not matured, taken for Fire, Marine and Inland Risks		13,102.57
Unpaid premiums on policies written within three months		302,002.39
Due from other companies for reinsurance on paid losses		6,576.89
Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value		2,070,226.41

III. LIABILITIES.

2. Gross losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses	$238,075.93	
3. Losses resisted, including interest, cost and all other expenses thereon	32,515.66	
4. Total Amount of Claims for Losses	270,591.59	
5. Deduct Re-Insurance thereon	25,518.25	
6. Net Amount of Unpaid Losses (carried out)		$ 245,073.34
9. Amount of borrowed money		112,000.00
10. The Amount of Reserve for Re-Insurance		1,307,955.40
11. All other claims against the Company		69,541.28
12. Joint Stock Capital actually paid up in cash		200,000.00
13. Surplus beyond all Liabilities		135,656.39
14. Total Liabilities		2,070,226.41

IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1901.

1. Amount of Cash Premiums received	$941,088.22
3. Received for Interest	24,257.94
4. Income received from all other sources	52,579.38
6. Total Income Actually Received during the last six months in cash	1,017,925.54

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1901.

1. Amount of Losses paid		480,432.49
2. Cash Dividends actually paid		10,000.00
3. Amount of Expenses paid, including fees, salaries and commissions to Agents and Officers of the Company		372,303.32
4. Paid for State, National and Local Taxes in this and other States		16,320.10
Total Expenditures during the last six months of the year in Cash		879,055.91
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk	$30,000.00	
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding	304,588,274.00	

A Copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned Mason A. Stone, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the Greenwich Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

M. A. STONE.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 29th day of January, 1902.

WM. B. STUYVESANT,
Notary Public Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

Name of State Agent—W. D. Dean.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—Henry S. Jackson.

F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.

12 N. Forsyth St., Atlanta ....
.... River St. and M. & M. T. Co. Wharf, Savannah.

Members of the National Window Jobbers' Association

....LARGEST STOCK OF....

Window Glass, Ribbed Sky Light and Cathedral Glass in the South.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NEW BUILDING FOR LEE'S MEN

Given to Them by the State of North Carolina.

ELOQUENT ADDRESS MADE BY GOVERNOR OF THE STATE

The Twenty Rooms in New Dormitory Are Named for Daughters of the Confederacy, by Whom They Were Furnished.

Raleigh, N. C., February 4.—(Special.)—The dedication of the new buildings of the Soldiers' home, which is a mile east of the capitol, occurred here today. There was a large assemblage, composed of the state officers, confederate veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, etc. The orchestra from the State School for the Blind furnished the music.

Governor Aycock, who was introduced by State Auditor B. F. Dixon, who is a trustee of the home, made a speech full of feeling, in which he tendered the new buildings to the home in the name of the state. Julian S. Carr, the commander of the North Carolina division of Confederate Veterans, was introduced by Alex B. Stronach, a trustee, and made the address of acceptance.

Mrs. W. H. Overman, of Salisbury, the president of the Daughters of the Confederacy in North Carolina, was present, as were other prominent officers of that order. Refreshments were served to the inmates of the home and to the visitors.

The new dormitory, with its twenty rooms, each named in honor of the chapter of the Daughters which furnished it, is greatly admired. All the furnishings are of the best quality and the building is thoroughly attractive.

JOURNALISTS AS GUESTS.

Party of Seventeen Will Visit Texas Oil Fields.

Charlotte, N. C., February 4.—(Special.) C. F. King, who began his career as an humble boy in Rockingham county and who later removed to Charlotte, is now the head of a three million dollar concern, the King-Crowther Corporation, a Texas oil company. Mr. King, while stopping in Charlotte, was interviewed and many interesting facts obtained.

On Saturday, February 15, a party of journalists representing seventeen leading publications of this country, will leave New York as guests of the King-Crowther Corporation and will visit the new town of Crowther, near San Antonio, Tex., and will live in tents, as most of the present inhabitants are now doing. The party will travel in two palatial cars chartered by the corporation.

The periodicals represented will be: New York World, Sun and Press; Philadelphia Inquirer and North American, Boston Journal, Traveler and Record, Chicago Tribune, Inter Ocean and Record-Herald, Pittsburg Press and Dispatch, Baltimore Herald, Leslie's Weekly, National Magazine and Ainslee's Magazine.

Mr. King has performed a remarkable feat in the management of this great oil concern. He was recently voted a rest, which he is spending among North Carolina friends.

COUNCIL DEFENDS HIS RACE.

He Tells of the God-Fearing Army of Negroes.

Carlisle, Pa., February 4.—The fourteenth commencement of the Indian Industrial school was opened tonight with an address by Professor W. H. Council, of Normal, Ala., a former slave, who was listened to attentively by a large audience. He eloquently lauded the fidelity and industry of the black race and denied that the negro was shiftless and indolent.

In the course of his defense he said:

"The white man sees the shiftless dudes and criminal negro, but rarely stops to note intelligent, industrious, law-abiding, God-fearing army of negroes, 3,000,000 strong, who are forging ahead, in the face of slander and detraction, to recognition in the world."

Judge Kyle on the Bench.

Huntsville, Ala., February 4.—(Special.) Judge O. Kyle convened the February term of circuit court yesterday and organized the grand jury with A. G. Proctor, of Green Grove, as foreman. In his charge to the jury Judge Kyle called their attention to the reports of trade combinations in Huntsville and cited the fact that any agreement among business men to regulate prices of various commodities is against the law in this state.

Medicos To Meet Soon.

Huntsville, Ala., February 4.—(Special.) The quarterly meeting of the Tennessee Valley Medical Society will be held in this city next week on February 11 and 12. Between forty and fifty doctors from all parts of this section are expected to be present and a number of important matters will be discussed. Dr. Felix E. Baldridge, of Huntsville, will preside over the meeting.

To Exempt Seaboard Air Line.

Norfolk, Va., February 4.—An equipment agreement between the Seaboard Air Line railway and Vermilye & Co., New York bankers, has been admitted to record in the office of the clerk of the hustings court, Portsmouth, Va. It involves nearly $1,000,000. It is for furnishing the road with locomotives, box cars and ten coaches.

Quietus on Tom Johnson.

Columbus, Ohio, February 4.—The supreme court put an end to Tom L. Johnson's effort to secure a higher appraisement of the railway property in Ohio. The court handed down a decision sustaining the demurrer of the attorney general to his petition and dismissing the same.

Sick Juror Stopped Patrick Trial.

New York, February 4.—The trial of Albert T. Patrick accused of the murder of William M. Rice, was not continued today owing to the absence of J. D. Campbell, a juror, who is ill. Adjournment was had until tomorrow.

SHIP A PREY TO HATTERAS

Four-Mast Schooner Orlando Wooten Goes Ashore.

CRAFT IS IN GREAT DANGER

It Is Feared She May Go to Pieces in the Approaching Storm.

Norfolk, Va., February 4.—(Special.)—With a dangerous northeast storm approaching, the great four-mast schooner, Orlando Wooten, is ashore off Cape Hatteras. Lumber-laden, she is bound from Savannah to Baltimore.

The buoyant character of her cargo may keep her afloat, or in the heavy sea promised with the storm may batter her to pieces.

When she struck the sea was smooth and the wreckers did not hasten unduly, as there appeared to be no danger. Shortly afterwards the weather bureau issued warnings for a storm forming in the immediate vicinity of the wreck.

Life savers from Creeds Hill and Cape Hatteras life saving stations have gone to the succor of the imperilled crew. It is thought all will be rescued before the storm breaks. The vessel lies on inner Diamond shoals some 2 miles from shore and the task of reaching her through the heavy surf is very difficult.

She is from Bath, Me., and is owned by Arthur J. Houston, of that city. She was a regular trader between there and Savannah.

DOWNS VS. UNITED STATES.

Circuit Court of Appeals Hands Down Its Decision.

Richmond, Va., February 4.—The United States circuit court of appeals today handed down an opinion in the case of Downs v. the United States, affirming the action of the United States circuit court of Maryland. The opinion finds in favor of the government against R. E. Downs, an importer of sugar in a test case on the legality of an additional tax on imported Russian sugar under the provisions of the tariff act of July 25, 1897.

The point at issue was as to whether Russia gives the sugar exporter a bounty and so comes under this law.

The court holds that the Russian exporter of sugar obtains from his government a certificate solely because of such exportation, which is worth in the open markets of the country from 1.8 to 2.35 cents per pound.

MOTHER AND CHILD BURNED.

Mrs. John Winfrey and Daughter Victims of Flames.

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. John Winfrey and her little daughter were seriously burned in North Rome this afternoon.

The child was sitting in front of the fire when her clothing caught and instantly enveloped her in flames.

The mother seized her, and in trying to put out the blaze was herself severely burned. Both are in a critical condition.

TO TRY McGHEE FOR SANITY.

Asylum or Trial for Murder, His Alternatives.

Rome, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—John McGhee was placed on trial this afternoon for insanity.

When the case was called in the superior court for trial on the murder charge M. B. Eubanks, attorney for McGhee, requested that his client be tried on his present mental condition. Judge Henry granted this request.

If McGhee is adjudged insane he will be sent to the asylum. If he should be declared of sound mind he will have to go to trial on the murder charge.

HE SAYS THE CASH BALANCED.

Expert Employed on Books of Penitentiary Is Heard From.

Jackson, Miss., February 4.—(Special.)—The last session of the penitentiary investigating committee developed nothing of additional importance, although several of the principal witnesses were examined.

The feature of yesterday's session was the testimony of Mr. Solomon, an expert accountant employed during Governor McLaurin's administration to check up the books of the board of control from Warden Perkin's term down to December, 1899, a period of five years. Mr. Solomon said that he found the books carelessly kept, and often account sales and vouchers were missing, for which it was necessary to obtain duplicates, but the cash in the treasury and the warrant disbursements balanced after he had went thoroughly into the minute details of the bookkeeping system.

Captain J. D. McInnis, a member of the board of control, will be placed on the stand at the next meeting.

Had No Right To Move Court House.

Montgomery, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—The supreme court today declared, Justices Haralson and Tyson dissenting, that the act of 1898-99 for removing the court house of Shelby county from Columbiana to Calera was unconstitutional and void. The new constitution has repealed the act and the only effect of the decision is to put the costs on the Calera people.

Wallace Announces for Senate.

Huntsville, Ala., February 4.—(Special.) John H. Wallace, Jr., who has served Madison county two terms in the lower house of the general assembly, has announced in an interview his candidacy for the state senate. No opposition in the democratic ranks is yet in sight, and it is believed that Mr. Wallace will have the field to himself. He has announced that he will support the candidacy of Senator E. W. Pettus for reelection to the United States senate.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

CHEERS REND AIR FOR THE ADMIRAL

People Tender Ovations All Along the Route.

CHATTANOOGA STAY BRIEF

Schley's Entrance Into Knoxville Last Night Was Amid a Din of Steam Whistles and Bells. Thousands of People Greet Him.

Knoxville, Tenn., February 4.—The trip of Admiral and Mrs. Schley through east Tennessee from Chattanooga to Knoxville was one they will never forget. At Cleveland, Athens, Sweetwater, Loudon and Lenoir City and smaller places along the route the entire population of the towns turned out and the ovations were tendered. At all the points Admiral and Mrs. Schley were called to the rear platform of their private car, where the admiral shook hands with the people, while Mrs. Schley was virtually buried in floral offerings from school children. Darkness did not diminish the crowds, and immense bonfires gleamed at many places.

Admiral Schley's entrance into Knoxville at 8 o'clock tonight was made amid a perfect din of steam whistles and bells. Packed around the union station were fully 5,000 persons, who cheered again and again as the train arrived. The reception committee, which had met the party at Chattanooga, turned its members over to the local entertainment committee of 200, and after a brief reception carriages were taken to the Hotel Imperial.

The admiral's carriage was preceded by the Sixth Regiment band and a battalion of the Sixth regiment, and the march to the hotel was through throngs of people and red fire illuminations, although the wind was biting cold.

Brief Speech from Admiral.

Once inside the hotel, the throng in the street could not be satisfied until the admiral and wife appeared on the balcony. The admiral made a brief speech of thanks for the warm welcome and promised to shake hands with everyone tomorrow. After the dinner had been served a short reception was held.

Tomorrow morning there will be a parade in honor of the admiral, in which militia, University of Tennessee cadets, veterans of the Spanish-American war, Knights Templars and fraternal organizations will take part. A public reception will follow. At night the chamber of commerce will tender a banquet to the visitors.

On Thursday a visit to the birthplace of Admiral Farragut, where Admiral Dewey unveiled a monument one year ago, will be the main feature.

Admiral and Mrs. Schley are in the best of health and are warm in their praise of the cordial receptions tendered them in the south.

The Stop in Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 4.—No formal reception or entertainment was accorded Admiral Schley on his arrival here this afternoon at 2:50 o'clock. A party of about thirty ladies and gentlemen, headed by Mayor A. W. Chambliss and wife, from Chattanooga, met the admiral at Whiteside, Tenn., and came with him to the city. They were joined by the committee from Knoxville. Several stops were made along the line, when the admiral was greeted by crowds of eager spectators.

The admiral greeted his hosts cordially, expressing much regret that he was unable at this time to remain long enough in Chattanooga to visit the historic battle fields and Lookout mountain. A great crowd gathered at the station in this city to see the admiral, and hundreds formed in line to shake his hand when he reached the hotel, where an informal reception was held.

After a short rest the party took carriages and, escorted by the Chattanooga cavalry troop, drove to Fort Cameron and other points of interest. They returned to the union station at 4 o'clock, and at 4:10 the admiral and his party left for Knoxville.

Farewell to Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., February 4.—Admiral and Mrs Schley left Nashville at 10 o'clock today for Chattanooga in the private car of President Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad. President and Mrs. Thomas accompanied them. Before he left Admiral Schley spoke in highest terms of his entertainment here.

GOOD ROADS IN OLD DOMINION.

Public Boulevard to Cost $20,000 Will Be Built.

Charlottesville, Va., February 4.—The citizens of Albemarle county, have organized the Jefferson Memorial Road Association for the purpose of building a public boulevard between Charlottesville and Monticello.

The association proposes to work in conjunction with the Good Roads special which is now touring the south. The train will arrive here about March 5, when work on the road will be begun.

The association has appointed the following executive committee: General Fitzhugh Lee, Colonel H. F. Carter, University of Virginia, and C. P. Shaw, United States navy.

The boulevard will be 2 miles in length, and the cost of the construction is estimated at $20,000. The city council and county board of supervisors have appropriated $1,200 each for the building of the road, and the balance will be raised by popular subscription.

PRESBYTERIANS IN SESSION.

Committee Named by General Assembly Is in Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 4.—A committee appointed by the last general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church is in session here.

The committee was appointed to consider the home mission work of the church, embracing the systematization of church erection and evangelical work; to review the old plans of raising money and aiding churches, and to devise better methods, if possible, for accomplishing this work.

The committee is composed of Dr. S S. Morris, Atlanta; Dr. Alex Sprunt, Charleston, S. C.; Dr. W. R. Dobyns, St. Joseph, Mo.; Dr. A. H. Hamilton, Raphine, Va.; Dr. E. E. Gillespie, Greensboro, N. C.; Dr. W. M. Anderson, Nashville; Dr. T. H. Rice, Atlanta; Dr. T. G Anderson, Tampa, Fla.; Dr. S. G. Miller, Little Rock, Ark; Dr. L. O. Spencer, Louisville, Ky.; Professor J. R. Dobyns, Jackson, Miss.; Judge S. P. Green, Fort Worth, Tex.

Address by Chairman Braxton.

Richmond, Va., February 4.—The entire time of the constitutional convention today was consumed in hearing a speech from Chairman Braxton, of the committee on corporations, in which he gave a resume of the labors of the corporation committee. He stated that a corporation commission had been provided for to act as a representative of the government and of the corporations alike. He discussed at length the subject of corporations and the modern governmental methods of regulation without retarding their progress or injuring their chartered rights.

THE FEMALE SUFFRAGISTS.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE IS ADJOURNED IN CHARLESTON.

Much Interest Shown in Mrs. Prentiss' First Argument on This Line.

Charleston, S. C., February 4.—The national conference of women suffragists, which began here yesterday morning, closed tonight.

Addresses were made by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, the president; Miss Helen Morris Lewis, of North Carolina, and Mrs. Maria T. Prentiss, of Charleston.

Until tonight the attendance at the meetings has not been large. Many, however, were curious to hear Mrs. Prentiss' first argument in public for woman suffrage, as she is the widow of an eminent Protestant Episcopal minister of this city.

Another of the speakers was Miss Lewis, a member of an old Charleston family.

DOWIE PAYS TO LEAVE COURT.

Settles Stephenson Suit by Turning Over $250,000.

Chicago, February 4.—On the announcement in court today by the counsel in the Dowie-Stephenson suit for receivership of Zion lace industries that an agreement had been reached by the parties to the suit out of court, Judge Tuley dismissed the suit and announced that Elmer Washburn, whom he had named as receiver, would not be appointed. Attorneys for both sides refused to announce the basis of settlement, but it is supposed that the amount claimed by Samuel Stephenson, about $250,000, is close to the amount agreed upon. Attorney Packard, for "Dr." John Alexander Dowie, said:

"The fact that Judge Tuley in his decision exonerated 'Dr.' Dowie from charges of fraud led to the settlement. We did not deny that money was due Stephenson, but we fought the case because the charges made reflected upon Dr. Dowie."

HE IS A WONDER ON VIOLIN.

New York Is Astonished by Nine-Year-Old Florizel.

New York, February 4.—Florizel, 9 years old, and the youngest of all violin virtuosos, played for the first time to a metropolitan audience at Carnegie hall tonight. His programme included numbers from Mozart, Vieuxtemps, Wienawaski, Paganini and Bach. Critics and students in the audience expressed amazement at the broad conception shown by the boy.

His technique, as displayed in the Weinawaski numbers, was remarkable.

THE PENSACOLA MARDI GRAS.

Carnival Season Opens with Coronation of the Queen.

Pensacola, Fla., February 4.—The Mardi Gras carnival season opened tonight by the coronation at the opera house of Miss Daisy Hayer, who was chosen by popular vote as queen of the floral parade. Her maids of honor were Misses Celestine Brent, Mollie Brent, Isabel Quira, Annie Baars, Leah Chaffin and Elise Chipley.

An interesting feature of the event was a splendidly arranged musical programme. The stage was beautifully decorated with flowers and greens. The floral parade will take place tomorrow afternoon.

A large number of attractions are here for the street fair, which begins tomorrow and continues until Mardi Gras day.

ONE WAY TO GET A RAILROAD.

Charter Applied for to Force Sale of Maryland Line.

Baltimore, Md., February 4.—A bill has been introduced in the Maryland house of delegates to charter a new railroad company to be known as the Baltimore, Pittsburg and Western, which will parallel the Western Maryland for almost its entire length.

The promoters of the new line frankly admit that their ultimate object is the purchase of the Western of Maryland, if they can do it at a reasonable price, but they declare it to be their intention to build the new line if they fail to get control of the old one. Among the incorporators is Herbert S. Grant, of Asheville, N. C.

SHOT LOVER AND DAUGHTER.

Mrs. McCool Then Turned Weapon on Herself.

Havana, Ills., February 4.—Jealousy today caused Mrs. Robinson McCool to shoot Joseph Lewis and her 10-year-old daughter, after which she shot and instantly killed herself. She left a letter confessing her love for Lewis and requesting that the three bodies be taken for burial to Peoria, where she had a burial lot. Her intended victims were not fatally wounded.

TOOLE IN A SARCASTIC VAIN.

Refers to Railway Trust as "New Salvation Company."

Helena, Mont., February 4.—The fifth annual meeting of the Pacific Northwest Wool Growers' Association opened here today with delegates from Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Utah and Wyoming present.

Governor Toole, who, on behalf of the state, welcomed the association to Helena, referred to the Northern Securities Company as the "new salvation company," saying in part:

"The special sublime mission of this new Messiah, as we are told, is the merging of all railroad lines in the northwestern states under one management in order to effectually reduce freight and passenger rates to meet the just demands of that omnipresent beneficient spirit abroad in the land.

"Many wholesale reductions were projected and scheduled for January 1, but owing to the strong northwest wind or some other untoward influence, they have not yet materialized in Montana."

HER KNOWLEDGE COST LIFE.

Ella Depew Fatally Shot To Keep Her from Talking.

Omaha, Nebr., February 4.—Reed Yates, of South Omaha, stabbed and probably fatally wounded Ella Depew early today in front of the Klondike hotel. Yates is under bonds to appear in the criminal court on a charge of robbing a man of $300.

According to the girl's story she was the only witness to the alleged robbery and the stabbing is the result of her refusing to leave the city and not testify against him. Yates escaped and has not been arrested.

THREW BROTHER OUT WINDOW

In Order To Save Him from Being Burned to Death.

Hopkinsville, Ky., February 4.—Fire early this morning consumed the residence of Mrs. Annie Coffer. The family escaped barefooted and in their night clothes into the snow and zero temperature as the roof fell in. Sink Coffer, aged 20, was stupefied by smoke and was unable to move, and his brother threw him through a window and saved his life.

TRADE MARK

"RU-TER-BA"

Debility Is Dangerous

Is Your System Overtaxed?

Do You Worry? Are You Anxious?

"RU-TER-BA" Restores Mental Calmness and Invigorates. Drives away Impurities. Cleanses the System.

A tonic is what you need at this season to brace you up. "Ru-ter-ba" is medicine for every one, young or old. To tone up the nerves, sharpen the appetite, build firm flesh, rid the system of all impurities, and cure stomach disorders, there is nothing like it. It is a safeguard against insomnia or attacks of biliousness.

It represents the limit of science in overcoming disease, and it is impossible to make a better medicine for the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood. "Ru-ter-ba" has such strength in its component parts that the benefit derived from one bottle of "Ru-ter-ba" is even greater than a dozen bottles of other medicines which are on the market. A few doses of "Ru-ter-ba" will start weak, nervous and bloodless people on the road to strength. A regular course of treatment will bring back the pink to the cheeks and sparkle to the eyes. Sleep will come naturally, and it will be refreshing and healthful. Dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation will be completely banished and the blessings of true health bestowed.

"RU-TER-BA" has an unequaled record in reducing the sickness of mankind.

PREVENTS APPENDICITIS

It gets at the starting point of any disease by acting upon the stomach direct, keeping that important organ in its duty of digesting food. It keeps the bowels regular, the waste material which is carried off by them cannot be impeded in its course, and the little vermiform appendix is never subjected to the crowding of effete matter.

"Ru-ter-ba" fills the blood with the rich, red corpuscles of health, building up the tissues that general debility has impaired. It makes good appetites, allays nervousness, stimulates the kidneys, and makes the run-down man or woman feel like a new person.

Howard P. Foster, Albany's Chief of Police, recovered from a severe attack of indigestion after taking only two bottles of "Ru-ter-ba."

Dr. Brown Medical Co., Albany, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—For weeks I have been suffering with indigestion and torpid liver, but, after taking only two bottles of "Ru-ter-ba," I felt 100 per cent. better, and am now entirely well. You may send me another bottle, as I want to have it on hand. Yours very truly,

H. P. FOSTER, Chief of Police.

Trial Bottle of "RU-TER-BA" Free.

Any reader of this paper can obtain a trial bottle of "Ru-ter-ba," also our booklet, "Health and Beauty," absolutely free. A postal to **Dr. J. C. Brown Medical Co., Albany, N. Y.,** giving your Post Office address, your only expense.

"Ru-ter-ba" is sold by all druggists or direct for $1.00.

Use "RU-TER-BA" Pellets for Constipation 25c.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The estimate of loss by the Waterbury fire has undergone a material reduction, and it is now thought it will amount to about $1,500,000 when deductions have been made from salvage from stocks of goods. As a result of exposure several cases of serious illness are reported.

Chevalier Victor Zeggiio, of Florence, has been appointed by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company world's fair commissioner to Italy. He will immediately proceed to that country and begin the work of securing a proper representation at the world's fair to be held in St. Louis in 1903.

At Cincinnati Walter Bryant is dead and Lonnie Gunn dying, as the result of shots inflicted by Ernest Hall in a saloon on Longworth street. Hall escaped. All are colored. Hall is a parlor car conductor.

N. D. Parker, a young man who lives at Ottawa, Kans., has been held for the federal grand jury on a charge of fraudulent use of the mails by obtaining goods under false pretenses. It is said he obtained $50,000 worth of goods of all descriptions from prominent firms in Chicago, St. Joseph and Kansas City.

Jacob Heller, a wealthy farmer and tanner of Lehigh Gap, and William Deitrich, of Philadelphia, were struck by the Black Diamond express train on the Lehigh Valley railroad, near Lehigh Gap, and killed.

Permanent telegraphic communication between Valdes and Eagle City will be established by next July. Captain Burnell, who left Valdes early last month to complete the line, stated that he estimates that the remaining distance would be strung with wires within six months.

Samuel Johnson and William Sullivan, two followers of Crazy Snake, the belligerent Creek Indian, have been arrested for interfering with Creeks who attempt to improve their allotments and have been placed in the federal prison at Muskogee.

The Indian Territory is suffering the worst grass famine in years, and in the vicinity of Antlers cattle in poor flesh are dying by hundreds. There have been two weeks of cold weather. Between Fort Smith and Paris, Tex., the country has nearly all been burned and feed is very scarce.

The members of the Pittsburg Masters and Pilots' Society have decided to declare the tow boat strike off.

At Cleveland, Ohio, the annual convention of the Building Laborers' Protective Union of America is in session, with fifty delegates in attendance. It is stated that the most important matter to be taken up by the convention will be a proposition to unite all the building trades union in the United States under the direction of the international union.

A. K. Yancey, aged 73 years, president of the Missouri Military academy, is dead.

George M. Rommel, expert in animal industry, department of agriculture, addressing the annual meeting of the Central Short Horn Association at Kansas City, made the statement that Americans are now eating more beef and comparatively less pork and mutton.

Military Training Compulsory.

Madrid, February 4.—The minister of war, General Weyler, read a bill in the senate today making military training in Spain obligatory.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending December 31, 1901, of the condition of the NEW YORK PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY, of NEW YORK, organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal office, 24 Pine Street, New York.

I. CAPITAL.		
1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock	$100,000.00	
2. Amount paid up in Cash	100,000.00	
II. ASSETS.		
2. Loans on Bond and Mortgage (duly recorded and being second liens on the fee)		$ 2,000.00
3. Stocks and Bonds owned absolutely by the Company: Par value, $256,500.00; market value (carried out)		386,535.00
5. Cash in Company's principal office	$ 3,855.46	
6. Cash belonging to the Company deposited in Bank	17,972.80	
7. Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission	33,166.38	
Total Cash Items (carried out)		54,994.64
9. Amount of Interest actually accrued and unpaid		89.50
Total Assets of Company, actual cash market value		443,619.14
III. LIABILITIES.		
2. Gross Losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed Losses	$3,234.84	
4. Total Amount of Claims for Losses	3,234.84	
6. Net Amount of Unpaid Losses (carried out)		$ 3,234.84
7. Amount of Dividends declared but not yet due		5,000.00
10. The Amount of Reserve for Re-Insurance		138,781.20
11. All other claims against the Company		2,188.88
12. Joint Stock Capital actually paid up in cash		100,000.00
13. Surplus beyond all Liabilities		194,414.22
14. Total Liabilities		443,619.14
IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1901.		
1. Amount of Cash Premiums received		$145,863.24
3. Received for Interest		5,680.10
4. Income received from all other sources		1,893.75
6. Total Income Actually Received during the last six months in cash		153,437.09
V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1901.		
1. Amount of Losses paid		$47,298.66
2. Cash Dividends actually paid		5,000.00
3. Amount of Expenses paid, including fees, salaries and Commissions to Agents and Officers of the Company		64,711.07
4. Paid for State, National and Local Taxes in this and other states		2,802.19
5. All other Payments and Expenditures		7,784.84
Total Expenditures during the last six months of the year in cash		127,596.76

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned Major A. White, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of New York Plate Glass Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

MAJOR A. WHITE, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 28th day of January, 1902.

JOSEPH E. STECKLER,
Notary Public, No. 140, New York County.

Name of State Agent—Henry S. Jackson.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—Henry S. Jackson.

Money Alone

CAN'T MAKE GOOD CUTS, IT REQUIRES

First, BRAINS; Second, FACILITIES; Third, DETERMINATION,

To give a customer 100 cents worth for every dollar he spends with you. Our halftones preserve the photographic likeness of the copy.

We have the Facilities, the Brains and Determination.

TRY US AND BE CONVINCED.

'Pones 8-704. 8-637.

SOUTHERN ENGRAVING COMPANY,
Constitution Building,
ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL..........Editor
ROBY ROBINSON..........Business Manager

STATE OF GEORGIA 1799

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBY, E. P. GUINN, W. G McNELLEY and B. M. PACK. Solicitors, T. H. HUNT, L. L. LOVING and ULLA G. HARDEMAN.

Our city collectors are Messrs. JAMES T. CARTER and CLAUDE A. VIRGIN. Be sure that you do not pay any one else.

CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

DAILY, one year	$5.00
SUNDAY (including Sunny South)	2.00
Both of above	7.00
WEEKLY, one year	1.00

For six or three months at same proportionate rates as above.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

Entered at the postoffice, Atlanta, Ga., as second-class matter.

POSTAGE RATES.

United States, Canada and Mexico:

10 to 12 page paper	1c
16 to 24-page paper	2c
28 to 36-page paper	3c

ATLANTA, GA., February 5, 1902.

A Police Executive.

The city council has adopted an ordinance intended to make the chief of police the real executive head of the police department. Whether or not the measure shall become law depends for the present upon the action of the mayor. Meanwhile it is not amiss to say that the ordinance imports a reform that is greatly needed in our police administration.

The police commission is made up of able and conscientious gentlemen. They desire law and order in the municipality and their wisdom is valuable in legislating the general regulations for the conduct of the police department. But it is neither necessary nor desirable to burden them with every minute detail of the operations of the force. There should be no necessity for the chief of the force to submit every question confronting him to the decision of the commission, nor to ring the commission up at odd hours of the night to decide whether a special officer shall be despatched to answer some sudden call not previsioned in the express regulations.

The commission was intended to be a legislative body and not a sextuple executive head of the department.

If the chief of police is not to be the chief, but only the man Friday of the board, then he is a fifth wheel of the machine that might as well be dispensed with. But if we are to have a chief of police there should be more to him than the gilded badge on his breast, and this is a good time to put the matter to test.

Chief Ball is popularly supposed to be a man of sufficient common sense, courage and police experience as to give confidence that he would execute the general orders of the board with fidelity and meet all emergencies with efficient ability. Give him the trial. Let him understand the board's general scheme of police administration and then commit its execution to his wisdom and integrity. He will, of course, report to the board. It will retain its rightful power to alter, amend or abolish regulations, and thereby the responsibility of the chief will be fixed. But in action he should be the chief and in his hands the police force should become a perfect machine for the protection of persons, life and property.

Civil Rule in the Philippines.

Governor Taft, in his testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines, has laid bare the real deep-seated sore in the situation. It lies in the conflict between the military and the civil methods that subsist in the administration of affairs in the islands. The ideas that inhere in those methods are antagonistic most naturally.

The military theory is that war exists and all things else must be held subordinate to the campaign for the reduction of the Filipinos to absolute and abject submission. The civil idea is to convince the people that the rule of the United States is to be that of law, of the recognition of personal liberty, of the creation of local self-governing systems and the cooperation of the national government in the peaceful, industrial and political upbuilding of the islands as an integer of this free republic.

It is evident from the testimony of the governor that the army officers are impatient with the authority and efforts of the civil government. It is equally evident that the Filipinos will harbor a spirit of fierce resistance to military rule, as they have learned to resist it during three hundred years of Spanish militarism. So long, then, as the home administration endeavors to prosecute its plans of dual government in the Philippines we are likely to have unseemly conflicts between our own authorities over there, and yet more violent rebellions upon the part of the natives.

The situation demands a radical revision. If we are at war with the Filipinos, stop the civil pantomime and go into the work of conquering the people with men and munitions sufficient for a prompt conclusion. If we are at peace with them, and have only expectable local insurrections to deal with, let us go about the work in hand in the only true American fashion. Inform the people thoroughly that we mean peace and that by loyal cooperation with us a purely civil government will be accorded them and that in all local affairs they shall be as free and independent as we other Americans are in our local jurisdictions. Give them to understand that the army is present only to enforce peace and obedience to the laws of the la: and the constituted civil authorities. And let the army be used for those ends alone.

If the Filipinos shall be given these American guaranties and privileges we believe the insurrections will speedily cease. At present they are fighting in ignorance of what we propose to do for them. They need to be shown by actual demonstrations that a civil government under the laws and customs of the United States is a measure of liberty for the citizen beyond anything they have ever dreamed in their philosophy.

This reformation of programme will work a reconciliation of the disaffected Filipinos. Give them peace, protection, work and prosperity and they will be docile and law-abiding. "Take away the sword! States can be saved without it!" said Richelieu. That is true; as true in the Philippines as it ever was in France. It can remain in view as a menace to evil-doers, but the emblems of civil law and popular government should be advanced ahead of it.

The commission should govern the islands under the decrees of congress, and the shoulder-strapped subordinates should serve the commission. That policy approves itself to the American conscience and will soonest win the Filipino confidence.

It is the way of honor and of peace.

The Peters Street Viaduct.

There seems to be a bright prospect for the early construction of the Peters street viaduct.

The resolution introduced by Alderman Woodward and adoped by the council is a step toward the completion of an improvement that will be of great benefit to the city. The action of the council indicates that the work will commence during the year on this much needed improvement.

The railroads are requested to confer with a committee of the city council—Alderman Woodward, Councilmen Key of the sixth and Harwell of the first. The city will no doubt agree to build the approaches to the structure, as was done in the case of other bridges of the city, and the railroads will be expected to pay their part toward the building of the bridge over their tracks. We are satisfied from information received from the railroads that they will accede to this reasonable demand.

It is as important to the railroads to have this viaduct completed as it is for the city. The crossing on Peters street is dangerous to the public safety and the sooner the viaduct is constructed the better it will be for all concerned.

The prospect for the early improvement of Peters street is very gratifying.

Where Wright Is All Wrong.

In the dispatches from Washington it is noted that Professor R. R. Wright, president of the state college for colored people at Savannah, is a candidate for Deveaux's place as collector of customs at Savannah.

We regret to read the fact. Professor Wright is an able colored man and his abilities have been recognized by the Georgia authorities in selecting him for his present position at the head of a school for his race that is one of the dependencies of the state university. Heretofore he has shown a sensible desire to mold the thoughts and purposes of his people away from politics and into the avenues of industry and economic power. In that field he has the opportunity to become a conspicuous leader, a useful reformer, and to make a worthy fame for himself above most of his fellows.

Yet, for the last few years there has been scarcely a federal office in Georgia open to appointment that did not cause Professor Wright to spring into the Washington arena and hold up his dish at the pie window of the white house. The office-seeking microbe appears to have burrowed deep into his political economy and at the mention of an official plum his mouth flies open like a lost young robin's at every approach. We admit that he has the right to aspire to any office in the land if he elects to do so. That is his own personal question.

But Professor Wright should observe the proprieties and not present himself in a ridiculous attitude. He now holds an honorable office by the gift of the people of Georgia and as an educator in that covetable position he can serve his people far better than in any federal collectorship. But if he wants political office, if he is not satisfied where he is, if he wants to exchange the respect and honors of his present position for a political gift, he should resign the presidency of the college that he now holds. He is demeaning the place and doing irreparable hurt to his influence by constantly bobbing up for office.

Washington Not in Politics.

It is stated by the authority of Booker T. Washington that he is not in politics. Reports that have been given currency from Washington and elsewhere connecting his name with political affairs in the south he declares to have been wholly gratuitous inventions of the correspondents.

Recently it was announced that he had secured the appointment of the postmaster at Vicksburg, Miss. With reference to that appointment he says that he does not know the party in question and had no more to do with his candidacy and appointment than did the man in the moon. He has neither suggested nor urged appointments by the president in any case. Therefore he is anxious that his name should not be used as that of an office-booster or a quasi purveyor of federal patronage.

These statements will be gratifying to the large number of people in the south who have regarded Booker Washington as a sensible and unselfish leader of his people into lines of ambition and achievement apart from politics. They felt that he would weaken his position, alienate sympathy from his true work and become a sword-bearer rather than a savior among his people by going into partisan politics. He does well, therefore, to let it be known that he has not done the things attributed to him, but means to adhere to his own oft-repeated purpose to eschew politics and adhere to the work of elevating his race in their industrial ideas and employments.

Our Army and Navy Servants.

It would have been just as well if Senator Dubois had not spoken of General Wheaton as "probably some charity boy educated at West Point." The fact that many young men are willing, perhaps eager, to secure the superb educational facilities of the government schools at West Point and Annapolis is not discreditable to them—and the less so if they are poor boys who would find it difficult to obtain a finished education otherwise and elsewhere.

The American people generally, we think, are proud of the great military and naval academies. They have given us in times past, as they are today, some of the most accomplished officers in those branches of national service that the world has known or knows. It would be a work of supererogation to name the illustrious examples whose work has contributed to the national glory and invincible stability.

It is an inevitable incident of such training and service, doubtless, that some of the men engaged in it should mistake its real purpose and presume conditions for themselves that do not really subsist. Because an officer is a West Pointer is no guarantee that he knows all that is known about the art of war and that other men who have not been at the academy are tyros in the military business to be sneered at and treated with haughty contempt. There was just a little too much of that sort of folly on both sides during the civil war, and during the late Spanish-American war the same assumptions of superiority were manifested by the West Pointers. And yet work of great value was done during the latter war by men who never saw West Point.

The Boston Herald says Massachusetts continues to increase her population in spite of the shortness of the lobster crop. Maybe what she loses in lobsters she makes up in clams.

It pains some of our senators to have the president slap them in the back and yell "By Godfrey" at them. They have yet more pains coming to them, however, from that source.

A New York critic has said that Jim Hackett is no actor. That is another of the reasons why Jim is so popular with theatergoers. He should hire the critic to keep it up.

The president refuses to send a special message to congress on the Cuban situation. He doesn't have to as long as he stands in the gap that leads to the official preserves.

Salisbury says he will resign as soon as England is at peace. This reminds us of Jawn D. Long, who is preparing to remain with us until the Schley case is dead.

King Edward heard Ella Wheeler Wilcox's poem on his mother sung at the memorial service. Surely, he must have wanted to feel awful bad on the solemn occasion.

Colonel Dan Lamont is to be one of the royalty receivers in New York. It is not a new role, for Dan is quite handy at receiving royalties, dividends and graft.

The Chicago university is to abandon coeducation. No amount of millions can educate the girls away from chewing-gum flirtations and matinee ganging.

Castro has leaned over his bomb-proof and again told young Secrestat to "scat!" It is now around to France to order a bum boat to blockade La Guayra.

The only chance Prince Henry will have to study still life in America will be at Philadelphia, unless he takes in the Bourbon factories of Kentucky.

The undertaking of Senator Hoar to fix injunctions so that they will not enjoin too fiercely is a hoss on Hanna in the game for the labor vote.

Captain Oberlin Carter is still filing things in court, but if he wants to get out of jail he should imitate the Biddles and file things in his cell.

That Chester, Pa., mob that failed to lynch its negro had its intentions all right, but not nerve enough to make connections with its rope.

Somebody has made charges against Web Flanagan. This will give Web a chance to ask the president "What am I here for?"

We shall hereafter refuse to believe that General Tung Fuh Siang is dead until we read his obituary in The Washington Post.

The man who invented a microbe killer died suddenly in New York. Perhaps one of the mikes hit him quick from behind.

Thy have actually caught a franchise briber in St. Louis. Don't let him get away! Save him for the exposition midway.

It is to be hoped that the new laws against explosions in New York will not be so framed as to except Billy Jerome.

Some of the papers are publishing what they call "Kiplingia," but it flops around more like Kiplingerie on a back fence.

Uncle Adlai is still disposed to shy a brickbat into the pack once in a while. He seems to enjoy hearing them howl.

The oleomargarine bill is experiencing the fact that when grease meets grease then comes the tug of war.

The republican caucus revealed the fact that the Crumpacker reduction bill has been taken with hip disease.

Another Wild Bill has shown up as a tame account in the prize ring. Are there any more waiting?

It seems as if General Miles cannot even go sleighing around the white house without getting upset.

A jawing match between Gompers and Wu Ting-fang would put a boiler factory on a dead hush.

John L. Sullivan couldn't get drunk in Rhode Island. There wasn't room enough for him.

Nobody has yet been able to discover the winter quarters of the Fairbanks boom.

Boston has lost another Stone out of its social ring. He was short six thousand.

The new party that was born in Alabama must have had a very quiet funeral.

Why amend the bankrupt law? Can't a fellow go broke easy enough as it is?

It is a cold day in the senate when somebody doesn't get forked-up!

"JUST FROM GEORGIA"

The Late Brethren.

I.

Dey ain't no use fer ter set en sign
At de station place w'en de train roll by;
De word dey'll ax you all, fer sho',
Is: "Didn't you heah dat whistle blow?
Hit give you warnin', low en high,
But you let de train go skeetin' by—
Oh, you let de train go skeetin' by!"

II.

Dey ain't no use fer ter set en sigh
W'en de col' win' blow f'um de frosty sky;
De word dey'll ax you den, fer sho',
Is: "Didn't you know dat win' would blow?
Hit give you warnin', fur en nigh,
W'en you sleepin' under de summer sky—
But you say ter de warnin': 'Pass me by!'"

III.

Dey ain't no use! . . . But you'll have yo' way
'Twell dey calls de roll at de Jedgmint Day!
W'en yo' lamps is out, en you feelin' mean,
Will you blame it all on de kerosene?
Dis word you'll heah f'um de robe en crown:
"Dis ain't no place fer ter loaf aroun',
Kaze de elevator's gwine down!"

* * * * *

New Idea of Cold Weather.

One of the colored brethren has a new, and decidedly original, idea of the cold weather. He says: "De good Lawd made de hot sunshine fer de nigger ter sleep in; but Satun jumps inter de blizzard fer ter cool off, en puffs en blows 'twell de sunshine freezes, en de price er coal goes higher dan ever some er dese sinner's 'll go!"

* * * * *

The Alabama Singers.

Since Samuel Minturn Peck left Alabama the poets have been running riot in that state. From the most remote rural districts come lyrics of love and longing that almost match those of the author of "Mignon:"

"Ere long the dawn will come to break
The web of darkness through:
Let not my heart unanswered ache,
That beats alone for you!

"Your casement ope, and bid me hope—
Give me one smile to bless!
A word will ease my pain, Mabelle—
Say yes, Mignon, say yes!"

Odd, isn't it?—that a man who could write a lyric like that, at all times fled from the fair, and finally turned his talent to plain prose!

* * * * *

Divided Ways.

I.

I do not know that way that you shall go,
The rose or thorn to reap;
It was God's will that I should love you so—
His will that I should weep.

II.

I may not see the far heights you shall gain—
Far hidden from Love's view;
I gave to you life's sweets, dear, and would drain
Its bitterness for you.

III.

Yet when Fame crowns you on those heights above
Those where I dream and live,
Say only this: "He gave to me his love—
Even all he had to give!"

* * * * *

Of one of the mournful brethren we have this comment from an old Georgia darky: "He died of sorrow, w'en all de time Joy wuz knockin' at his do' en axin' fer a night's lodgment!"

* * * * *

One of Loveman's.

In a column of the lyrics of Robert Loveman, we find the following, credited to Lippincott's Magazine. It is one of the best—if not the very best—we have ever seen from his pen:

"Poor rambling, shambling soul of mine,
Beyond the night, beyond the day,
When thou dost unto death resign
This happy habitat of clay.

"In high conclave, at feasts divine,
Will legions leap to heed thy nod?
Or, doomed to darkness wilt thou whine,
A beggar at the gates of God?"

* * * * *

Froze Up.

One of the frozen colored brethren sings of this blizzardy weather:

"De winter come, en my time is done:
'Pears lak I run my race!
I wants ter be whar de lizard run
En de black crow heah de white man gun,
Wid nuttin' mo' dan de br'llin' sun
A-shinin' in my face!"

* * * * *

Some few years since there was no more popular song than "Swinging in the Grapevine Swing," and even now it bids fair for immortality. But Samuel Minturn Peck, who wrote the words, says he never made a penny out of it! Queer world, this!

* * * * *

Queer Folks.

In winter we growl
When the blizzards howl
And coal's sky-high in price;
But when summer comes
With its thunder drums
We yell to the skies for ice!
What we want on this earthly ball
Is a medium sort of a life—that's all!

* * * * *

It won't be long now before the mockingbirds are singing, and the poets will go on a vacation, and "Gee-haw" the Georgia mule.

* * * * *

By-the-Way.

Did you ever think—
In the darkest night
To give thanks to God
For a dream of light?

F. L. S.

Weed Out the Parlor Rifle.

Cuthbert Leader: A crusade against the parlor rifle has begun in Cuthbert. Would that it had started ten days ago. It has always been so. A catastrophe or a tragedy is needed to arouse us to action. We realize that certain practices or certain conditions are dangerous, and perhaps we say that these should not be allowed and those ought to be changed, but we make no effort to bring about the needed improvement. Public apathy is often deplorable. Taking guns away from boys—some of them little fellows—is a step in the right direction. A boy in town with a parlor rifle is a menace to the citizens. He has no judgment, and will shoot at an English sparrow on a fence that bounds a street just as quickly as though the bird were in a tree. There are boys in Cuthbert that have scarcely discarded dresses who own guns that shoot cartridges. A boy will not wait to get out of town to shoot if his gun uses a BB cap that can be heard only a few yards.

That Dread Disease.

Fitzgerald Enterprise: The spring-like weather the first of the week naturally produced more or less ennui throughout this balmy section of the country. Ennui is a terrible disease, but, like a narcotic, its great danger lies in its soothing influence. Ennui is the handmaiden of poverty and is to be dreaded in this country. There is an antidote—there may be many—but one sure, effective, and that is, hustle.

STATE POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Covington Star: The dispensary war in Rome and Floyd county is at white heat, and still a heating.

Fitzgerald Enterprise: It is hardly probable that Dupont Guerry and Joe Terrell will campaign together.

Athens Banner: The speakership of the Georgia house of representatives must be a great plum. The mouths of all the representatives are watering for it.

The Walton County Tribune of Monroe, Ga., refers to Mr. Terrell as a man "out of one office and out for another."

The Jonesboro Enterprise expects Mr. Terrell to "appropriate" the office of governor.

The Jesup News asks: "Why don't some of the county candidates come round and pat us on the back? Our wash bill has not been settled for the past four weeks."

Sparta Ishmaelite: Dupont Guerry is a strong man on the stump. If the people will listen to him, they will find many reasons why they should support him for governor.

Augusta Chronicle: Toomer, of Ware, called Guerry down hard at Waycross. But Guerry was equal to the occasion.

Augusta Chronicle: If Estill hasn't gone to writing up the towns and all the people in them! Estill is now "coming up fast," as they say on the race course.

Covington Star: Candidate Guerry accuses Candidate Terrell of stealing his platform. While the fight is raging on the platform, Candidate Estill will walk right in and take a seat in the gubernatorial chair.

Douglas Breeze: An exchange reminds us that most of the confederate veterans of Georgia who have received office from the people were captains, colonels, majors, etc. This being true it is time the high privates in the rear ranks should receive recognition, and there was none among that brave band more deserving than "Private J. H. Estill."

It is claimed by the friends of Colonel Estill that the following papers have already been pledged to his support: The Georgia Cracker, of Gainesville; The Nugget, of Dahlonega; The Advertiser, of Dawsonville; The Courier, of Cleveland; The Tribune, of Clayton; The Record, of Toccoa; The World, of Blue Ridge; and others in various parts of north Georgia.

Athens Banner: Pope Brown has excellent judgment, with the accent on the last syllable. The fat office he now holds is better than the chance at the governorship, and unlike Aesop's dog he swings to the bone and is not allured by the shadow.

Augusta Chronicle: The announcement by Hon. Pope Brown that he will not be in the gubernatorial race, narrows the contest to a triangular fight between Terrell, Estill and Guerry. Georgia is certain of a good governor out of this trio.

The Joint Debate.

The press of the state is widely divided over the question of a joint debate of the gubernatorial candidates. The Athens Banner says: "So far as we are concerned let the debates proceed. The people like to hear public discussions and there need be no bitterness, for the man who loses his head in debate and has harsh things to say in anger is not fit to be governor."

The Barnesville Gazette is opposed to the joint discussions and The Savannah Press discusses the overture of Mr. Guerry as follows "In the campaigns of Stephens and Hill, Toombs and McDuffie, Colquitt and Norwood, Gordon and Bacon, Atkinson and Evans, Black and Watson, Crisp and Smith, joint debates were held. The latter series were discontinued because of the bitterness engendered. In these days of a prompt and omnipresent journalism joint debates do not carry the influence they once did. They are now more like prize fights mere sops to the crowd who clamor to see blood flow and fur fly."

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser: Atlanta is going to make a pass at Prince Henry, at all events, by sending a delegation of citizens to Washington to meet him. Will they take with them a picture of their car shed?

Augusta (Ga.) Tribune: It is hoped that Atlanta will manage to hold on to her fog until the prince's arrival.

Athens (Ga.) Banner: Atlanta is to get $500,000 for additions to the federal building there. With that and a new depot and a few sky scrapers and a $12,000,000 street railway combine, Atlanta will get beyond saying howdy to her sister cities in Georgia.

Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle: A negro boy preacher, 8 years old, over the possession of whom a legal battle is being waged, is Atlanta's latest sensation.

Summerville (Ga.) News: Now that the state is willing to build a new depot in Atlanta, the railroads won't talk.

Waynesboro (Ga.) Citizen: Senator Clay gets $500,000 to expand the Atlanta postoffice. But now isn't Atlanta a-growing some!

Ellijay (Ga.) Times: As Atlanta thinks vaccination is essential to health and salvation, why has she not vaccinated her old car shed which is claimed to be the "germ center." Ah, it's immune, is it?

Carrollton (Ga.) Free Press: Playing Hamlet without the prince of Denmark might be tolerated, but visiting America and omitting to come to Atlanta is what the Prussian prince cannot afford to do.

Augusta (Ga.) Tribune: Atlanta will not get the prince after all. Too bad.

Athens (Ga.) Banner: Prince Henry of Prussia is an unlucky mortal. He has declined to visit Atlanta, and it is not recorded yet what the boys up there will do for him if they ever get a chance.

Albany (Ga.) Herald: Anyhow, the husbands of Atlanta society women may find consolation in the thought—each one for himself—that he has saved the price of a Prince Henry gown.

Editor Thad Adams charges that the Atlanta authorities, in making such great efforts to get Prince Henry to visit that city, must have had in mind all those presents the prince proposes to distribute.

From Sunrise to Sunset.

Albany Herald: The acquisition of the Danish West Indies has long been a purpose of American policy. The strategic reasons for acquiring them are strengthened rather than weakened by our possession of Porto Rico.

If the pending treaty with Denmark is ratified and the purchase consummated the easternmost end of Santa Cruz will become the sunrise point of American territory.

The sunset point is now at the western extremity of the island of Balabac, southwest of Palawan, in the Philippines, and just across the strait from Borneo.

The longitude of these widely distant outposts is as follows, approximately:

Sunrise on Santa Cruz, 64 degrees 34 minutes W. Greenwich.

Sunset on Balabac, 117 degrees 3 minutes E. Greenwich.

That is to say, the meridian of American sunrise will be separated from the meridian of American sunset by just 178 degrees and 23 minutes, about 12,000 miles.

In other words, with the Danish islands under our flag the expanse of American territory will lack less than 100 miles of reaching half way around the globe.

McIntosh's Pungent Paragraphs.

Even the musical woman may harp too much on one string.

A rose by any other name would smell as sweet until it's withered.

One's own words are very sweet until one is forced to eat them.

The newly-married man will generally find that cook books are pretty heavy literature.

Blobbs—"Why does he wear tan shoes? They are not only out of style, but they are positively loud." Slobbs—"Maybe he only wears them when his foot's asleep."

More Money for Mexican Veterans.

Washington, February 4.—Senator Jones, of Arkansas, today introduced a bill increasing from $8 to $12 per month the pensions of Mexican war veterans under the act of January 29, 1887, who have reached the age of 70 years and over.

PASSING THRONG.

"I found this touching bit of rhyme in a Georgia exchange," said the sad-faced hotel clerk. I don't think it will need any comment if you see fit to use it."

Here it is:

Go ahead and make your play,
Never mind the knockers.
They're in every worker's way;
Never mind the knockers.
Every one who seeks to shine,
If successfully they malign;
'Tis of fame a certain sign—
Never mind the knockers.

If you have a task to do,
Never mind the knockers.
Have your nerve and see it through,
Never mind the knockers.
When your labor has been done
You may know you have won
If the pounding is begun—
Never mind the knockers.

They strike only those who climb;
Never mind the knockers.
'Tis success they deem a crime;
Never mind the knockers.
If they hammer at your name,
Then be sure you're in the game;
'Tis a species of acclaim—
Never mind the knockers.

"I am in almost as bad a fix as the man whose entire wealth consisted of a one-thousand-pound bank note," remarked a well-known Atlanta newspaper man yesterday. "Of course you have heard of that fortunate fellow who almost starved to death because no one would accept his bank note?

"My predicament is somewhat similar, though naturally no large sum of money is involved. Who ever heard of a newspaper man possessing more than a small amount of pocket change? I have been presented with a complimentary season ticket to the Sheltering Arms restaurant. Now, the restaurant is conducted solely in the interest of charity, and those who eat there are supposed to do so for the purpose of swelling the funds of the worthy institution.

"Suppose I go to the restaurant, eat a hearty meal, as I always do, and then shove my complimentary ticket at the pretty waitress when she presents the bill? I know just what she would think—she would think I was a lobster and a dead beat. The whole proceeding would cause consternation, and I would feel cheaper than the paper on which the pass is written.

"They have good things to eat at the restaurant. I want to eat there, because of the good things and because—well, because I am dead broke. What am I to do? You can't solve the problem for me? "Well, it's on me; say when."

"I have been on the road for twenty years," said Mr. J. E. Dowson, a New York traveling man at the Aragon yesterday, "and besides being a reader of the best papers in the country daily, I have been what might be called an observer of current events. That Biddle affair at Pittsburg, however, surpasses most events under my observation. That is one thing that will outdo the 'nine-day wonder.' Traveling men are talking; on the trains it is the one thing discussed. What a book some dime-novel man could make out of it. I happen to know that Soffel family. They are all good people. The woman came from a good family, too, and how she could have become involved in an affair of the kind is a surprise to those who know the people. Not only at Pittsburg, but throughout the Keystone State, in fact, throughout all the east there is nothing but the daring work of that woman discussed. Of course she is condemned by all, but in that condemnation expressions of admiration are frequently heard—admiration of her nerve and devotion to the convicted man who had won her love."

H. D. Keefer, representative of the Dr. J. C. Brown Medicine Company, of Albany, N. Y., is in the city at the Marion. Mr. Keefer has a wide circle of friends throughout the south and is one of the most popular of the traveling representatives who visit Atlanta. He will be here several days.

The telephone sometimes produces a sensational chapter. An Atlanta man known well in business and social circles was attracted by a lady a long time resident of the city. The business man learned that the lady had a telephone. He called the number and opened a conversation. The lady at first took the matter as a joke. The man became persistent, and, though cut off in the most positive manner, called again and again, requesting an interview with the lady. She was tortured by the repeated calls, and a day or two ago informed the Atlantan she would meet him at the postoffice. The lady had no male relatives in the city to whom she could apply for protection, but she had a trusty pistol. With that in her pocket she went to the postoffice on time. The business man was there. He advanced, lifted his hat and extending his hand, remarked in his most pleasant way:

"I hardly expected this pleasure, and I—"

Sudden and pronounced was the change which came over his face. There was cause for the quick change. The lady held in her hand that trusty pocket gun. The muzzle pointed toward the man.

"Now is my turn," she said. "You have been annoying me for weeks. I have asked you to leave my 'phone alone. Who are you? What do you want? I am—"

The lady never finished that sentence. The spot upon which the Atlantan stood when he lifted his hat was vacant. He had moved. He moved quickly and rapidly. Not even time to apologize, explain or brace the situation did he have. He had good use of his feet, however, and he showed it by the use he made of them.

WHY UNCLE SAM LACKS TARS.

Too Roughly Treated, Says Fursuth, Speaking on Anti-Chinese Bill.

Washington, February 4.—The senate committee on immigration today heard further arguments on the subject of Chinese exclusion. Ex-Governor James H. Budd, of California, appeared in behalf of the Mitchell-Kahn bill, which he said was simply a codification of the statutes in existence. He said there was nothing radical in it.

Andrew Fursuth, on behalf of the seamen, spoke of the unreliability of the Chinese sailors in time of emergencies on shipboard.

Mr. Fursuth held that the ship subsidy bill, as it stands now, would not have a tendency to bring more American sailors aboard ships or to ameliorate or improve their condition.

He declared that he had obtained information from an official in the bureau of navigation of the navy, whose name he could not recall, that during the war with Spain we only had six properly manned war ships. Asked to name the war ships he had referred to, he could recall but five and mentioned the Oregon, Iowa, Texas, New York and Brooklyn. He said his remarks applied to skilled seamen, regardless of nationality. On one occasion he said he visited a government ship at the Washington navy yard and out of twenty-one men aboard her only one was a native American. After fifteen years of careful study he said it was his firm conviction that the United States lost her seamen because of the treatment she gave them, and he concluded by saying it was not safe to put the merchant marine of the Pacific into the hands of the Chinese.

The committee adjourned to meet on Friday next at 10 a. m.

ROME MAY LOSE CARROLL

Clay Wants County Transferred to Atlanta Judicial Division.

MONEY GIVEN TO COLUMBUS

Senator Clay Secures Appropriation for City's Federal Building. Atlantans at Capital.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, February 4.—(Special.)—Senator Clay today introduced a bill for the transfer of Carroll county from the Rome division of the northern circuit to the Atlanta division. This means that if the bill passes Carroll county business in the United States court will be conducted directly with Atlanta instead of through Rome.

On motion of Senator Clay an appropriation of $3,000 for the completion of the federal building at Columbus was inserted in the emergency deficiency bill, which passed the senate today.

Solicitor General Charley Hill, Major Raine and H. L. Malone, of Atlanta, are in Washington today.

OUR CHINA TRADE GROWING.

Remarkable Increase Since American Occupation of Philippines.

Washington, February 4.—Secretary Wilson has received a report from David G. Fairchild, the expert of the department of agriculture, who, with Mr. Lathrop, a wealthy New Yorker, is exploring the world for new plants for introduction into this country. The report is dated at Colombo, Ceylon, and discusses general conditions in China. He says the missionaries frightened out by the recent troubles are returning to their posts, and that foreign merchants claim the outlook for trade improvement is very favorable in the region of Shanghai. American trade, he says, is more than holding its own against that of other countries.

Mr. Fairchild went to Canton in search of the south Chinese peaches and plums, scions and trees, of which he announces he has shipped here together with some promising litchis, bamboos and persimmons for California and Florida.

The American occupation of Manila has led to a remarkable increase in prices of labor, hotel accommodations and food products in China. Coolies' wages have greatly increased in Hong Kong since the Spanish-American war and important new enterprises complain of a scarcity of labor.

"The growth of our agricultural as well as other exports to China," Mr. Fairchild predicts, "will be a phenomenal one and include many classes of canned and dried goods from our orchards and preserved meats and dairy products from our farms and ranches."

Mr. Fairchild says a British army officer assures him that the Chinese arsenal at Tien-Tsin is manufacturing cannon and small arms, which fall very little short of being as good as those of European manufacture, and this without even the supervision of the Europeans, and that the awakening of China is going on with a rapidity that will soon astonish those westerners who refuse to recognize the course things are taking.

MILLIONS FOR GOVERNMENT

In Sulzer's Bank Bill—Shaw Discusses the Measure.

Washington, February 4.—Secretary Shaw today wrote a letter to Representative Sulzer, of New York, concerning the latter's bill to deposit government funds at interest in national banks throughout the country. Mr. Sulzer's letter asked information as to the amount of interest which the government would have realized had the proposed law been adopted as a part of the national banking law. Secretary Shaw's reply says:

"'If the surplus money in excess of fifty millions working capital had been deposited in clearing house cities in proportion to the relative capital of each bank therein, with no other security than a prior lien upon the bank's assets, the government would have lost nothing, and if the government had realized 2 per cent upon the funds so deposited it would have received $32,000,000. Aided in this way, the banks would have been able to increase credit accommodations to the people in the sum of $200,000,000.

"I think some provision for the deposit of surplus funds belonging to the United States government with national banks upon security other than government bonds would be wise, though I doubt the limitations as to the amount of capital and surplus contained in the bill. I also question the wisdom of the mandatory provisions of the law.

"LESLIE M. SHAW."

MILES IS FRIENDLY TO LABOR.

Therefore, He Wants No Military Posts Near Large Cities.

Washington, February 4.—The army post board, which has been in session in Washington intermittently since November 25 last, concluded its labors and adjourned sine die today.

The board was charged with the preparation of a scheme for the location and distribution of military posts, including the abandonment of existing posts which are now useless from a modern military point of view and the planting of new posts on strategic points. It was also to locate the four great camps for the training of soldiers for the regular army and the cooperative drill with the militia. These things have been done and the board's report is now before Secretary Root, who will send it to congress.

Lieutenant General Miles, the president of the board, has taken a strong position against the location of new posts in the vicinity of great cities on the ground that it can only be construed as intended to menace organized labor, and he has gone so far as to enter a formal protest with Secretary Root against such locations.

OLEOMARGARINE BILL DEBATE.

House Will Probably Vote on the Measure Next Thursday.

Washington, February 4.—The debate on the oleomargarine bill continued today in the house, and the prospects are that a vote will not be reached earlier than Thursday. The opponents of the bill are making a strong fight so far as the presentation of argument is concerned.

The speakers today were Messrs. Tompkins, of New York; Robb, of Missouri; Knapp, of New York; Bates, of Pennsylvania; Davidson, of Wisconsin; Driscoll, of New York, and Hepburn, of Iowa, in favor of, and Messrs. Cowherd, of Missouri; Lanham, of Texas; Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Kleberg, of Texas, against the bill.

Fredericksburg Park Bill.

Washington, February 4.—General Torrance, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, will be heard by the house military committee on February 14 on the bill of Representative Hay, of Virginia, to establish a national military park on the battle field of Fredericksburg, Va.

DELAY NOT DUE TO N., C. & ST. L.

No Hitch Between Roads on Depot Proposal, Says Mr. Harman.

MR. THOMAS' LETTER TO GOVERNOR IS GIVEN OUT

President Thomas Has Had No Correspondence with Any Other Roads on the Subject—Lessee of State Road Only One To Answer.

The delay of the railroads in answering the letters of the depot commission has not been due, as was reported, to any differences between the Southern or any other railroad and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, lessees of the Western and Atlantic.

Governor Candler was assured of this fact yesterday morning by Charles E. Harman, general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic, and the representative of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis on the depot board of control.

Mr. Harman returned yesterday from Nashville, where he was in conference with President J. W. Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway. He informed President Thomas of the reports circulated here to the effect that there were some differences as to the matter of rental between the Southern and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis.

President Thomas stated to Mr. Harman that these reports were unfounded, and in order to show clearly the attitude of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, he gave permission that his letter of January 14 to Governor Candler in reply to the letter of the depot commission be published.

President Thomas' Letter.

President Thomas' reply to the letter of Governor Candler, written at the instance of the depot commission, and submitting the state's proposition with reference to building a new depot, is as follows:

Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway, J. W. Thomas, President, Nashville, Tenn., January 14, 1902.—Hon. A. D. Candler, Governor, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Referring to yours of the 6th, I am authorized by the board of directors of this company to advise you that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, as lessee of the Western and Atlantic railroad, will accept the proposition of the state of Georgia, for the erection of a new union passenger station by the state, as owner of the Western and Atlantic railroad, on the state's property between Whitehall and Loyd streets in the city of Atlanta, provided satisfactory plans can be mutually agreed upon and all the roads now using the present station will contract with the state in accordance with the act, to use the new station during the present lease, eighteen years, and pay their proportion of the rental to this company in accordance with the number of engines and cars arriving at and departing from the station. Yours truly,

(Signed) J. W. THOMAS, President.

What Mr. Harman Says.

"When in Nashville," Mr. Harman said, "I called President Thomas' attention to the telegrams sent out from Atlanta stating that there was some hitch between the railroads over the depot proposal President Thomas stated that he had written to Governor Candler with reference to the matter and had no objection to his letter being published.

"President Thomas further stated that he had had no correspondence, interviews or communication of any kind with the officials of the other roads centering in Atlanta as to what they proposed to do or would do with regard to the act of the legislature authorizing the building of the depot here, and he does not know now whether they will accept or reject the proposal contained in the act.

"My understanding is that the executive officers of each of the roads centering in Atlanta received a copy of the letter sent by President Thomas to Governor Candler."

Has Heard Nothing Further.

Governor Candler has heard nothing further from any of the railroads in reply to the communication sent them at the instance of the depot commission. It has been more than four weeks since the letters were addressed to them, and the indications are that they are taking their time about deciding what they are willing to do.

The members of the depot commission are awaiting anxiously the replies. The rejection of the proposal on the part of any of the roads means that there will be no depot built, and there will be nothing for them to do. They are still hopeful, however, that this will not be the case. As soon as replies have been received from the other railroads Governor Candler will call a meeting of the commission, and the next step, whatever it may be, will be determined upon.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

Mississippi Apportionment Committee Practically Agrees on Them

Jackson, Miss., February 4.—(Special.)—After a sitting of three weeks the legislature apportionment committee has practically agreed on the formation of the new congressional districts as follows:

First District—Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Noxubee, Prentiss, Tishomingo.

Second District—Benton, DeSoto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippaha, Union.

Third District—Bolivar, Coahoma, Quitman, Sunflower, Washington, Tunica, Holmes, Leflore.

Fourth District—Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Montgomery, Pontotoc, Webster, Attala, Yalobusha.

Fifth District—Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Winston, Kempor, Scott, Lauderdale, Smith, Jasper, Clarke.

Sixth District—Simpson, Lawrence, Covington, Jones, Wayne, Greene, Perry, Marion, Pearl River, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson.

Seventh District—Claiborne Copiah, Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, Adams, Wilkinson, Amite, Pike.

Eighth District—Warren, Yazoo, Madison, Hinds Rankin, Sharkey, Issaquena.

The Buffalo at Mardi Gras.

Washington, February 4.—The Buffalo has sailed from Kingston, Jamaica, for New Orleans, to be present during the Mardi Gras.

CUT GLASS

Our Cut Glass shows the possibilities of expert cutting. That brilliant sparkle, clear as the morning dew, is the highest phase of crystal—distinctively beautiful. We have all the designs for table use, suitable for wedding gifts.

MAIER & BERKELE,
31 Whitehall Street.

LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATES MAKING ANNOUNCEMENT

Legislative candidates all over the state are beginning to get into the field now, and every few days a new announcement appears in one of the weekly papers. In some counties it is regarded as too early to start the race, but in most of the counties of the state, if not all, the legislative primary will be held at the same time as the state primary, so that the candidates have only about four months in which to get things in shape.

Among recent announcements for the legislature is that of Judge J. S. Williams, of Ware county. A special to The Constitution from Waycross says that Judge Williams formally announced his candidacy yesterday, and that he will be in the race against Hon. W. M. Toomer, the present representative from that county. Mr. Toomer is well known in Atlanta, having taken a prominent part in the legislative proceedings. It was thought for some time that he would not have any opposition, but it seems that Judge Williams has determined to try conclusions with him.

Another announcement just made is that of Colonel Robert R. Terrell, of Whigham, as a candidate for representative from Decatur county. Speaking of his candidacy The Bainbridge Democrat says:

Colonel Terrell has just completed a highly creditable record as mayor of the town of Whigham, in which he exhibited decided executive ability, and is a leading young lawyer of several years' practice, a good citizen and a very clever man, and withal is quite popular with those that know him. He will make an active campaign of the entire county and if elected will make a creditable, and we doubt not, a faithful and conscientious representative of the entire county.

It is not stated who will be in the race against Colonel Terrell. Decatur county is entitled to two representatives and the chances are there will be others in the field. Hon. Byron B. Bower, Jr., one of the present representatives from Decatur, will be in the race this year for the senate from his district.

MANY GEORGIANS WILL GO.

Many Georgia veterans are laying their plans to attend the coming reunion of confederate veterans at Dallas, Tex., on April 22, 23 and 24. General Clement A. Evans, commander of the Georgia division, said yesterday he was satisfied a great many Georgians would make the trip.

"I believe more veterans will go from Georgia than we had any idea of when it was decided to hold the reunion at Dallas," said General Evans yesterday. "There are many Georgians in Dallas; in fact, they have quite a little colony there, and there are many others in other parts of Texas who will be in Dallas on this occasion.

"The Georgians will hold a special gathering there during the reunion, including both those now living in Texas and those who will visit Dallas at the time. We will have a regular old Georgia love feast, and I hope every one who can possibly make the trip will go.

"I understand preparations are being made to give the veterans one of the greatest entertainments they have ever had. You published yesterday the letter from Secretary C. L. Martin, of the reunion association, showing what they are doing out there by way of preparation. Every veteran who goes is expected to be the guest of Dallas, and I know they are going to give us a royal good time."

FERTILIZER SALES.

Fertilizer sales in Georgia this year are evidently far behind what they were at the same time last year. According to the figures given out by Commissioner O. B. Stevens, of the department of agriculture, the sales of fertilizers as indicated by the sales of inspection tags by the department, are 60,000 tons behind what they were last year.

Several reasons are given for this falling off. There were heavy sales of fertilizers last year; in fact, they were heavier than in any other year of the fertilizer trade in Georgia by more than 50,000 tons. This year the price of provisions is very high, and there is a lot of idle land throughout the state. In some sections it has reached a point where many croppers and tenants find they cannot pay for provisions and pay the rent for land and make a living. For this reason, it is said, the cotton and corn acreage will likely be considerably smaller this year than last.

Fertilizer manufacturers are buying tags right along and the receipts of the department are piling up. It may be that some of the loss over last year will be caught up, but it is believed the sales this year will be at least 50,000 tons less than they were last year, or just about what they were in 1900.

AWAITING THE NOMINATION.

The Bainbridge Democrat, like several other papers throughout the state, has taken no positive stand on the question of the governorship, preferring to wait for the nomination at the party primary. The Democrat says on this subject:

We have been asked to say who The Democrat purposes supporting for governor. In reply, we have to say that the man who secures the nomination in the state primary, and until that time, we don't propose tearing our nether garments for any man in the field, or likely to get into it.

The Democrat has the following interesting paragraphs on the political situation:

The Sparta Ishmaelite says that "if Jim Smith, of Oglethorpe, will have his picture taken and sit down and take a good look at it he will know that he was never intended for governor of this great state of Georgia. This is no joke." But The Griffin News insists that the office doesn't always go to the good looker, the present incumbent to the contrary notwithstanding.

Colonel Estill is right. The joint debate business between candidates for governor had better be left off. Much bitterness has been engendered and little real good done by these hilt to hilt encounters.

Commissioner Glenn seems to be pretty strong with the teachers and not seriously disturbed about his canvass for reelection.

There will be six months of sparring in Georgia; then comes the voting.

Estill's friends are claiming for him at least second place in the race for gubernatorial sweepstakes.

SHORT ITEMS CONCERNING MEN AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

THE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS will hold a meeting in the committee room of the city hall this afternoon, and, as there is no opposition, Colonel Park Woodward will be reelected superintendent of the water department. W. R. Dimmick will also be reelected to the secretaryship of the department. Both will be reelected for terms of two years.

MAYOR MIMS YESTERDAY AFTERNOON signed the January apportionment sheet, which was approved upon recommendation of the finance committee by council at Monday night's session.

SCOTT THOMPSON, THE NEGRO brakeman who was injured in the collision on the Southern road at Belt Junction Monday night, is still living, and the physicians state there is a chance for his recovery. The others who were hurt at the same time are reported as on the road to recovery. The wrecked cars and engines were cleared from the tracks yesterday and traffic was not interfered with.

EDMUND J. SARPY, THE YOUNG man who is held on the charge of swindling business men with a fake guide and forged contracts, is still at the police barracks awaiting a hearing before Judge Newman on a writ of habeas corpus. His case has been set for next Saturday morning.

THE CONDITION OF COLONEL T. B. Neal, who is ill at his home on Peachtree street, was unchanged yesterday. The doctors announce that Mr. Neal is holding his own against the disease, and that is all. Mr. Neal is one of Atlanta's most substantial and beloved citizens, and hundreds of friends anxiously await his recovery.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE Baptist Orphans' home held their monthly meeting yesterday to receive the officers' reports and go over the routine monthly business. The home is in an exceedingly good condition at the present time, and the reports yesterday showed everything to be in a most satisfactory condition. The home is at Hapeville, and is a model institution of its kind.

J. A. CLEARY, GUARDIAN FOR Katie M., Florence T. and Alberta Fleck, yesterday filed proceedings against Joseph D. Deihl, administrator of the estate of Albert H. Deihl, to secure a judgment for amounts aggregating $5,696.45, which he alleges are due these children by a former guardian who is not now in the state. It is set forth that the late Albert Deihl was one of the securities on the bond of the first guardian. The plaintiff is represented by Westmoreland Bros.

PROFESSOR HENRY VAN DYKE, OF Princeton, the noted author and speaker, will in the near future deliver a lecture in Atlanta. Professor Van Dyke has many admirers in Atlanta, and will doubtless be greeted by a large audience when he appears here.

A CONCERT WILL BE GIVEN AT Phillips & Crew's music hall tomorrow evening at 8:30 o'clock by a number of Atlanta's most talented musicians for the purpose of raising funds to furnish the mission chapel at Kirkwood, which is now nearing completion. The congregation, a small band of Episcopalians, assisted by Archdeacon Walton, have paid for the building and the lot on which it stands, and they hope to raise sufficient funds to furnish it from the concert.

MANY PROTESTANTS AS WELL AS Roman Catholics are being attracted to the Mission of the Dominican Fathers, which is being held at the Church of the Immaculate Conception this week. Four services are being conducted daily—at 5:30 a. m., short service; children's service at 7:30, and services, with sermon, at 8 in the morning and 7:30 o'clock in the evening. The mission is being conducted with the principal aim of giving the people a more correct idea of the Catholic church and its purposes. When the mission is concluded, on Sunday night, Father McKenna will go to Louisville and Father Splinter to New York, where they will make short stays to conduct missionary work.

DR. S. L. MORRIS, OF ATLANTA, IS a member of the committee of the Southern Presbyterian church which is now in session at Chattanooga considering better methods for systematizing the home mission work of the church.

T. J. PRITCHARD, OF 71 MANGUM street, died Monday evening at 6 o'clock from a stroke of apoplexy. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon at the residence, and the interment takes place tomorrow at Resaca, Ga.

SINCE THE CHIEF OF POLICE ORganized his crusade against vagrancy in the city, idlers and loafers have become scarce and there has been considerably less stealing and robberies on the streets. An editorial in The Constitution sounded the note of warning and Chief Ball began his crusade with sufficient zeal and earnestness to make it very successful so far.

GENE MOFFETT, A NEGRO BOOTblack, was struck by a switch engine at the Pryor street crossing yesterday afternoon and knocked high in the air. Moffett dropped upon his feet and walked off smiling, while those who had seen the accident were sure that another fatal collision between a biped and six-wheeler had taken place at one of Atlanta's surface railroad crossings.

THE PASSION PLAY LECTURE BY Rev. T. J. Hegarty, at College hall, Sacred Heart church, is now attracting the attention of the Irishmen of the city. Father Hegarty is a deep thinker and a charming talker. Atlanta Irishmen appreciate his talks and the indications are that the audience will be a large one.

THE ATLANTA JUVENILE DRAmatic and Literary Society, composed of boys and girls on Grant park heights, are arranging to give an entertainment after Lent, some time in the first part of April. The society has a hall which is to be fitted up with stage and scenery. The programme is to consist of a one-act comedy and Mrs. Jarley's wax works. About thirty boys and girls will take part in the performance.

IF A GIRL OR BOY SHOULD chance to be seen roaming the woods in search of specimens of wood and grass, with a microscope in one hand and a bag in the other, there is no reason to suspect that such a child is one of the babes in the wood or that he or she is lost. The first grades in the high schools have taken up the study of botany.

GEORGE ISAACS, A NEGRO LAborer at the rock pit on the Chattahoochee line, 5 miles from the city, was horribly torn and disfigured by the premature discharge of dynamite yesterday. Isaacs was sitting over a hole which had been bored in the great rock, pushing the charge of dynamite down slowly and with apparent caution. A small stick, not much larger than a lead pencil, was being used to push the explosive down into the hole, at the bottom of which it was being packed with most delicate touch when the explosion came. At that instant Isaacs was bent over the hole as though looking into it. A portion of the stick was driven through his jaw, causing an ugly wound. He was brought to Atlanta for treatment and will recover.

OFFICERS FOR BIG EXHIBIT

Manufacturers Choose J. K. Orr for President of Association.

MEETING HELD YESTERDAY IN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Other Officers Elected—Efforts To Secure Site for Exhibit—Old Capitol Lot Offered Free of Cost.

At a meeting of the general committee of thirty-two of the Atlanta Manufacturers' Association, held in the chamber of commerce yesterday afternoon, permanent officers were elected.

A motion by Samuel Kaufman to nominate and elect officers was seconded by Mr. Gholstin and carried. Mr. Orr appointed Samuel Gholstin, Captain Lyman Hall, E. H. Inman, H. L. Schlesinger and David Kaufman a committee on nominations.

The committee retired for five minutes and brought in the following nominations: For president, J. K. Orr; for first vice president, R. T. Conley; for second vice president, Samuel D. Jones; for secretary, W. G. Cooper, and for treasurer, H. T. Inman. The nominations were unanimously ratified and the candidates declared elected.

Mr. Orr said: "I thank you, gentlemen, for the honor you have conferred on me and I will pledge my best thought in making this matter a success."

After Mr. Orr had concluded Mr. Schlesinger thanked him for accepting the presidency and assured him that the manufacturers were not ungrateful.

On motion of Mr. Schlesinger to have an "educational" committee appointed, Captain Hall was called on for an expression of opinion. He said that he thought it would be very desirable to have exhibits from the School of Technology and the public schools at the exhibition, and that it would also be a good idea to have some of the pupils at work on special designs at the exhibition. "This would show," said Captain Hall, "that Atlanta is not only making everything, but is teaching her children to do likewise." The motion of Mr. Schlesinger was carried and a committee will be appointed to have the schools represented at the exhibition.

All of the members of the general committee have entered into their duties with great enthusiasm, as was shown at yesterday's meeting, and each of the different members will endeavor to get all of the manufacturers, of which there are over 300 in this city, interested in and pledged to take floor space in the exhibition.

Secretary W. G. Cooper stated that he had communicated with several persons looking to secure a suitable site for the big exhibit of Atlanta-made goods to be held by the association early in April. Mr. Cooper read a letter from John S. Owens, in which the latter offered the Manufacturers' Association the use of the old capitol lot, at Marietta and Forsyth streets, free of cost, for a period of thirty days. It was ascertained that the fire department would waive the law against erecting a wooden structure in the central part of the city for sixty days, but no longer. Mr. Orr said that the Julius Brown building, at the corner of Pryor and Wall streets, could be secured for the purpose of holding the exhibit for a very nominal sum.

It was finally decided to turn the matter over to a committee on location, who will report at the next meeting. Those who will serve on this committee are Samuel D. Jones, L. Gholstin, R. T. Conley, H. L. Schlesinger and E. H. Inman.

After the meeting had adjourned Mr. Orr appointed the following as members of the charter committee: J. P. Stevens, R. A. Hemphill and W. G. Cooper.

Another meeting of the entire association will be called in the near future, at which the various committees that have already been appointed will report.

SNOW IS EXPECTED TODAY.

Weather Indications Point to Rain on Thursday, Following Snow.

"Prepare for snow this afternoon or tonight" is the mandate sent out by the weather bureau. The white flakes will very likely be in evidence before evening unless the temperature takes a sudden shoot upward, in which event a rainstorm will probably follow. The lowest temperature reported by the weather bureau at 8 o'clock last night was 26 degrees, while the highest was 34. Later in the night, however, the thermometer began to fall rapidly and at 11 o'clock 19 degrees was registered.

The snow storm, if it comes, will not last very long, as the forecast for Thursday promises rain with variable winds, followed by northwesterly. It is not unlikely, though, that the snowfall will begin in the afternoon and last throughout the evening, and if the cold weather continues Thursday's rainstorm is likely to become sidetracked and snow may take its place.

CHURCHMEN IN CONVENTION.

Union Meeting Is in Session at Washington.

Washington, February 4.—About seventy-five ministers, representing almost every religious denomination in the country, assembled here today to attend the second annual conference of the National Federation of Churches and Christian Workers. There were a number of addresses from well-known divines.

Dr. L. C. Barnes, of Pittsburg, argued that ecclesiastical union is impossible and that their operation in religious work is the only practical method to bring about good results.

ALL ALIKE.

Doctors Agree on Food.

All physicians agree that good food, properly selected, is of the utmost importance, not only for the cure of diseases, but to maintain health, even when one is well.

Dr. William Hale, of 14 Pleasant street, Gloucester, Mass., says: "I count it a pleasure to say a good word for Postum Food Coffee, with which I have been enabled to relieve so many sufferers, and which I count, with its valued companion, Grape-Nuts, one of the daily blessings.

"Coffee was banished from my own table some time ago and Postum used regularly in its place.

"I frequently find it necessary to instruct patients when they take Postum Coffee for the first time to be quite sure that it has been boiled long enough to bring out the clear, black color and the rich taste, as well as the health-giving qualities."

The doctor inclosed the names of six patients who were formerly nervous dyspeptics, but have been cured by his professional care and the discontinuance of coffee and the using of Postum Food Coffee in its place.

ATLANTA MAN FOR CHAPLAIN

Dr. Tupper, Assistant Rector of St. Lukes, Appointed by Attorney General.

CONTEST HAD BEEN LIVELY AND CLOSE

Dr. Tupper Is a Prominent Atlanta Minister, and Was Strongly Supported by Churchmen, Citizens and Representatives.

Washington, February 4.—(Special.)—The Rev. Dr. Tullius C. Tupper, of Atlanta, was today appointed chaplain of the southern federal prison. There has been a lively contest for this place, which pays $1,500, with applicants from all parts of Georgia and the south.

The final decision was reached by Attorney General Knox today. He has all along been very friendly to Dr. Tupper, but recently republicans from other southern states have been making a strong pull to command the appointment, and it looked very much as if they would succeed. Dr. Tupper has been here several days.

It is doubtful if any man could have made bid for any rank or office with his application backed by stronger credentials or higher indorsements than accompanied the Rev. Dr. T. C. Tupper's candidacy for the chaplaincy of the federal prison here. From bishops of his church, from brother ministers of the gospel, from statesmen of Georgia and elsewhere, as well as from public and professional men came the strongest recommendations to the attorney general for the appointment

The campaign for this office has been a spirited one, and the appointment of Dr. Tupper is a signal victory for those friends of the democratic ranks who supported him so loyally for the place.

Dr. Tupper came to Atlanta about ten years ago from Leavenworth, Kans., having been called to the rectorate of St. Philips church. Later Dr. Tupper resigned from this pulpit and did ministerial work in other states. When the Spanish-American war came on he was made an army chaplain. In this capacity he proved himself not only a campaigner equal to the best, but added largely to his already long list of warm personal friends.

At the close of the war Dr. Tupper filled temporarily a pulpit in North Carolina and later was made assistant rector of St. Lukes church, in this city, which place he has held until recently.

The new chaplain is possessed of a wonderfully frank, magnetic nature that fits him peculiarly for the duties his position will demand. During his first association with Atlanta he has been one of the most loyal supporters of the interests of the people and the place. There are many friends of his here who will extend not only to the chaplain, but to the prison management, sincere congratulations.

Nearly sixty years ago Dr. Radway first prepared Radway's Ready Relief for the use of practicing physicians. The general public soon learned the value of this remedy, and it early attained wide popularity. Its name is now among the most familiar of household words. After the reputation of the Ready Relief had become established, Dr. Radway, recognizing the universal demand for a reliable cathartic, began the preparation of sale of Radway's Regulating Pill. Radway's Resolvent soon followed, and the phenomenal success of these remedies was the wonder of the day. So popular have these preparations become that hardly a ship sails from New York, Boston, San Francisco or any other American port without including in its cargo a supply of these medicines. Prepared by Radway & Co., New York.

IN THE COURTS.

Says Husband Was Cruel.

In the superior court yesterday Ruth Coker, through her attorneys, Kilpatrick & McClelland, instituted divorce proceedings against her husband, James Erwin Coker. She says they were married September 23, 1900, and lived together until the fall of last year. She alleges that her husband was an habitual drunkard and treated her cruelly.

Wants the Five Shares.

J. B. McCreary yesterday brought bail trover proceedings against W. S. Witham to secure five shares of East Atlanta Land Company stock, which he alleges Mr. Witham is in possession of and refuses to turn over to him. The value of the stock is placed at $400. Attorneys King & Spalding and J. E. Van Valkenburg represent the plaintiff in the case.

Behre Claims Commissions.

Charles H. Behre yesterday filed complaint in attachment in the city court against Charles Lippincott & Co., of Philadelphia, and the American Soda Fountain Company, of New Jersey, to secure judgment in the sum of $3,614.13, together with interest, which he claims is due him as commission for sales made between 1895 and 1897. It is set out that six years ago he was employed by the defendant company as a traveling salesman and was to receive 25 per cent commission on all the goods he sold, his commission to be paid when the bills were collected. Mr. Behre asserts that in all his commissions aggregated $12,592.78, on which he received $8,978.65. He desires judgment for the balance, which he alleges is due him. Westmoreland & Bro. represent the plaintiff.

Seeks Possession of Ring.

Alleging that Will C. Jones is in possession of a gold ring with an amethyst setting, which Orris Donehoo claims as his own, Donehoo yesterday sued out bail trover proceedings for the purpose of getting the piece of jewelry. The ring is valued at $25. Attorney W. M. Bray represents Donehoo.

Sheriff's Sales Net $2,500.

Yesterday, being the first Tuesday in the month, was sales day in the sheriff's office. Only a few pieces of property were disposed of at public outcry before the court house doors. The proceeds of the sale aggregated $2,500.

Many Cases on Docket.

Judge Calhoun will be busy during the remainder of the week with bond and jail cases. A number of cases were disposed of yesterday, but the docket is a large one and the court and solicitor will have their hands full to clear it before Saturday.

Two Infants Die of Pneumonia.

Alexander City, Ala., February 4.—(Special.)—Felix, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Walker, of this place, died last night after an illness of two weeks with pneumonia. This is the second child in this family that has died in the past twenty days of pneumonia.

Hot·Rolls,

hot muffins, hot cakes, made with Royal Baking Powder may be freely eaten without fear of indigestion.

ADRIFT WITH HER BABES

Poor Woman with Three Children Begs for Work.

SLEEPS AT POLICE BARRACKS

When Told She Might Have To Give Up Her Children She Wept Bitterly.

With three little children, Mrs. Martha J. Blackburn went to the police barracks last night to get a place to sleep.

The poor woman's story is a sad one. She states that her husband, G. W. Blackburn, died about two years ago at Ducktown, Tenn., leaving her without money and without a home. She went to Gainesville to get work, and failed. As a last resort she came to Atlanta with the hope that some one would take pity upon her condition and help her to support herself and children.

Her father was a prominent farmer in Habersham county, Georgia. He died when she was but 10 years of age. Her eldest child is 6, her second 4 and her youngest 2 years of age. Police Matron Bohnefeld gave her and the children a bed for the night and promised to do what she could to get her work.

When told that she might obtain work if she gave up her children, the woman wept bitterly.

"Of course it will almost break my heart to give up my poor babies," she said, "but if I must do it I suppose I will have to make the sacrifice. I would be perfectly willing to give them up for a little while, but they say if I send them to the Home for the Friendless I must promise never to try to get them back again. If I could only get a place to work and have a room near by where I could leave them during the day, I would be happy. It will almost be death to me to part from them forever."

Mrs. Bohnefeld says it is one of the saddest cases she has ever come in contact with.

"I never saw a mother more devoted to her children," stated the police matron, "and I do hope some one can give her a place to work where she will not be forced to part with her children."

DYING, HE SHOT STRAIGHT.

Mortally Wounded, Negro Doctor Kills Member of Mob.

Charleston, W. Va., February 4.—At Glenjean, Fayette county, last night a mob went to the home of T. Williams, a colored herb doctor, called him to the door and shot him to death. He, however, lived long enough to return the fire and this morning Mose Allen, colored, was found a short distance away shot through the stomach. He died this afternoon, saying that he was passing along the road and was struck by a stray bullet. Williams was a recent arrival from Tennessee and ignorant negroes believed him to be a conjurer.

1902 SPRING HATS

They are here in all the new Blocks and best productions of the noted Hat makers. . . . . . .

Derbies,
Alpines,
Panamas

Exclusive Agents Banisters' Fine Shoes, B. & P. "Korrect Shape" Shoes. . . . .

HIRSCH BROS.,
Men's Outfitters
"Head to Foot."
44 Whitehall St.

Habit Is Habit,

not to be flung out of the window, but coaxed down stairs a step at a time. And so we don't ask everyone who've been buying elsewhere to buy our goods just because WE sell them. Here are the steps—the steps of reason—by which we wish to appeal:

We manufacture, in our own factory, all the clothing we sell; we sell through our retail stores, from our factory, direct to wearer; we have a reputation for high class goods and must manufacture good goods to sustain our reputation; by selling direct from factory to wearer we save one profit, which we give to our customers, in selling the same quality at a less price than others; we want your trade—want you to wear our clothing all the time; we think it a good chance for you to try our clothing now and become a permanent customer As an inducement we offer one-half, one-third, one-fourth off during our Removal Sale now running.

Spring shapes have just arrived in our Hat Department and are now ready for your inspection.

Sole Agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

Eiseman Bros.,
(THE WHITEHALL STREET CLOTHIERS)
Temporary Address
Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets.
Half Block from Union Depot.
OUR ONLY ATLANTA STORE.

Eiseman Bros., Washington, D. C.
Eiseman Bros., Atlanta, Ga.
Eiseman Bros., Baltimore, Md.

FOR RENT:

6-r. h., 202 West Fair st..	$15.60	9-r. h., 76 Central Place...	30.00
5-r. h., 73 Simpson st..	18.00	8-r. h., 492 Central avenue...	25.00
5-r. h., 57 Irwin st..	18.00	8-r. h., 87 Central avenue...	25.00
5-r. h., 62 West Peachtree..	27.50	6-r. h., 68 Smith st.....	17.50
7-r. h., 522 S. Pryor st.....	27.50	7-r. h., 5 Crew st...	25.00
8-r. h., 400 Jackson st...	20.00	10-r. h., 182 North Boulevard...	35.00
8-r. h., 303 East Pine st...	25.00	9-r. h., 72 Walton st....	37.50

We publish a weekly Rent Bulletin, giving a full description of everything we have for rent. Call or send for copy. We move tenants free.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE,
The Renting Agent, 50 North Broad Street.

HELP WANTED—Male.

GLAZIER wanted; must be first class; no others need apply. Brunswick Sash and Door Co. 2-4-3t

CUSTOM cutter wanted by J. H. Haller, Akron, Ohio, on February 17, one using the great modern system preferred. Address A. D. Rude, 1135 Broadway, New York. 2-2-5

TRAVELING salesman, also advertisers; salary or no go. Triumph Co., Dallas, Tex. 2-2-5t-sun-wed

WANTED—An experienced man to handle a first-class line of advertising novelties; exclusive territory given. Barnes Novelty Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Bookkeepers, salesmen, mechanics, stenographers and all who are seeking positions to call on or write us. Guarantee positions to applicants. The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg., Atlanta, Ga. 2-3-tf

ARE YOU dissatisfied with your work? Our free booklet, "Are Your Hands Tied?" tells how we have qualified thousands in spare time for salaried positions in more congenial and profitable lines of work. Write International Correspondence Schools, Box 1632 Scranton, Pa., or call day or evening. Atlanta office, 919 Prudential building.

SPLENDID wages paid men who learn barber trade with us; can earn scholarship, board, tools and tranportation if desired, two months required, 100 wanted to prepare for Spring rush. Particulars mailed. Moler Barber Colege, St. Louis, Mo. 2-2-6t

COMMISSION salesmen wanted. Shoe salesmen residing in the south to carry a superior side line of hand crocheted worsted slippers on a commission basis; line is not bulky and sells readily to finest and medium retail trade. Address, stating territory covered, "Liberal Commission," care R. Guenther's Adv. Agency, 108 Fulton st., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TOPPERS and machine hands. Apply Empire Knitting Co., 575 Marietta st., city.

100 WOMEN will be given regular employment in our sewing room; experience not necessary. Nunnally Bros., 36 W. Alabama st. 2-2-7t

WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—A1 dress goods salesman that understands trimming windows and writing ads. Good reference required. Address P. O. Box 232, Talladega, Ala.

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—Some good canvassers for Georgia, either sex. $55 per mo. and a commission. Box 595, Atlanta. 2-5-7-8-9

GOOD men wanted to solicit orders and superintend applying the celebrated "A.-G." Roof Coating; best on earth. T. C. McDonald, Mgr., 447 Central ave., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED—"Story of Stonewall Jackson." A winner for agents. One-half of the publishers' profits go to General Jackson's grandchildren. This work gives not simply his war record, but a full story of the great hero's life. The fastest selling book of the year. One agent reports five orders first half day, another reports four orders first hour, another seven orders from the first ten calls made. Terms liberal. Exclusive territory. Apply to D. E. Luther Publishing Co., Atlanta, Ga., sole publishers. 1-22-su-wed-4w

PROFITABLE work offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to The Ladies' Home Journal and The Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets, and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first-rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with a story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 11-22-78t

WANTED—State agents for a number of southern states to control the sale, advertise and distribute the celebrated "Diamond" Household Remedies and Preparations, sold only through agents. A handsome income can be secured by a small expenditure. Applicants must be prepared to carry stock to supply their local and county agents. At least a capital of $250 is required. Applicants must furnish not less than 3 first-class references or no application will receive attention. Send stamped, addressed envelope to insure attention. We make the infallible "Diamond" Ague Cure, a sure cure for the "shakes;" "Diamond" Diarrhea and Dysentery Cure, "Diamond" Hair Restorer and Scalp Renovator, "Diamond" Cough Syrup and Lung Balsam, "Diamond" System Tonic and Blood Purifier, "Diamond" Corn and Wart Renovator, "Diamond" "Ivory Myhor" Tooth Powder, "Diamond" "Quick Stop" Toothache Cure, "Diamond" Cathartic Pills, "Diamond" Cure for Alcoholism, never fails; Etc., Etc., Etc. We also manufacture "Roachaline," the only sure cockroach destroyer. Put up in bulk especially for use in hotels, restaurants and public institutions. Our goods are repeaters and are sold strictly on their merits. Write us today for territory. Diamond Remedy and Mfg. Co., office 239 Merrick ave., Detroit, Mich.

PERSONAL.

NOTICE many imitate, none equal, Professor May, life reader. Offices privately arranged. 178½ Peachtree street, opposite Aragon hotel.

FREE DENTISTRY—Southern Dental College, opposite Grady hospital, 100 Butler street, is open for patients. All work free. Patients pay for material only. Call any afternoon. tf

MME. ELRADO, palmist, tells past, present, future. The one who calls first in the morning will get a free reading. 106 North Forsyth street.

THE Infirmary of the Atlanta Dental College, 38½ Marietta street, is open for the reception of patients. No charge except for material. Competent demonstrators in charge.

WE SELL all grades of coal and wood. Kelley Coal and Ice Co. Phones 894. Prompt delivery. 2-1-1m

WANTED—The addresses of persons who have used Swamp Root and have been benefited thereby. Address N. & H., Box 435, Atlanta, Ga. 10-4-tf

LADIES—$500 reward for a case of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless veg. safe, sure. How long suppressed? Dr. Jacksosn R. Co., R 852, 167 Dearborn, Chicago. 2-2-7t

LADIES' COLUMN.

THE Infirmary of the Atlanta Dental College, 38½ Marietta street, is open for the reception of patients. No charge except for material. Competent demonstrators in charge.

FOUND.

WE SELL all grades of coal and wood. Kelley Coal and Ice Co. Phones 894. Prompt delivery. 2-1-1m

FOUND—The best place to have spectacles and eyeglasses neatly and quickly repaired. Hawkes', 14 Whitehall, on the viaduct 1-29-6t

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

ALL furniture and furnishings in rooms 713 and 714 Grand opera building for sale. Terms cash. F. H. Moore.

LARGE STOCK lap robes, horse blankets, whips and other goods at cost for cash. 47-49 S. Broad street. 2-5-1mo

WE SELL all grades of coal and wood. Kelley Coal and Ice Co. Phones 894. Prompt delivery 2-1-1m

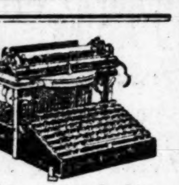
WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—White puppy, about 2 m[illegible] old, lap dog. Address P., 249 Peter[illegible]

VERNON INN,
Clearwater Harbor, Fla.
Night Express Sleeping Car, Parlor Car on Day Train. Best Golf Links in South. Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Good Hunting and Trap Shooting.
HARVEY & WOOD, Proprietors.

FIELDER & ALLEN CO.
"The Office Outfitters,"
ATLANTA, GA.
Desks, Chairs, Sectional Filing Cabinets and Bookcases.
TYPEWRITERS
RENTED, SOLD, REPAIRED.
Typewriters Supplies.

LOCOMOBILES AND TYPEWRITERS



(I have a lot of second-hand Standard machines for sale at cost.)

H. M. ASHE,
Y. M. C. A. Corner, Atlanta, Ga.

Phone 10 For Bicycle MESSENGER. Any part of city 10c.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated with rooms and board at 183 Whitehall st.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 88 South Forsyth street.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT — Unfurnished, beautiful front room second floor, with or without meals. 68 Walton street.

FOR RENT—Stores.

NOS. 53 and 55 South Pryor street, opposite court house, will be rented cheap, separately or together; good stand for grocery store, printing offices, etc. Will be put in first-class repair. W. D. Ellis, 525 Prudential.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VIGNAUX'S RESTAURANT is now located at 15 and 17 South Pryor st.

THE Infirmary of the Atlanta Dental College, 38½ Marietta street, is open for the reception of patients. No charge except for material. Competent demonstrators in charge.

LOST.

LOST—Tuesday, 4 p. m., lady's open-faced watch between 316 Courtland and Scott & Pevy's on Peachtree; return receive reward.

LOST—Small setter bitch, white and liver. Return to 51 Williams st. and get reward.

WATCHES.

WATCHES cleaned 50c, main springs 50c, diamonds reset, jewelry made and repaired; all work first-class. Boley, 141 Peachtree.

MONEY TO LOAN.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. J. T. Holleman, 8 West Alabama st.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

$100,000 TO LEND on city property in sums to suit at 5 and 6 per cent and on farms 6 per cent. Call or write. S. W. Carson, 6½ S. Broad st.

J. T. HOLLEMAN negotiates loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. 8 West Alabama street.

MONEY to lend on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, first floor, Gould building, before borrowing.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, room 46 Inman building, city loans 5 and 6 per cent.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

WANTED—Interest in established office business. 47, care Constitution.

STEAMED OYSTERS on dinner today at Vignaux's, 15 S. Pryor st.

WE SELL all grades of coal and wood. Kelley Coal and Ice Co. Phones 894. Prompt delivery. 2-1-1m

SECOND NOTICE—I am no longer connected with the firm of Campbell Basil Co., having sold my interest in said firm 20th June, 1901. E. Basil.

Atlanta, Ga., December 31, 1901.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Hatcher & Dunlap has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Each will continue in the insurance business, and all partnership matters will be closed jointly. CLIFF C. HATCHER, EDGAR DUNLAP.

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents, and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Southern Architect and Building News" invaluable in securing information in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WE SELL all grades of coal and wood. Kelley Coal and Ice Co. Phones 894. Prompt delivery. 2-1-1m

HUSTLING men with small capital will do well to handle the celebrated "A.-G." Root Coating, now being applied to roofs M. Rich & Bro. and other roofs on Whitehall st. Patronized by the different railroads. T. C. McDonald, "A.-G." Roof Paint Works, agency, 447 Central ave., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Cotton ginnery, up-to-date in every respect. Upland and Sea Island receipts last season over $4,100, clear profit over $2,500. Could be greatly enlarged Excellent location for small oil mill. Plenty power all ready. Address B. D. Hartsfield, Cairo, Ga. 2-2-8t

WALL PAPER.

WE have in stock the fine wall papers that received the gold medal at the Pan-American exposition. See them at 29 E. Hunter. J. M. Quick Co., 'phones 729. 1-26 6m

AUCTION SALES.

OWING to the heavy rains last Friday the auction sale of fine furniture, carpets, piano, etc., will be sold today at 10 a. m. at 18 E. Hunter street. The public is respectfully invited to attend. Leo Fresh, auctioneer. 2-4-1w

Essig Bros.'

25% Discount Sale

is attracting attention. Has it attracted yours? Think it over.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Overcoats and Odd Pants

at just 1-4 less than actual value. We have all sizes, large and small, your size included.

The garments are made in the latest style, perfect fitting, perfectly tailored, correct in every way.

Of course, the early comers pick the best, so better get here early.

Essig Bros.
The Popular Clothiers.
37 Whitehall St.
Bell 'Phone 2845.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

Notable Opinions Handed Down Yesterday Morning.

LOCAL CASES ARE DECIDED.

Court of Last Resort Brings to a Close a Number of Issues Long Pending.

Decisions rendered Tuesday, February 4, 1902.

225. Crumpler, executor, v. Barfield & Wilson Company. Levy and claim. Before Judge Littlejohn. Dooly superior court.

Cobb, J.—A will contained the following item: "To my beloved daughter, Eliza M. D. Crumpler, I give and bequeath the use, benefit, and profit of fifty acres of my land (describing it). This I give and bequeath to my daughter, Eliza M. D. Crumpler, so long as she shall desire to remain satisfied upon it; and she shall not have the right to sell or transfer the same to any other person, but when she becomes dissatisfied with same, then it shall revert back to the balance of the possession from which it was taken." The devisee went into possession of the property after the probate of the will, and remained in possession for more than thirteen years without expressing any dissatisfaction. Held (1.) That even if the restraints sought to be placed in the latter portion of the item of the will upon the devisee as the owner of the fee-simple estate which is created by the first sentence are not all void, it was incumbent upon the devisee to elect, within a reasonable time after she entered into possession whether she desired to remain satisfied on the land, and thus become the absolute owner thereof. (2.) That, after the lapse of the time above mentioned, she will be conclusively presumed to have elected to remain satisfied upon the property, and therefore become the fee-simple owner under the terms of the will. (3.) That in any event the item of the will cannot be so construed as to authorize the devisee, after entering upon the land and remaining satisfied thereon for more than thirteen years, to surrender possession to the executor and disclaim all interest in the property, for the purpose of defeating the levy of an execution founded upon a judgment against her.

Judgment affirmed. All the justices concur, except Lewis, J., who dissents.

J. T. Jeter, J. F. Powell & Son, and J. H. Martin, for plaintiff in error.

Thomson & Whipple, contra.

226. Stripling v. State. Before Judge Felton. Houston superior court.

Little, J.—1. On the trial of one charged with carrying concealed weapons it was error to instruct the jury as follows: "I charge you, gentlemen of the jury, that a pistol must be carried in such an open manner and so fully exposed to view that a person meeting the one with the weapon would readily see and know that he had a pistol about his person."

(a) One meeting another may not see a pistol which the other carries, although fully exposed to view in the manner in which it is carried.

(b) It is the manner in which the weapon is carried, and not the fact that one meeting him did not see it, which determines the guilt of the accused.

2. The evidence of a witness that the defendant had a pistol in his pocket, that he did not see it, but saw the shape of it, is not sufficient to authorize a conviction.

3. Nor in such a trial can a conviction lawfully, be had upon the evidence of witnesses who testify in effect that they saw in the pocket of the accused enough of the pistol exposed to enable them to perceive that it was a pistol.

Judgment reversed. All concur.

C. E. Brunson, for plaintiff in error.

William Brunson, solicitor general, contra.

227. Mobley v. State. Larceny. Before Judge Nottingham. City court of Macon.

Lumpkin, P. J.—When a master intrusts to his servant a bill for the purpose of getting the same changed and bringing back the change to the former, and the latter fraudulently appropriates the bill to his own use and does not return it or the change, he is guilty, not of simple larceny, but of larceny after trust.

Judgment reversed. All concur.

W. E. Martin, Jr., and C. H. Hall, Jr., for plaintiff in error.

William Brunson, solicitor general, contra.

228. Monford v. State. Motion to dismiss the writ of error.

Fish, J.—A writ of error does not lie to the supreme court from a "city court," when the act for the establishment of the same, approved November 22, 1900, does not provide for jury trials by a full panel of twelve jurors.

Writ of error dismissed. All concur.

J. R. Williams, for plaintiff in error.

F. A. Hooper, solicitor general, contra.

229. Walters v. State. Motion to dismiss the writ of error.

Lewis, J.—Under the ruling just announced in the case of Monford v. State (228), this court has no jurisdiction of the writ of error in the present case.

Writ of error dismissed. All concur. (No opinion.)

Blalock & Cobb, for plaintiff in error.

F. A. Hooper, solicitor general, and J. A. Ansley, Jr., contra.

230. Cobb et al. v. VanWinkle Gin and Machine Works. Motion to dismiss.

Little, J.—This case is controlled by the decision this day rendered in the case of Monford v. State (228).

Writ of error dismissed. All concur, except Cobb, J., disqualified. (No opinion.)

J. B. Hudson and James Taylor, for plaintiffs in error.

W. F. Clarke and F. A. Hooper, contra.

231 Duggs v. Prather. Motion to dismiss.

Fish, J.—The writ of error in this case being from the city court of Americus, it is, under the decision in Monford v. State (228), this day rendered, dismissed for want of jurisdiction in this court to entertain it.

Writ of error dismissed. All concur. (No opinion.)

J. R. Williams, for plaintiff in error.

J. N. Scarborough and Shipp & Sheppard, contra.

232. Daniel v. Scarborough. Motion to dismiss.

Lumpkin, P. J.—Under the ruling announced by this court in the case of Monford v. State (228), this day decided, the supreme court has no jurisdiction of a writ of error from the city court of Americus, as constituted on the 11th day of July, 1901.

Writ of error dismissed. All concur. (No opinion.)

J. R. Williams, for plaintiff in error.

Blalock & Cobb, contra.

233 Ransom v. State. Before Judge Evans. Washington superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—No error of law was complained of, and the evidence warranted the verdict.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

J. A. Robson, for plaintiff in error.

B. T. Rawlings, solicitor general, contra.

234. Daniel v. State. Escape. Before Judge Proffitt. City court of Elberton.

Lewis, J.—1. The incorporation into the code of 1895 of the provisions of an act passed previously to that time cures any defect which may have existed in the original act by reason of its containing matter different from that expressed in its title, or attempting to amend a section of the code by mere reference to its number.

2. In an accusation for escape, based upon section 314 of the penal code, where the court under whose sentence the accused was confined at the time of the alleged escape was established in pursuance of a public act of the general assembly, it was not necessary to allege where the court was located, or that it had jurisdiction to try the accused, these facts appearing from the act itself, the material portions of which are to be read into the accusation.

3. The allegation, in an accusation for escape, that the accused "unlawfully" escaped from a named chaingang dispenses with the necessity of the further allegation that the chaingang in question was a lawful place of confinement.

4. A clerical error in a certified copy of a court paper will not render the paper inadmissible in evidence, where it clearly appears from the context what the true purport of the document is.

5. A certified copy is primary evidence of the contents of any book or paper which is required by law to be kept in the office of its custodian.

6. A chaingang controlled and managed by private persons, and over which the only act of authority exercised by the county authorities is the appointment of guards who are in the pay of such persons, is not legal place of confinement, and one escaping therefrom cannot be convicted under section 314 of the penal code.

Judgment reversed. All concur.

Z. B. Rogers, for plaintiff in error.

T. J. Brown, solicitor, contra.

235. Jones v. State. Before Judge Proffitt. City court of Elberton.

Lewis J.—This case is controlled by the decision this day rendered in the case of Daniel v. State (234).

Judgment reversed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

236. Higgins v. State. Larceny. Before Judge Henry. Floyd superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—The evidence, though entirely circumstantial, was sufficient to show beyond a reasonable doubt, and to the exclusion of every other rational hypothesis, that the accused committed the crime with which he was charged. This being so, and there being no complaint that any error of law was committed at the trial, this court will not interfere with the judgment denying a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

H. F. Sharp and Denny & Harris, for plaintiff in error.

Moses Wright, solicitor general, contra.

237. Thomas v. State. Fornication. Before Judge Jones. Haralson superior court.

Little, J.—No evidence appears in the record which is sufficient to establish a legal conclusion that the plaintiff in error was guilty of the offense with which he was charged. Therefore a new trial should have been granted.

Judgment reversed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

W. R. Hutcheson and E. S. & G. D. Griffith, for plaintiff in error.

W. T. Roberts, solicitor general, contra.

238. Perryman v. State. Murder. Before Judge Reagan. Stewart superior court.

Lewis, J.—1. In criminal case it is the proper practice for the court to allow counsel for the accused a reasonable time for consultation, when requested; but a refusal to do so will not, in a case where the verdict was demanded by the evidence, and where it does not distinctly appear how the accused was injured thereby, work a reversal of the judgment.

2. The fact that one has been told that another has spoken slanderous words concerning a member of his family will not justify the former in taking the life of the latter, or reduce the killing below the grade of murder.

3. No error of law appears to have been committed by the trial court; the verdict was demanded by the evidence; and the court below did not err in refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concur.

E. T. Hickey, J. T. Harrison, Harrell & Harrell, H. C. Cameron, and Dupont Guerry, for plaintiff in error.

J. M. Terrell, attorney general, F. A. Hooper, solicitor general, J. H. Worrill, E. J. Wynn, and S. T. Pinkston, contra.

239. Pinson v. Bass. Before Judge Spence. Worth superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. Where the transferee of a negotiable promissory note brings suit thereon, and the maker files a plea of failure of consideration and that the plaintiff purchased the note after maturity, it is not error to refuse to strike the plea because the transfer appears on its face to have been made before the maturity of the note.

2. Where such a plea has been filed, it is not error to admit evidence to sustain it.

3. The plea having been duly filed, it was not error to refuse to continue the case in order that the plaintiff might have an opportunity to rebut the defendant's evidence as to the time of the transfer of the note.

4. The evidence was sufficient to authorize the verdict, and the judge did not err in overruling the certiorari.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

Perry & Tipton, by Z. D. Harrison, for plaintiff.

Forehand & Warren, for defendant.

240 Hurst v. Goodwin, by next friend. Slander. Before Judge Bennet. Pierce superior court.

Cobb, J.—An infant may by his next friend maintain an action for slander.

Judgment affirmed. All concur.

Estes & Walker and Leon A. Wilson, for plaintiff in error.

S. W. Sturgis and R. G. Mitchell, Jr. contra.

241. Roberts v. State. Selling liquor without license. Before Judge Candler. Coffee superior court.

Fish, J.—Neither the act of October 2, 1879, fixing "the amount of license for selling or vending spirituous, intoxicating, or malt liquors" in Coffee and other counties therein named (acts 1878-9, p. 388), nor the amendment thereto of August 18, 1881, applicable to that county (acts 1880-81, p. 594), nr the amendment of September 4, 1883, applicable to the county of Coffee (acts 1882-3, p. 567), is unconstitutional as being special legislation in a case provided for by the general domestic wine act of February 27, 1877 (acts 1877, p. 33), under which domestic wines without license, in quantities not less than one quart, by the manufacturers thereof; as the several local acts above referred to apply only to such spirituous, intoxicating, or malt liquors as cannot lawfully be sold without license.

Judgment affirmed. All concur.

Quincy & McDonald, for plaintiff in error.

John W. Bennett, solicitor general, Leon A. Wilson, and Toomer & Reynolds, contra.

242. Columbus Power Company v. City Mills Company and vice versa. Equitable petition. Before Judge Littlejohn. Muscogee superior court

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. The failure of a jury, to whom a case is submitted upon special issues of fact, to answer a question which is ab initio immaterial, or which, in view of another finding, becomes so, does not vitiate their verdict, when, taken as a whole, it is sufficiently comprehensive to support a judgment which properly disposes of the entire case.

2. Nor in such a case is the verdict rendered invalid by the submission to the jury of immaterial questions or the answering thereof.

3. In a case thus submitted a particular finding of the jury will not be treated as inconsistent with another, when, construing both in the light of the pleadings, they are not necessarily repugnant. The findings in the present case which are alleged to be inconsistent with each other are not so when thus construed.

4. It was not, under the evidence in this case, impossible for the jury to answer correctly the main and controlling question submitted to them without first arriving at what would have been correct answers to those questions which were not answered.

5. The evidence warranted the answer which the jury returned to this particular question, and the judgment entered in accord therewith was the necessary result.

Judgment on main bill of exceptions affirmed; cross-bill dismissed. All concur.

W. A. Wimbish, for plaintiff.

Hatcher & Carson and J. H. Martin, for defendant.

243. Pulaski County v. DeLacy, solicitor general, et al. Complaint. Before Judge Roberts. Pulaski superior court.

Little, J.—1. Money which has been received by county officials for the hire of misdemeanor convicts must, under the statute, be applied to the payment of the fees of the public officers who rendered services in the cases of such convicts, and the witnesses' fees. Only the balance which remains after such application can lawfully be paid into the county treasury, or become a part of the county funds.

2. It being the official duty of the persons in charge of the county business to so apply these funds, a mandamus will lie to compel their compliance with the terms of the statute; but a suit against the county at the instance of an officer interested is not a proper proceeding to cause such application to be made; nor will such an action lie against a county merely for the failure or refusal of the county officials to perform a legal duty.

3. A county is not liable to the officers of court, who rendered services in the trial and conviction of persons charged with a misdemeanor, for the value of the labor of such convicts while worked and confined on a chaingang established by the county in which such persons were convicted.

4. The allegations made in the petition as amended set out no cause of action against the county, and the demurrer should have been sustained.

Judgment reversed. All concur.

J. B. Mitchell and J. H. Martin for plaintiff in error.

J. F. DeLacy, W. L. Grice & Sons and Spencer R. Atkinson, contra.

244. Mason v. State. Before Judge Evans. Washington superior court.

Lewis, J.—No error of law was complained of. The evidence warranted the verdict, and the court below did not err in refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

J. A. Robson, for plaintiff in error.

B. T. Rawlings, solicitor general, contra.

245. Walters v. Americus Jewelry and Music Company. Trover. Before E. A. Hawkins, judge pro hac vice. Sumter superior court.

Fish, J.—1. Whatever may be the proper legal construction of the written contract in evidence in the present case, there is no complaint, either of the court's failure to construe it, or of the admission of parol evidence to show what the real transaction between the parties was. This being so, and the case having been tried upon the evidence introduced, consisting of the written instrument and the testimony of the witnesses in reference to the contract, the case should be dealt with accordingly.

2. Under the evidence the jury were authorized to find that under the contract there was a sale, with a reservation in the seller of the right to retake possession of the property upon the buyer's failure to pay as agreed; and this was, in effect, a reservation of title in the seller.

3. Dealing with the case as above indicated, the request to charge which was refused by the court was inappropriate, and therefore the court did not err in refusing it.

4. So far as appears from the record, the recovery for the plaintiff was fully warranted by the evidence.

Judgment affirmed. All concur.

J. R. Williams and F. A. Cooper, for plaintiff in error.

J. H. Lumpkin, contra.

246. Benton & Brother v. Singleton, and vice versa. Complaint. Before Judge Hart. Jasper superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. A claim arising out of an illegal transaction is not a legitimate subject-matter for submission to arbitrators, and an award founded thereon is a mere nullity.

2. The doctrine of comity of states cannot be invoked in aid of such an award.

3. The only legal remedy open to one who seeks to compel an agent to account for funds furnished him for an illegal purpose is an action in assumpsit to recover so much of the money as was not actually used by him in carrying such purpose into effect.

4. In no case will the supreme court undertake to pass upon questions presented by a bill of exceptions, when an adjudication of them, even though favorable to the plaintiff in error, could not possibly result in any practical benefit to him.

Judgment in the one case reversed; writ of error in the other dismissed. All concur.

J. D. Kilpatrick and G. F. Johnson, for Benton & Brother.

Turner & Preston, contra.

247. Blalock v. Buchanan. Affidavit of illegality. Before Judge Littlejohn. Sumter superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—Where an execution founded upon a common-law judgment is levied upon land, and before the sale the tax collectors of the county and city place tax executions in the hands of the levying officer, with directions to retain a sufficient amount from the proceeds of the sale to pay off the tax executions, and the proceeds of the sale amount to more than enough to satisfy the tax fi. fas., and subsequently to the sale the purchaser, who is the owner of the common-law execution, pays to the sheriff a sufficient amount to discharge the tax fi. fas., and the sheriff transfers them to the purchaser, who subsequently has them levied upon other property of the defendant, an affidavit of illegality upon the ground that the tax fi. fas. have been paid off and discharged should be sustained. Under the facts stated, the fi. fas. were paid off, and the sheriff had no right to transfer them to the purchaser.

Judgment reversed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

Ansley & Ansley, for plaintiff in error.

E. A. Hawkins, contra.

248. Clegg v. Whitley. Deceit. Before Judge Littlejohn. Sumter superior court.

Fish, J.—1. Where a trading corporation had an existing contract with the manufacturer of a leading article of commerce for the exclusive sale thereof in a given territory, and by virtue of such contract was enabled to increase its general business and the profits of the same through a course of years, the benefits resulting from such contracts to the corporation would, at any given time while the contract was of force, be represented in the gross amount of the corporation's tangible assets.

2. This being so, a shareholder in the corporation, who sold out his stock therein at a price arrived at by making a fair valuation of such assets and taking into account the liabilities of the concern, received the full benefit of all advantages derived from the contract with the manufacturer up to the time of the sale of the stock.

3. Where, however, such contract had no fixed time to run and was terminable at the will of the manufacturer, there would, at any given time, be no practicable basis for ascertaining how much, if anything, the mere existence of the contract could be said to enhance the value of the stock.

4. Applying what is laid down above to that view of the evidence which is most favorable to the plaintiff, she was not entitled to recover, and the verdict in favor of the defendant was right; for, even assuming that he, in purchasing her stock, falsely represented that the contract with the manufacturer was his individual property, and not that of the corporation, there was no basis for calculating the damages alleged to have been occasioned to the plaintiff by his deceit. On the contrary, the same were too remote and speculative for computation.

5. As will be observed, an affirmance of the judgment below necessarily results, although the plaintiff be given the benefit of all her contentions of fact; and it is equally true that the evidence fully warranted a finding that the defendant below was guilty of no deceit at all. It is immaterial whether the court did or did not err in charging, or in refusing to charge; for the verdict, under the law and the evidence, was the only outcome of the case legally possible.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

Shipp & Sheppard, for plaintiff.

Allen Fort and C. R. Winchester, for defendant.

249. Central of Georgia Railway Company v. Hardin. Damages. Before Judge Clark. City court of Forsyth.

Little, J.—1. At the March term, 1901, a new trial was ordered in this case, because it appeared that the trial judge did not exercise the discretion imposed upon him by law in passing upon the sufficiency of the evidence to support the verdict. 113 Ga. 453. At the trial now under review a similar verdict was returned, and the judge in the exercise of such discretion upheld it. This being so, and there being some evidence to sustain the jury's finding, the supreme court will not again interfere, though apparently a verdict for the defendant would have been more consistent with the evidence as a whole.

2. There was no error in refusing to give the charge requested.

3. Evidence of the equipment of a locomotive, its condition, the character of the headlight it carried, is admissible in evidence of the trial of a case brought to recover damages for killing a mule at night by the operation of such locomotive; and this is true notwithstanding the operation of a locomotive without an electric headlight is not of itself an act of negligence.

4. The failure of the trial judge to charge, as complained of, was not, in the absence of a request to do so, cause for reversal.

5. The trial judge did not err in refusing to permit the defendant's counsel to read to the jury, in his argument, an opinion rendered by this court. Under the obligation which the law imposed on jurors, they should under proper instructions return a verdict on the evidence as they understand it, uninfluenced by the opinion of any other tribunal.

Judgment affirmed. All concur. (No further opinion.)

Hall & Boynton, Cabaniss & Willingham, and E. G. Cabaniss, Jr., for plaintiff in error.

J. B. Williamson and Guerry & Hall, contra.

250. Horn et al. v. Truett, administrator. Claim. Before Judge Butt. Harris superior court.

Lewis, J.—1. One who claims title to land by virtue of a year's support alleged to have been set apart to him and others out of the land must show that there has been a full compliance with all the requirements of law in regard to the setting apart of the year's support.

2. In such a case, where from the undisputed evidence it appeared that there were two sets of children of the deceased living at the time the year's support was alleged to have been set apart, and that the return of the appraisers did not specify what portion of the land should be set apart to the children of the deceased wife, but instead set apart a year's support generally, the children of the deceased wife, whatever may be the rights of the children of the surviving wife, can claim no benefit under the year's support proceedings.

Judgment affirmed. All concur, except Little, J., who dissents.

Cameron & Hargett, for plaintiffs in error.

251. Western Union Telegraph Company v. Flint River Lumber Company. Damages. Before Judge Spence. Decatur superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. When one requests another to make an offer for the sale of an article, and the offer is made by telegraph, and the telegram as delivered to the addressee is materially different from the telegram delivered for transmission, the sender is bound by the terms of the proposal as contained in the telegram delivered to the addressee, and may recover from the telegraph company any damages which he has sustained in fulfilling a contract resulting from an acceptance of such proposal.

2. The evidence authorized the judgment rendered by the judge of the city court. There was no error committed during the trial of the case which would have required a reversal of his judgment; therefore the petition for certiorari was properly overruled.

W. M. Hammond and A. H. Russell, for plaintiff in error.

Bower & Bower, contra.

252. Waldropp v. Wolff & Happ. Wolff & Happ v. Waldropp et al. Hayes v. Wolff & Happ. Wolff & Happ v. Hayes et al. Bail-trover. Before Judge Candler. Thomas superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. When the evidence is conflicting the judgment of the trial judge refusing to grant a new trial will not be reversed unless some error of law was committed at the trial.

2. Grounds of a motion for a new trial in which error is assigned upon the admission of evidence will not be considered by this court, when the evidence objected to is not set forth therein either literally or in substance, nor attached to the motion as an exhibit.

3. The refusal to hear a demurrer to, or motion to dismiss, a petition cannot be properly made the subject of complaint in a motion for a new trial.

4. The extract from the charge complained of in the motion for a new trial was not erroneous.

5. When two persons against whom an action of trover is brought unite in executing an eventual condemnation-money bond, in which they appear as principals and a third person appears as surety, all binding themselves "jointly and severally" to pay the eventual condemnation money in the case, the two principals are each surety for the other as well as a co-surety with the surety.

6. When an action of trover is brought against two persons, and they unite in one eventual condemnation-money bond, with another as surety, the failure of the plaintiff to recover against one of the defendants does not discharge the surety.

7. The surety on a bond given by the defendant in an action of trover for the eventual condemnation money is bound by the judgment against the defendant, and cannot after judgment raise any question which could have been raised by the principal before judgment.

8. The court did not err in overruling the motion for a new trial, nor in entering judgment on the eventual condemnation-money bond against the surety, nor did it err in refusing to enter judgment on such bond against the defendant in the suit in whose favor a nonsuit was granted, as, notwithstanding such nonsuit, the defendant was liable on the bond as co-surety with the surety thereon; and direction is given that the judgment be so amended as to render the defendant liable on the bond in this capacity.

9. If the clerk of a trial court transmits to this court portions of a record which are not specified in the bill of exceptions, or sends two or more copies of a portion of the record, when only one copy was specified, he is not entitled to a judgment for the cost of transmitting such surplus record, against any party to the suit, unless such transmission was made at the instance or request of the party or his counsel.

Judgments in first and third cases affirmed; in second case reversed with direction; and writ of error in fourth case dismissed with direction.

W. C. Snodgrass and D. H. Pope, for Waldropp & Hayes.

Arthur Patten, Hammond & Hammond, and Hardeman, Davis, Turner & Jones, contra.

I Will Cure You of RHEUMATISM

NO PAY UNTIL YOU KNOW IT.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again—that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim pay your druggist $5.50 for it. If it doesn't, I will pay him myself.

I have no samples. Any medicine that can affect rheumatism with but a few doses must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs. It is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take this risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get these six bottles pay—and gladly. I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

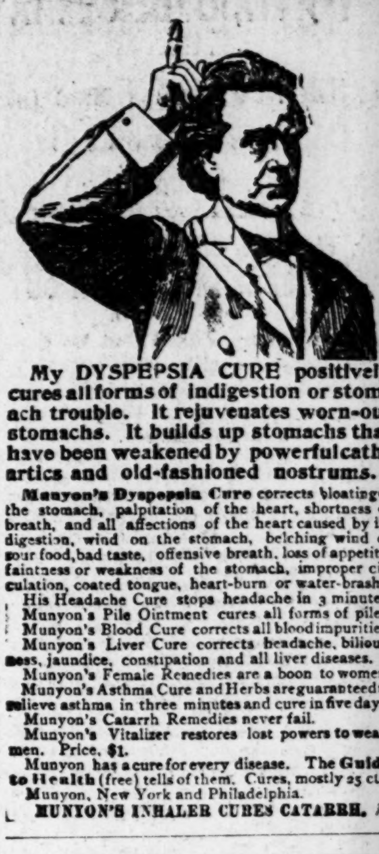
Simply write me a postal card or letter. Let me send you an order for the medicine; also a book. Take it for a month, for it won't harm you, anyway. If it cures, pay $5.50. I leave that entirely to you. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 678, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

CAFE DINING CAR SERVICE
Via
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Up-to-date and supplied with all the delicacies the markets afford. Meals served a la carte—pay for what you order. Prices reasonable. No canned goods. Meats and vegetables fresh. See announcement in other part today's paper.

DYSPEPSIA



My DYSPEPSIA CURE positively cures all forms of indigestion or stomach trouble. It rejuvenates worn-out stomachs. It builds up stomachs that have been weakened by powerful cathartics and old-fashioned nostrums.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure corrects bloating of the stomach, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, belching wind or sour food, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, improper circulation, coated tongue, heart-burn or water-brash.

His Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes.

Munyon's Pile Ointment cures all forms of piles.

Munyon's Blood Cure corrects all blood impurities.

Munyon's Liver Cure corrects headache, biliousness, jaundice, constipation and all liver diseases.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to women.

Munyon's Asthma Cure and Herbs are guaranteed to relieve asthma in three minutes and cure in five days.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, $1.

Munyon has a cure for every disease. The Guide to Health (free) tells of them. Cures, mostly 25 cts. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

Solid Train *Atlanta* TO *Florida!*

The Chicago and Florida Limited.

Leaves Union Station Atlanta via Central of Georgia Railway daily at 9:00 a. m., arrives Jacksonville 7:50 p. m., St. Augustine 9:00 p. m. This train is composed of combination baggage car and coach, dining car, double drawing room sleepers and observation car Atlanta to St. Augustine running via Macon and Albany. Pullman drawing room sleeper Atlanta to Thomasville, arriving Thomasville 5:10 p. m. Finest train in the south.

For printed matter and detailed information, apply at ticket office 16 Wall Street, and Union Depot.

W. H. FOGG,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
16 Wall St., Atlanta, Ga.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

By virtue of the last will of L. D. Hutchinson, late of Harris county, Georgia, deceased, I will sell at West Point, Ga., between 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on the first Tuesday in March next, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: All that parcel of land in the city of West Point, Troup county, Georgia, the same being lot No. 10 in block 12, containing one-half acre, on the corner of Gilmer and Montgomery streets, fronting on Gilmer street 160 feet and running back along Montgomery street 105 feet. Also, all of lot No. 9, and 10 feet off of the east side of lot No. 8 and running back through lot No. 6, and 10 feet in width into lot No. 5, making a lot fronting on Montgomery street 60 feet and running back into block No. 12 160 feet. On this property is a large block of buildings—a large two-story brick building—three large store rooms and quite a number of offices upstairs.

Also on this property is a large brick warehouse. This is valuable property and rents well.

Also at same time and place, will be sold 46 shares in the West Point Investment Company, $100 per share.

All of said property sold as the property of L. D. Hutchinson, deceased, for distribution. The executor reserves the right at any time before it is knocked down to withdraw said property, or any part of it, from sale. Titles absolutely perfect. This January 28, 1902.

W. L. HUTCHINSON,
Executor L. D. Hutchinson, Deceased.

Also, I will sell in any quantity to suit purchaser, at private sale, 5,000 acres of fine improved farm lands in Troup and Harris counties. This land is well improved and in a high state of cultivation. For particulars address McLaughlin & Jones, at Greenville, Ga., or the undersigned at Ector, Ga.

W. L. HUTCHINSON,
Executor of L. D. Hutchinson, Deceased.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Sold by L. N. Brunswig & Co., Whole. Druggists, New Orleans.

BROU'S
INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required.
Sold by all druggists.

EXCELSIOR BRAND

PEOPLE IN THIS COUNTRY

USED TO MAKE

Garden, Poultry Yard and other such fences of brush. Later on they used small poles. Then they rose to the dignity of rails and pickets, or palings, but these fences are now relegated and are a part of ancient history, not because they were not good enough fences then, but because we have Poultry Wire Netting now. It not only makes much better, but much cheaper fences, which last longer and are much prettier. This Netting comes in rolls. Each roll contains 150 lineal feet and a two inch mesh.

Widths—12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72 inches. Square feet in roll, 150, 300, 450, 600, 750, 900.

Price per roll--90c, $1.80, $2.70, $3.60, $4.50, $5.40.

The "Eureka," a beautiful Steel Range, only $15. The "King Bee," an elegant little Cooking Stove, $6. The King Steel Range, $34.

We are Agents for Fairbanks Scales Standard the World Over.

KING HARDWARE CO.

CITY MAY YET USE THE REFORMATORY

Committee Will Confer With County Board This Morning.

ACCOUNTANTS WANT A RAISE

Will Ask Commissioners To Allow Them Each $500 for Their Services in Auditing the Books of the Various County Offices.

This morning at 10 o'clock the board of county commissioners will meet in regular session. There are a number of matters coming up for consideration, chief among which will be the request of a special committee of councilmen and citizens that juvenile offenders be allowed to be sent from the recorder's court to the reformatory.

The special committee, of which Councilman J. Frank Beck is chairman, is composed of the following named ladies and gentlemen:

Mayor Livingston Mims, Judge Nash R. Broyles, City Attorney James L. Mayson, Rufus B. Bullock, Bishop C. K. Nelson, Dr. W. W. Landrum, Dr. David Marx, Rev. H. S. Bradley, Hon. Thomas Egleston. Hon. Clark Howell, Hon. Hoke Smith, Judge John S. Candler, H. H. Cabaniss, J. K. Orr, Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, Mrs. Julius L. Brown, Councilmen James L. Key, Courtland S. Winn, S. C. Glass, Alderman T. D. Longino and Councilman J. Frank Beck.

Besides this committee there will be a committee of ladies who will attend the meeting to urge that favorable action on the petition of the city be taken by the county board. A prominent county official, in speaking about the matter yesterday, said that when the county was considering the question of establishing the reformatory the city had, on three occasions, been asked to cooperate with the commissioners in their efforts to build and operate the institution, and that the city had each time declined to take action.

"Just what will be done by the board," said he, "remains to be seen, but I should think that if any arrangements are to be made by which boys may be sent from the recorder's court to the reformatory, the city should pay something toward their board. As I understand it, the reformatory building will only accommodate about sixty persons, and if boys are to be sent from the county courts and recorder's court it will be only a short time until the place is filled and there will not be room for others."

It is understood that E. P. Burns and J. L. Maude, who, as expert accountants, went over the books of the various county officers, in accordance with the instructions of the grand jury, will appear before the board to ask that they be paid $500 each instead of $300 for their services. The grand jury, in its presentments last week, recommended that the accountants be allowed $200 each for their work.

Heretofore the expert accountants have been given $500, and it is expected that the commissioners will take the position that, as the grand jury fixed the price of the work, they will have no authority to increase the amount. A majority of the board, however, may vote to grant the petition, and in that event the accountants would receive the sum asked.

GREAT CUE ARTIST HERE.

Lee Shaw, of Chicago, Spent a Few Hours in Atlanta Yesterday.

Lew Shaw, of Chicago, famed the country over as a cue handler, stepped from the Kimball over to Jack Wilson's last night and showed the Atlanta chalk wasters a trick or two. Shaw is great when leaning over the green covered table, and those standing around are generally silent, so intent is the interest he arouses. Mr. Shaw has among his favorite plays "fifty or no count," 14-inch balk line. In single billiards he does 1,000 or counts nothing. All the fancy shots ever known and some new ones, too, are at the end of his stick. In pool he is good, too, working fifteen or no count.

Mr. Shaw goes to Athens today, where he will remain until Thursday afternoon. On his return to Atlanta he will remain a few days, and during that time wil be seen in all the fashionable billiard parlors of the city.

SULLIVAN-McGOVERN FIGHT.

It Will Take Place in Louisville on February 22.

Louisville, Ky., February 4.—It was definitely decided today at a long distance telephone conference between R. C. Gray, manager of the Southern Athletic Club, and Sam Harris, manager of Terry McGovern, now at Cincinnati, that the Dave Sullivan-McGovern fight will take place on February 22 before the Southern Athletic Club at Louisville. There have been reports that the contest might be postponed. The club people say it is also certain that Bob Fitzsimmons will referee the fight.

Gold Medal at Pan-American Exposition.—Dr. Siegert's Imported Angostura Bitters.

MRS. J. LINDSAY JOHNSON, OF Atlanta, ex-president of the Georgia Federation of Woman's Clubs, is in New York, in company with Mrs. A. C. Granger, of Cartersville, the present president of the organization, conferring with delegates from the Massachusetts federation in reference to some amendments to the constitution of the national federation, which meets in Los Angeles in May next. One of the questions under discussion is that of drawing the color line in the federation.

No more through cars will be operated between Chicago and Kansas City and the City of Mexico by the Santa Fe. The principal cause of the abandonment of the through sleeping car service to the Mexican capital was the length of the run. The cars could not be kept clean.

RAILROAD WATCHES

Vanguard, 21 jewels, adjusted in open face 20-year filled case	$28.90
Crescent Street, 21 jewels, adjusted in 20-year open face filled case..	$23.75
B. W. Raymond, 19 jewels, adjusted, in 20-year open face filled case..	$23.75
21 jeweled Hamilton, adjusted, in 20-year open fac filled Case..	$22.50
21 jeweled Dueber Hampden, adjusted in 20-year open face filled case	$21.25
John Hancock, 21 jewels, adjusted in 20-year open face filled case..	$24.25

Any of the above watches sent express prepaid upon receipt of price.

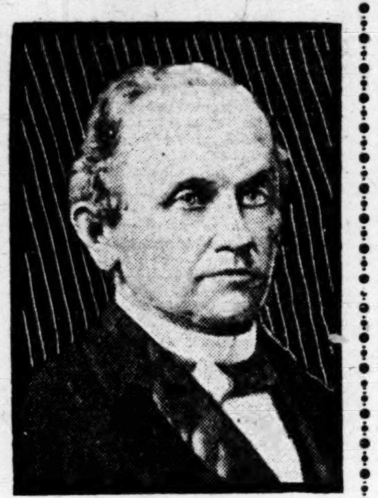
We guarantee the above watches to be the very best made and to pass all railroad inspection. As to our responsibility I refer you to Third National bank or Atlanta Journal.

KELLEY, The Jeweler, 28 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

Watch Inspector N., C. & St. L. R. R.

ALUMNI OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY MEET AROUND THE BANQUET BOARD

LEWIS W. THOMAS, President Alumni Association.



CHANCELLOR WALTER B. HILL, Of the State University.

HON. P. W. MELDRIM, Of Savannah, One of the Speakers of the Evening.

NEVER has there been a more enthusiastic or interesting gathering of alumni of the state university or indeed of college men anywhere, than assembled around the banquet board at the Aragon last night on the occasion of the annual dinner of the Atlata Alumni Association.

Nearly a hundred members of the association and their guests assembled around the banquet board, and for a time there was a brilliant flow of wit in conversation, such as is seen only at a college gathering. There were men present from many classes from that of 1902, yet to gradute, clear back to that of 18—well it will hardly do to say. And it was interesting to see how the university men, in seating themselves about the tables, seemed to gravitate together in classes, or as near to it as they could come.

The banquet hall was elaborately decorated in the university colors—red and black—festoons of these colors draping the chandeliers. There was a red carnation tied with black ribbon at each plate, and even the cheese straws were tied together with black and red ribbons.

An interesting feature of the dinner was the presence besides Chancellor Walter B. Hill and Colonel P. W. Meldrim, of Savannah, of the board of trustees, of several of the members of the faculty, including Professor John Morris, of the chair of modern languages, Professor A. H. Patterson, of the chair of physics, and Professor J. H. T. McPherson, of the chair of history. The alumni were delighted to have them present, and it is needless to say they greatly enjoyed being with them.

Those Present.

The guests of the banquet were Chancellor W. B. Hill, Hon. P. W. Meldrim, Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, Hon. Logan E. Bleckley, L. W. Thomas, Burton Smith, Paul Goldsmith, W. R. Tichenor, F. E. Calloway, S. W. Black, Ligon Johnson, Dr. E. C. Davis, F. W. Born, F. L. Fleming, J. H. Pitman, Dr. E. H. Richardson, A. H. Alfriend, Lowry Porter, H. L. Collier, E. A. Angier, Harry Dodd, T. J. Ripley, G. H. Tanner, Shirley V. Brooks, Albert Boylston, Charles W. Davis, R. R. Arnold, Julius L. Brown, E. R. Black, Albert Howell, Jr., Gordon F. Mitchell, Harry Hull, Dr. J. H. T. McPherson, Professor A. H. Patterson, Fred Lewis, T. W. Baxter, H. M. Dorsey, E. C. Kontz, H. H. Cabaniss, Joseph Jacobs, S. Barnett, Harvey Johnson, Dr. L. H. Jones, George Ware, N. R. Broyles, Arnold Broyles, F. E. Pomeroy, W. D. Ellis, Jr., W. O. Fuller, Jr., W. M. Goodwin, R. L. Foreman, John W. Grant, Dr. McH. Hull, P. S. Arkwright, W. R. Hammond, J. L. Dougherty, Sanders McDaniel, Clark Howell, W. L. Moore, W. T. Newman, Jr., T. A. Hammond, J. B. Connally, Ben Yow, Judge A. E. Calhoun, Elijah A. Brown, Professor John Morris, Cam D. Dorsey, J. T. Dunlap, J. H. Porter, T. B. Felder, J. L. Dickey, Jr., Burton Clark, H. C. Erwin, E. G. Cabaniss, Goodloe Yancey, L. M. Landrum, Sam Abbott, L. L. McCleskey, Marion Jackson, Lee J. Langley, A. E. Thornton, Ben Phillips, E. M. Mitchell, B. M. Hall, Hooper Alexander, P. H. Bell, John L. Tye, C. C. McGhee, W. H. Speer, L. L. Knight, J. F. Ridley, R. F. Maddox, Eugene Dodd, Rutherford Lipscomb, John M. Slaton, Judge W. M. Ragsdale, Dr. M. A. Purse.

Chancellor Hill's Response.

It was nearing the hour of midnight when Toastmaster Thomas called for order, and the speaking began.

Chancellor Hill expressed the ardent hope that the occasion would lead to a permanent organization. Chancellor Hill's humorous reference to the Lucy Cobb goats was greeted with cheers and applause. It awakened many not wholly dormant recollections.

Referring to the evolution of the after-dinner speech, Chancellor Hill said it had come about now that the champagne of the after-dinner oratory to be good, must be extra dry.

In speaking of the twentieth century university, Chancellor Hill said athletics had won a place which would be held forever. The importance of the training of the body along with the mind had become a factor which could never be eliminated. He spoke of the practical results of a university education. Such an education is no longer thought of as merely the requirement of a lot of theories, but as an acquirement of means to a practical end. They provide facilities for advanced study and original research. He showed what the universities were accomplishing today and what practical and powerful results they are leading to.

Mr. Hill made the astonishing statement that during the first one hundred years of its existence the state had appropriated to the state university only $81,400. He looked for the day when the service of the university in furnishing many of the state's greatest men would be properly recognized and the state would support and seek to build up the university as it should.

Response of Judge Lumpkin.

"Things in General" was the enigmatical but comprehensive topic to which Judge Lumpkin responded. He explained how the committee had taken him literally at his word in assigning him a subject, and feared, he said, that when anyone was asked what he had said they would be compelled to respond, "Nothing in particular."

Judge Lumpkin discussed the subject of higher education and the important results to which it is leading. He spoke of the serious danger of a tendency to exalt material prosperity as the greatest element of success in life.

Colonel Meldrim's Response.

Some of the most eminent men in the state, professionally and socially, said President Thomas, claim the university as their alma mater, and as one of these he introduced Colonel P. W. Meldrim, of Savannah, who responded to the toast, "The Alumni in Active Life."

Colonel Meldrim is president of the Alumni Society of the university. He expressed thanks in behalf of that society as well as himself for the honor of the invitation that had been extended him. He trusted the day had passed, never to return, when the hand of anyone would be raised to strike the state's foremost institution. During one hundred years the history of the university, he said, has been the history of Georgia. Every child within the commonwealth should be afforded the advantages of higher education. Georgia's sons should not be required to become exiles in order to fit themselves for their field of work.

He felt satisfied that the success of the alumni in active life was due to the fact that they had associated with good women and good men and had become inspired with lofty ideals. His address was a model of finished eloquence, and his climaxes and sentiments were enthusiastically applauded.

Judge Logan E. Bleckley.

The subject of a most interesting response by former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Logan E. Bleckley was "Beginning Late." Judge Bleckley attended the university only last year, having gone there to pursue certain studies in mathematics on account of a book he is writing on the subject of "Values." Judge Bleckley's response was in his usual characteristic and witty vein, and he was warmly applauded throughout his speech.

There was a storm of applause when, just after the banquetters were seated, Judge Bleckley entered the hall arm in arm with Cam D. Dorsey, of the class of 1902. They were, in fact, fellow-students last year. Mr. Dorsey made a bright and happy response to the toast, "The Undergraduate." He is one of the leading members of his class, and with his interest in active university life, the subject was one with which he was well able to deal. Several impromptu speeches followed, and it was long after 2 o'clock when the banquetters dispersed.

GEORGIA DRINK IN GREAT FIGHT

United States Court Is Now Busy With the Case.

REVENUE TAX IN THE BALANCE

Makers of the Soda Fountain Drink Seek To Recover $40,000 from the United States Government.

Eleven men comprising the jury in the now celebrated coca-cola case will, in all probability, determine the point at issue between the United States government and the great Atlanta soda fountain drink.

The case has been on for the past two days in the United States court, Judge Newman presiding, and is rapidly nearing a completion. With the opening of the court yesterday morning Rube Arnold informed the jury of the situation from his standpoint, making it clear as to what he could demonstrate. Then United States Assistant District Attorney Bell consumed the balance of the day advancing the government's claims. This morning Mr. Arnold will conclude for the plaintiff, and the case will go to the jury, a jury composed of eleven men. When the case opened there were twelve men on the jury. One was seized with a sudden illness and was excused, the attorneys for both sides being satisfied with the reduction. It is expected the jury will be able to reach an early and quick conclusion.

Besides the $40,000 involved the case carries many interesting points. The war revenue tax hangs in the balance. When everything was being assessed to raise money to carry on the war with Spain the United States officials looked upon coca-cola as a proprietory medicine. A clause in the war revenue act placed stamps upon all medicines of that kind and a demand was made upon the coca-cola people for their tribute to the treasury to prosecute the war. The proprietors of the soda fountain drink declined to pay, denying that coca-cola was a medicine. The case was pushed and finally the owners of the coca-cola paid their assessment, but paid it under protest. The stamps were purchased as they were needed from the collector of internal revenue, and when that clause of the war revenue act was repealed the company's books showed that something like $40,000 had been paid out. Now the company wants the government to return the money. The case has many interesting features. By it coca-cola may be declared a medicine or it may be declared a healthy, refreshing drink, a drink which rejuvenates as well as delights the palate of those who are fond of it.

The case is being fought most stubbornly by the attorneys engaged, and may yet find itself on the books in the highest court of the country in Washington.

Illicit Whisky Sold.

At the eastern entrance to United States building an old copper still, battered and mashed out of shape, and a dozen barrels of whisky were lined up yesterday morning. The existence of the whisky was due to the fact that moonshining still goes on in the south, while its presence on the Forsyth street sidewalk was due to the fact that revenue officers are still at work. The stuff had been captured, brought to Atlanta and condemned. There was corn liquor, peach brandy and apple brandy and there were buyers enough about to make the bidding lively. The peach brandy brought the highest price and went off in a hurry. The government had none of the stock on hand when the sale was over. It was all bought by Atlanta people. There was many a good drunk in either of the smallest kegs laid out. But, then, there was no sampling in the way of tippling.

Counterfeiting Charged.

Captain Jim Wright, of the secret service department, came down from Gainesville yesterday and with him was Deputy United States Marshal Reynolds and a prisoner. The prisoner was William T. Williford, a young Georgian, a mountaineer, 26 or 27 years of age. Williford lived in the hills of Franklin county and was well known. He is charged with counterfeiting.

There is a kind of knowledge to be learned from books--and that is very valuable. Book knowledge always helps, even tailors. But there is another kind, without which no man can forge ahead. It's the knowledge that is learned "face to face" with the subjects themselves. In the clothing business it makes us keen to know the best wool, the best patterns; how the cloth should be sponged and shrunk to hold its good looks; who can be relied upon to make up the garments without defect, and finally to always know what is good style. No matter what fine tailoring we could give you, if the style wasn't right--you wouldn't want it, would you?

A lot of $15.00 suits at **$11**—mixed cheviot patterns and English woolens. Others that were $10.00, **$7,** and some $12.50 suits for **$9.**

$15 will buy a $20.00 Overcoat—box shape, medium length. Some $12.50 to $15.00 ones at **$10.**

You'll be buying your Spring **Shoes** here in March.

(Atlanta Agents for Knox.)

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO

38 Whitehall Street.

GETTING DIAMOND READY FOR ATLANTA BALL TEAM

THE surveyor for the Atlanta Railway and Power Company ran his chain over the baseball park upon which the Atlanta league team will play this season yesterday morning.

This morning a gang of workmen, under the personal direction of Acting Manager Stouch, will commence putting the grounds in shape for the season. The grand stand will be turned around so that the entire outfield will be within the playing limits. There will be no more ground rules on account of the fences being too near in, as has been the case in the past. With the change every hit will go for what it is worth. The change will add greatly to the appearance of the grounds. The architect's plans for changes in the grand stand and for the new bleachers have proven satisfactory to Acting Manager Stouch, and within the next few days the work in that direction will be commenced. The water lines under the ground, placed there for the old exposition work, will be tapped and an abundance of water will be ready for the grounds when it is needed. The design for the club house is something new in this section, and the structure will be an ornament.

"Manager Pabst," said his assistant, Second Baseman Stouch, yesterday, "will be here about the 15th of this month. Mr. Peter wanted him to report on the 1st, but Mr. Pabst couldn't get away from Frisco. I have been advised, however, by Mr. Peter that the manager will be here about the 15th. He will bring with him all of the California players except one. That one will come later.

"The men will begin coming in about March 1. They are under contract to be here by the 10th. I am inclined to think Atlanta will like the team Manager Pabst has secured. Still, I tell you the team is not complete. Manager Pabst has license to get what he wants, and he is hunting the country for men who will give Atlanta the best article of ball a minor league can show. In fact, I am inclined to think we may give some of the big league people the dinky-dink with the right show."

STOUCH, Acting Manager and Second Baseman of Atlanta's Baseball Team.

NEW ORLEANS

THREE OF WINNING HORSES CARRIED PUBLIC MONEY

New Orleans, February 4.—Fickle Saint, Navasota and Carl Kahler were the winning favorites. Weather clear and cool. Track lumpy.

FIRST RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs: Fickle Saint (T. Dean), 6 to 5, won; Aberdale (Slack), 5 to 1, second; Frank Jones (Meade), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 1-2.

SECOND RACE—Two-year-olds, 3 1-2 furlongs: Navasota (Lendry), 6 to 5, won; Sweet Nell (Coburn), 2 to 1, second; Computation (Blake), 5 to 1, third. Time :44.

THIRD RACE—Selling, mile and quarter: Carlovingian (Creamer), 10 to 1, won; Erne (Boyd), 12 to 1, second; Strangest (T. Dean), 11 to 10, third. Time, 2:15 3-4.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and 20 yards. Nobleman (Louden), 4 to 1, won; Choice, (T. Dean), 11 to 2, second; Silver C. (Dale), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 1-4.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, mile: Pirate's Queen (Otis), 13 to 5, won; Elsie Bramble (Coburn), 4 to 1, second; Masterful (Gormley), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:46.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs: Carl Kahler (T. Dean), 7 to 10, won; Weidman (Dade), 7 to 2, second; If You Dare (Coburn), 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:16 1-4.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.

First Race—Selling, mile and seventy yards: LeGarto, 110; Scotch Bramble, 117; Helen Paxton, 118; Philma Paxton, 119; Charles D, Rebel Jack, 120; Prince Real, Robert Bonner, Dr. Carrick, 124; Swordsman, 127.

Second Race—Selling, five furlongs: Ericsell, 92; Clara David, 95; Carrie I, Terralene, Pinar Del Rio, 99; Pillardist, L. Pillot, Jr., Barney Saal, 101; Merry Day, 104; Sylvian, 106; Sim W, Ed Gartland II, 108.

Third Race—Steeplechase, handicap, full course: W. H. Dixon, Princess Murphy, King Elkwood, Gould, Hosi, 127; Mr. Rose, 130; Coley, 149; Dagmar, 156.

Fourth Race—Handicap, mile and an eighth; Digby Bell, Silver Coin, Little Elkin, 90; Malay, Henry of Franstamar, Ida Ledford, 100; Piederich, 108.

Fifth Race—Selling, mile and an eighth: Pay the Fiddler, Radiant Heat, 102; Locust Blossom, 104; Strangest, Precursor, Campus, 105; Beana, 107; El Ghor, 109.

Sixth Race—Selling, mile: Rose of May, 83; Lady Like, 85; Normaz, 87; James P. Keating, 90; Cast Iron, 97; Zack Phelps, 100; Syncopated Sandy, 103; Garter Ban, Menace, 104.

GOOD YEAR FOR WHEELMEN

Annual Meeting of the National Cycling Association.

New York, February 4.—The annual meeting of the National Cycle Association was held today. J. Frank Eline, of Baltimore, is president. The report of the board of control showed that the year 1901 was the most successful enjoyed for several years. Over 700 meets were held and $200,000 was distributed in prizes.

George M. Hendee, of Springfield, was elected president, and Harry Hartley, of Jacksonville, Fla., a member of the board of control.

McPartland Won Fight.

Milwaukee, Wis., February 4.—Kid McPartland, of New York, knocked out Otto Sieloff, of Chicago, in one round here tonight.

AT CHARLESTON

ONLY TWO FIRST CHOICES REWARDED THEIR BACKERS

Charleston, S. C., February 4.—Two favorites won at the exposition track this afternoon. They were Ducassa in the third and Diva in the fifth. Weather clear; track fast. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Selling, 3-year-olds and upward, 5 furlongs: Randolph, Jr., first; Nellie Fonso second; Ordeal third. Time, 1:06.

SECOND RACE—For maiden 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Agnes Claire first; Little Tower second; Rosie R. third. Time, 1:21¼.

THIRD RACE—For 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile: Ducassa first; Oricas second; Soudana third. Time, 1:48½.

FOURTH RACE—Selling, for 4-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Pregrave first; Queen L. second; Sir Kenneth II third. Time, 1:20.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, for 3-year-olds and up, 6½ furlongs: Diva first; Jim Scanlan second; Vince third. Time, 1:27.

CURES BLOOD POISON

Cancer, Ulcers, Bone Pains, Itching Humors, Carbuncles.

Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) kills or destroys the contracted or inherited poison or virus in the blood, **heals** all ulcers, eating, festering sores, pimples, offensive eruptions, copper-colored spots, mucous patches, sore throat, mouth or gums, **stops** all aches in bones, back or joints and itching, smarting skin, thus making a permanent cure. **If you have these symptoms** you surely have blood poison. **Botanic Blood Balm, guaranteed** to cure the worst and most deep-seated cases, even where the body is a mass of boils and ulcers, or where the disease has reached the second or third stage and where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Blood Balm makes the blood pure and rich. For 30 years the standard remedy for Blood Poison, cancer and all malignant blood troubles, like itching, **scabby eczema,** carbuncles, scrofula, rheumatism, catarrh. Druggists, $1.00 per large bottle. ☞ To prove it cures, sample of Blood Balm sent free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., 105 S. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and special medical advice sent in sealed letter.

ASKS COURT FOR DIVORCE

Mrs. Courtney Makes Sensational Allegations Against Husband.

SAYS HE WAS CRUEL TO HER

Wife Charges That Cortney Drew Pistol and Threatened Her Life on Four Rifferent Occasions.

In her suit for divorce, which she instituted yesterday in the superior court against her husband, H. P. Courtney, Mrs. Lula Boone Courtney makes some sensational allegations.

She asserts that from the very beginning of their married life her husband treated her cruelly. She says he was insanely jealous of her; refused to permit her to visit her parents or even allow her mother to call at the house.

The wife avers that the husband was in receipt of a splendid salary, and yet, so she declares, he never permitted her to have a cent. She says he would not allow her money with which to purchase necessary clothing.

Also, she alleges that, on four different occasions, he drew a pistol and threatened her life. In February or March of last year, she alleges, he forced her, at the point of a pistol, to get on her knees before him and swear never to commit certain acts which he charged her with, and of which she declares she was innocent.

Mrs. Courtney declares that when she promised he struck her a terrible blow on the head with the revolver. They were married November 27, 1895, she says. The wife is represented by Attorneys Alexander & Powers.

PINEAPPLE CROP IS CORNERED.

Deal Is Engineered by Mills Brothers, of Indiana.

Chicago, February 4.—The Mills Brothers, of South Bend, Ind., who, it is claimed, operated a peanut corner last year with success, are said to have a corner on pineapples. It is reported that the pineapple deal involves $5,000,000.

Practically the entire crop of Cuban pineapples for the year 1902 has, it is said, been secured by the firm. The holdings thus acquired are regarded as assuring the firm a controlling power in the pineapple market for the entire United States

THE MARQUIS IS IN TROUBLE.

Texas Sheriff Arrests de Lucenay, of Calcutta, India.

Dallas, Texas, February 4.—Sheriff Boone, of El Paso county, has returned to El Paso, having in charge the Marquis de Lucenay, of Calcutta, India, and his wife, formerly Miss Luckhardt, of Los Angeles.

It is alleged that de Lucenay bore false testimony as to the age of Miss Luckhardt when they were married at El Paso on January 2. According to the statements of Sheriff Boone, the marquis is wanted in El Paso to answer a more serious charge.

Rewards aggregating $5,000 are said to have been outstanding for de Lucenay's capture.

Merchant Tailors' Convention.

Norfolk, February 4.—The Merchant Tailors' National Exchange, which is holding its seventeenth annual convention in this place, spent today in visiting Old Point, Hampton and other places of interest. Tonight a large banquet was held. There were about 450 members present.

E W Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

It's Fine

Buckwheat!

Of Course It Is.
All H-O Products Are Fine.

H-O Buckwheat . . .	per pkg.	10c
H-O Bis-Kit Flour . .	" "	10c
H-O Pancake	" " "	10c

Are three products all prepared (self-raising) and guaranteed pure and satisfactory.

THE GREAT ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TEA CO.

Pierre M. Bealer, Manager.

No. 75 Whitehall Street.

Both 'Phones 462.

AT OAKLAND

FAVORITES FARED BADLY; ONLY ONE HOME IN FRONT

San Francisco, February 4.—Jockey Mounce was indefinitely suspended at Oakland today as a result of the improved showing of Kenilworth in the Kearney handicap. Last Friday the horse was a favorite in the San Ramon handicap, but Mounce took him back and he failed to get any of the money. Today he took up 120 pounds, and, leading most of the way, won from Rollick. Lee Jackson had the mount. Favorites fared badly, Kenilworth being the only one to land during the afternoon.

FIRST RACE—Three-fourths of a mile, selling: Wyoming (Bullman), 2 to 1, won; John Peters (J. Woods), 7 to 10, second; Arigator (Mathews), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:17.

SECOND RACE—Futurity course, selling: Jingler (Hoar), 8 to 1, won; The Weaver (Birkenruth), 4 to 1, second; Hipponax (L. Jackson), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 1-2.

THIRD RACE—Seven-sixteenths of a mile, maidens: Dottrell (O'Connor), 3 to 1, won: Mirena (Ransom), 2 1-2 to 1, second; Imp Puss in Boots (Bullman), 6 to 5, third. Time, :44.

FOURTH RACE—Mile, handicap: Kenilworth (L. Jackson), 9 to 5, won; Pollick (Ransch), 2 1-2 to 1, second; Frangible (Knapp), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:42 3-4.

FIFTH RACE—Three-fourths of a mile, selling: Evander (Bullman), 8 to 1, won; Maraschino (L. Jackson), 8 to 5, second; Baldo (Mounce), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 1-4.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and fifty yards, selling: Joe Ripley (Brodien), 10 to 1, won; Dunblane (Burns), 10 to 1, second; Galanthus (O'Connor), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 3-4.

Today's Entries at Oakland.

First Race—Selling, mile: Kastaine, 112; The Gaffir, Graylette, Bob Palmer, Courtier, 109; Talma, 114; Rey del San Juan, Monda, 114.

Second Race—Seven-sixteenth mile, selling: Amoruna, Dismay, Nigrette, Anna F, Montezuma, Minnie Dressel, 105; Hudson, 108.

Third Race—Eleven-sixteenths mile, selling: Mike Murphy, Rubino, 109; Arthur Ray, Chandoo, 112; Armado, Sleeping Child, Baltest, 104; Montoya, Esternell, 107; Lass of Langdon, Clear Sky, Knockings, 102.

Fourth Race—Mile and 50 yards, selling: Satchel, Montana, Peeress, Quadra, 89; Diderot, 106; Pat Morrissey, 111; Norford, 114.

Fifth Race—Three-quarters of a mile: Isaline, 107; Bard Burns, Ned Dennis, Forbes, Mission, 104; Huachuca, 97; Meehanus, 112; Scorpio, 109.

Sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Bragg, 98; Gusto, 107; Nellie Forest, Bab, Eonic, Lady Sterling, Captivate, 99; Commissioner Foster, 95; Lento, 92.

PORT RECEIPTS ARE FALLING OFF

Interior Stocks Decreasing Materially Owing to Large Shipments.

BOTH SIDES ARE CAUTIOUS

The One Waiting for the Other To Take the Initiative Step—Yesterday an Off Day in Chicago Markets—Stocks Dull and Heavy.

New York, February 4.—The cotton market opened quiet and unchanged from last night's final bid and the balance of the session pursued an indifferent course in the absence of aggressive bull or bear operations. As was the case yesterday, the "talent" was in no mood to take the initiative step toward forcing the market higher or lower so long as the big public long interest remained intact. Today's Liverpool cables reported futures rather firmer than expected on our good showing of last night, port receipts gave every promise of falling short of the same day last year and the interior movement also was light. The semi-weekly interior towns figures were bullish, though there seemed to be little doubt but that the bad weather of last week in some measure explained the striking shortage in receipts. Owing to large shipments the interior town stocks dropped off materially. From time to time during the day commission houses were sellers of May and July cotton for profits. The south and Europe bought in a conservative way. The estimates for tomorrow's ports gave little hope to shorts or an immediate broadening of the movement. The market closed steady with prices net unchanged to 2 points higher.

Review of New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, February 4.—Favorable cables occasioned a firmer feeling in the local spot cotton market today. Buyers were out in force bidding board prices, but factors were holding out for a slightly higher level. Sales 4,100, including 600 to arrive. The cotton exchange committee reported the market firm. Quotations unchanged.

Futures opened quiet and steady with prices unchanged to 2 points down. After the first call the market improved several points on a small movement and light estimates for both New Orleans and Houston. Trading was mostly local, and the holiday feeling was quite apparent. The market closed quiet with prices unchanged from last evening's closing figures.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, February 4.—There are more inquiries for brown cottons for export and several lots of four-yard sheetings have been bought this week for export to China. Home demand continues quiet for both brown and bleached goods; prices steady. Denims firm and scarce. Prints in fair demand at full prices. Print cloths firm and orders difficult to place. Fair demand for silks and ribbons with a firm market.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Steady; middling 7⅞c.
Liverpool—Steady; middling 4½d.
New York—Steady; middling 8¼c.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 7 13-16c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 7 13-16c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 7 15-16c.
Norfolk—Quiet; middling 8c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 7 11-16c.
Memphis—Firm; middling 7 13-16c.
Augusta—Quiet and steady; middling 8⅛c.
Charleston—Firm; middling 7⅞c.
Houston—Steady; middling 7 15-16c.
St. Louis—Steady; middling 7⅞c.

Following are the receipts, shipments and stock of cotton at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPM'TS		STOCK.	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday......	167	205	200	150	21032	11383
Monday......	260	218	300	96	20792	11505
Tuesday......	794	38	400	138	21386	11405
Wednesday....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Thursday......	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday......	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals......	1221	461	900	384	......	......

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
February......	8 08	8 08	8 07	8 07	8 08-09
March......	8 12	8 14	8 10	8 14	8 13-14
April......	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 16-17
May......	8 16	8 17	8 15	8 17	8 17
June......	8 17	8 17	8 17	8 17	8 17-19
July......	8 19	8 20	8 17	8 20	8 19-20
August......	8 04	8 07	8 03	8 07	8 06-07
September......	7 75	7 76	7 74	7 76	7 75-77
October......	7 68	7 71	7 68	7 71	7 70-71
November......					
December......					
January......					

Futures closed steady.

Following are the receipts, exports and stock at all United States ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS.	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday..	16746	23821	35668	13606	868421	902806
Monday..	19242	25400	7941	12407	864775	908043
Tuesday..	25295	28954	8825	15654	883707	918415
Wednesd'y	......	......	......	......	......	......
Thursday.	......	......	......	......	......	......
Friday....	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total......	61283	76175	52434	41667	......	......

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

February..........	7 86	August..........	7 96
March..........	7 94	September..........	.....
April..........	7 98	October..........	.....
May..........	8 04	November..........	.....
June..........	8 08	December..........	.....
July..........	8 13	January..........	.....

Futures closed quiet.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, February 4—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot business moderate with prices steady; middling uplands 4½; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,500; speculation and export 500; receipts 21,400; all American.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
February..........	4 29-64	4 28½	Buyers
February-March..........	....	4 28	Sellers
March-April..........	4 28-64	4 28	Sellers
April-May..........	4 28-64	4 28	Sellers
May-June..........	....	4 28	Buyers
June-July..........	4 29-64	4 28½	Sellers
July-August..........	4 29-64	4 28½	Sellers
August-September..........	....	4 24	Buyers
September-October..........	4 17-64	4 16½	Buyers

Futures closed quiet and steady.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, February 4.—Cotton steady; sales 350 bales; middling uplands 8¼; gulf 8½; net receipts 2,165; gross 10,320; stock 124,929.

New Orleans, February 4.—Cotton firm; sales 4,100 bales; middling 7 13-16; receipts 2,853; stock 351,287.

Galveston, February 4.—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16; sales 2,860; receipts 10,197; stock 198,674.

Mobile, February 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 7 11-16; sales 300; receipts 796; stock 27,339.

Savannah, February 4.—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16; sales 532; receipts 3,445; stock 88,119.

Charleston, February 4.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅞; receipts 292; stock 11,546.

Wilmington, February 4.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅞; receipts 215, stock 18,085.

Norfolk, February 4.—Cotton quiet; middling 8; sales 215; receipts 1,553; stock 43,796.

Baltimore, February 4.—Cotton nominal; middling 8¼; receipts 355; stock 10,388.

Boston, February 4.—Cotton steady; middling 8¼; net receipts 729; gross 5,851.

Philadelphia, February 4—Cotton steady; middling 8½; receipts 50; stock 3,260.

St. Louis, February 4.—Cotton steady; middling 7⅞; sales 3,111; receipts 3,972; stock 54,940.

Memphis, February 4.—Cotton firm; middling 7 13-16; sales 1,650; receipts 453; shipments 1,603; stock 105,452.

Augusta, February 4.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 8⅛; sales 381; receipts 260; stock 54,180.

S. M. WALL. O. H. JOHNSON.
EDGAR DUNLAP
FIRE INSURANCE.
Phone 329 Main.
211-212 Prudential Building.

Houston, February 4.—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16; sales 293; receipts 4,842; stock 92,019.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, February 4.—As Liverpool advices were not encouraging our market opened 1 to 2 points lower subsequently advanced 2 to 3 points on the light receipts, closing practically unchanged from yesterday's quotations. The movement is curtailed by the cold and inclement weather, yet notwithstanding this exporters buy spots sparingly at the ports, demonstrating that spinners are pursuing a hand-to-mouth policy. It has been apparent for several days past that new buyers are not being attracted to the article, and those who have already bought seem anxious to realize. Of course the probabilities are that as long as the weather retards receipts values may rule steady.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, February 4.—The cotton market lacked animation. There was a slightly lower tendency around the opening due more to apathy than attempts to force prices down. Outside surroundings appear to attach little attention with single exception of the question of trade, and this is being referred to repeatedly. The point is that manufacturers are filled to the brim with orders, that they are working in many cases to full capacity, and that they have enough orders on hand to run their establishments indefinitely. It is alleged that this applies not only to American but to European mills as well with the exception of some portions of continental Europe, more especially Germany. This trade situation is said to account for the firmness of the market in the face of a heavy crop movement. So-called experts are engaged in examining the stocks, exports, etc., from which they conclude that the situation is extremely bullish. Bears, on the other hand, are looking alone at the insight movement to date, and the fact that we are so much ahead of last year is used for discouraging buyers. It is a question also to what extent the receipts have recently moderated under the influence of the bad weather and how much of the decrease should be ascribed to exhaustion. It will require some time to determine this, and meanwhile we shall probably witness a dull, narrow market. Cables were unchanged. New York prices picked up 1 to 2 points during the forenoon. Interior receipts for the half week were running so small as to cause no little comment, but the question was, Will the decrease continue or be followed by a fresh avalanche?

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, February 4.—Liverpool advices were disappointing, causing a slightly lower opening which was slowly recovered on light movement at the ports and interior towns. The feature of the day has been the supply of long cotton which comes on the market for sale at each point advance and the small number of new buyers. Weather conditions show a little improvement in that rain and snow are not reported from many districts, but cold weather continues over the cotton belt. It is a surprise to the local trade that there should be so many outside sellers when the movement is so light, as they expected to have many new buyers when the movement fell off. Only one explanation, that they think the movement has been cut off by the weather rather than the lack of cotton. Certainly the short interest must be small.

Atwood, Violett & Co.'s Cotton Letter

New York, February 4.—The tenacity with which the long interest has been held here is quite out of the usual, and as a large portion of it represents interests not often in cotton, it shows they have given close attention to what well-informed people have been saying on the subject. As against information secured by those who have given methodical investigation of the crop movement, we have had the high and ridiculous estimates of the Tom, Dick and Harry variety, who still insist that the horse is 16 feet high. The smaller movement is confirming that contention of southern spot holders, that the unsold portion of the crop is worth far more money than spots have sold for so far this season, and spinners—American particularly—will have to buy their cotton on steadily advancing markets, which we anticipate for several months to come.

W. E. Small & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, February 4.—The market was about as dead as yesterday. July sold from 8.17 to 8.20, and most of the selling was done at 8.19 and 8.20. Sentiment seemed unchanged, a few who were against the market having covered their cotton and the majority waiting for an advance. But as is quite frequently the case when every one is ready, prices fail to move in the direction expected. With very small receipts tomorrow at New Orleans and Houston the average trader looked for a higher market, and there was little short selling. This is no doubt as to the cause of the present stagnation. The absence of a short interest leaving no short covering on any bull news. The market will have to be advanced by new buying, and receipts will have to keep small to bring in the new interest. We fail to see where money is to be made in cotton at the moment, and would rather wait for a definite tendency one way or the other before taking a stand on the outlook. The price may advance, or may decline, and we do not know just what it will be, but would rather buy than sell.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, February 4.—Opening prices were almost unchanged from previous close, and Liverpool showed little disposition to bid prices up. Advices from the belt that the movement was due to excessive bad weather, but that spot markets were holding up firm, with scarcity of desirable grades on the market. New England mills are light buyers, and the export trade has fallen off considerably, although there is still some buying for shipment on February and March deliveries. The future market was a repetition of yesterday, business being on a light scale and fluctuations within narrow limits. Port receipts came up to expectations, but estimates for tomorrow show a marked falling off over last year. The close was steady but dull and unchanged to 2 points net higher.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, February 4.—The coffee market opened steady, with prices 5 to 10 points higher on active covering and new buying. For the rest of the session quite a firm undertone obtained, with sentiment decidedly bullish, despite continued large receipts in the crop country and predictions for no relief during the rest of this month from the big movement. The general idea on 'change was that the market had been heavily oversold on the late protracted decline, and that weak long interests had been thoroughly eliminated. European markets were correspondingly firmer, and there was some encouragement received in the way of news from Rio. Wall street, the "clique" and commission houses bought in our market. The close was steady, 5@10 points net higher; total sales 47,500 bags; May 5.55 @5.60; July 5.75@5.80; September 5.90@5.95; October 6; December 6.10@6.15. Coffee, spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 5¾; mild quiet; Cordova 8@12.

New Orleans, February 4.—Sugar firm; open kettle 2⅝@2¾; centrifugal 2⅞@3¾; centrifugal, granulated and white, none; yellow 3⅛@3 13-16; seconds 1⅞@3⅛. Molasses steady; open kettle 10@28; centrifugal 7@18. Sirup steady at 10@22.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, February 4.—Cotton seed oil continued steady with a fair trade on local account. Prime crude f. o. b. mills 33½@33¾c; prime summer yellow 41@41½c; off summer yellow 40½@41c; prime white 44@45c; prime winter yellow 46@47c. Prime meal 28, nominal.

Memphis, February 4.—Cotton seed oil—Carload lots per gallon, prime crude 35c; prime summer yellow 38c; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, per gallon, 40@42c. Meal and cake—Prime $22.50@23.

New Orleans, February 4.—Cotton seed oil quiet; prime refined in barrels 40½c; off refined 39½c; prime crude, loose, 34¾c.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, February 4.—Cattle—Receipts 7,500, including 750 Texans. Westerns steady; good to prime steers $6.50@7.25; poor to medium $4@6; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.75; cows $1.25@5.25; heifers $2.50@5.50; canners $1.25@2.30; bulls $2.50@4.60; calves $3@7.25; Texas fed steers $4@5.50.

Hogs—Receipts 32,000. Market strong to 5c higher; mixed and butchers $5.85@6.30; good to choice heavy $6.25@6.45; light $5.50@6.

Sheep—Receipts 15,000. Market strong to 10c higher; good to choice wethers $4.50@5.25; fair to choice mixed $3.75@4; western sheep and yearlings $4.25@5.65; native lambs $3.50@6.25; western lambs $5.25@6.15.

St. Louis, February 4.—Cattle—Receipts 5,600, including 4,000 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers $4.65@6.40; dressed beef and butchers' steers $4@5.75; steers under 1,000 pounds $2.75@5; stockers and feeders $2.80@4.55; cows and heifers $2.25@5; canners $2@3.25; bulls $2.75@4.25; Texas and Indian steers $3.30@5.40; cows and heifers $2.45@3.90.

Hogs—Receipts 4,000. Market 5c higher; pigs and lights $5.90@6; packers $5.95@6.15; butchers' $6.10@6.37½.

Sheep—Receipts 500. Market steady; native muttons $4@4.60; lambs $5@6; culls and bucks $3@4.

The Metal Market.

New York, February 4.—Lake copper slow at 13c.
Tin easy at $24@25.
Lead steady at $4.10.
Spelter dull at $4.20.
Pig iron warrants unchanged at $11@12.
St. Louis, February 4.—Lead firm at $4 bid; spelter lower at 3.90.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, February 4.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red western winter steady at 6s 2¼d; No. 1 northern spring steady at 6s 2d; No. 1 California firm at 6s 6d; futures quiet; March 6s 1¼d; May 6s 2¼d.

Corn, spot quiet; American mixed, new, 5s 4½d; American mixed, old, 5s 5½d; futures steady; February 5s 4½d; March 5s 4⅝d; May 5s

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, February 4.—There was an attempt on the part of an element of professional operators to awaken some interest in the market this morning, but the general disposition was to acquiesce in dullness and neglect after yesterday's disappointment of the expectation of a decision in the Northern Securities Company case. It is the general opinion in the financial district that any pronounced activity must wait the delayed decision in this case, or some striking new development in general conditions. The professional element which attempted to contest this obvious tenacity this morning were making very modest progress when the announcement came of engagements of gold for export on Thursday to the amount of $3,750,000. The market immediately flattened out, the greater part of the gains being lost and was neglected and lethargic for the rest of the day. The day's small business was largely congested in Amalgamated Copper, Southern Pacific, Sugar and Metropolitan Street Railway. The dealings otherwise in the great transcontinental and Pacific railroads, and in United States Steel were of quite insignificant proportions. Amalgamated Copper was weak on the sharp break in the London copper market and on the first reaction for Copper in the local metal market since the market turned upward. The strength of Sugar was based on the recent stock argument of a probable remission of Cuban sugar duties. The operations in Southern Pacific were largely in the hands of the speculative public. Manhattan Street Railway recovered sharply from yesterday's depression on the assurance of William C. Whitney that his coming retirement from business would not involve the liquidation of his holdings. There were some wide movements among less prominent stocks. Lackawanna rose 3 points higher than yesterday's price, but reacted 4 points to 293. Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis advanced 10½ points on light transactions and without explanation. American Express and United States Express made sharp gains. The engagement of gold for export had only a slightly hardening influence on the money market, but the doubt as to the extent to which the movement may reach caused some uneasiness over the outlook. The market closed dull and heavy, the tone being somewhat accentuated by the report of the rejection of peace overtures by the British government.

Business in bonds was quite well distributed. Total sales, par value, $3,520,000.

United States old 4s advanced ⅛ on the last call.

Total sales of stocks today were 457,900 shares, including Louisville & Nashville 8,400; Manhattan 6,400; Metropolitan 29,500; Pennsylvania 6,700; Reading 28,900; Reading 2nd 16,100; St. Paul 11,500; Southern Pacific 39,300; Southern Railway preferred 5,200; Union Pacific 8,300; Amalgamated Copper 88,100; Republic Steel 5,900; Sugar 33,200; United States Steel 6,500; American Locomotive 7,400.

Money on call steady at 2¼@3 per cent; closing bid and asked 2¼@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent.

Sterling exchange about steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅛@4.87¼ for demand, and at $4.84½@4.84⅝; posted rates $4.85@4.85½ and $4.88; commercial bills $4.83⅝@4.84⅝.

Bar silver 55⅛c.
Mexican dollars 44c.
Government bonds strong.
State bonds inactive.
Railroad bonds irregular.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison............	76¼	Manhattan L.........	135⅜
do. preferred.....	97⅜	Metro. Street Ry....	172⅜
Baltimore & Ohio...	102½	Mexican Central......	28¼
do. preferred.....	96	Mexican National.....	17⅛
Canadian Pacific....	114	Minn. & St. Louis..	107⅛
Canada Southern...	86	Missouri Pacific ...	102
Chesapeake & Ohio.	45¼	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	24½
Chic. & Alton.......	33¾	do. preferred......	52¾
do. preferred......	75¾	New Jersey Cent....	195
C. B. & Q..........	——	New York Central..	161¼
Chic. Ind. & L.......	52¼	Norfolk & Western.	56
do. preferred......	75½	do. preferred......	92
Chicago & East Ill..	141½	Northern Pacific....	——
Chic. & Great West.	23⅛	do preferred......	——
do. pref. A......	83	Ontario & Western.	33⅝
do. pref. B........	44⅛	Pennsylvania	149⅛
Chicago & N. W.....	214¾	Reading	56⅜
Rock Island.........	161¾	do. 1st preferred.	82
Chic. Term. & Trans	17	do. 2d preferred	63⅜
do. preferred......	32½	St. L. & S. F	62⅛
C. C. C. & St. Louis.	98⅛	do. 1st preferred.	83
Colo. Sou.........	15⅜	do. 2d preferred..	74
do. 1st preferred..	65¼	St. L. & S. W........	26⅛
do. 2d preferred..	31⅜	do. preferred......	58¼
Del. & Hudson.......	173	St. Paul	163⅛
Del. L. & W.........	292	do. preferred.....	187
Den. & Rio Grande.	42⅜	Southern Pacific ...	62½
do. preferred....	91⅛	Southern Railway..	32⅞
Erie (new).......	38⅞	do. preferred......	94¼
do. 1st preferred.	69¼	Texas & Pacific.....	38⅛
do. 2d preferred..	55⅛	Tol., St. L. & W.....	20⅛
Great Nor. pref......	186½	do. preferred......	37⅜
Hocking Valley......	68¾	Union Pacific	101⅜
do. preferred......	83¼	do. preferred......	89¼
Illinois Central......	137¼	Wabash	22⅜
Iowa Central.........	40	do. preferred......	42½
do. preferred	74	Wheel & L. E	17½
Lake Erie & W......	66½	do. preferred......	28
do. preferred......	130	Wisconsin Central.	19⅜
Louisville & Nash..	104	do. preferred......	39½

EXPRESS COMPANIES

Adams	200	United States	112
American	221	Wells Fargo	190

MISCELLANEOUS

Amal. Copper	73¾	North American...	93⅛
Am. Car F'dy.......	29⅛	Pacific Coast........	73
do. preferred......	86½	Pacific Mail.........	46
Am. Linseed Oil	22½	People's Gas	99⅜
do. preferred......	49	Pressed Steel Car....	40¼
Am. Smelt. & Ref..	46⅝	do. preferred......	83⅛
do. preferred......	97¼	Pullman Palace....	217
American Tobacco.	——	Republic Steel......	16⅛
Anaconda Mining.	33¾	do. preferred......	69⅝
Brook. Rap. Tran..	65¾	Sugar	127
Col. F. & Iron	86¾	T. C & Iron	63
Consol. Gas	216	Union Bag & Paper	12½
Cont. Tobacco.......	——	do. preferred......	73
do. preferred......	117	U. S. Leather.......	11¼
General Electric...	280½	do. preferred......	80¼
Glucose Sugar.......	49¼	U. S. Rubber........	14½
Hocking Coal	15	do. preferred......	51
International Paper	19½	U. S. Steel...........	43
do. preferred......	74½	do. preferred......	93⅛
Intern'l Power......	87	Western Union	90⅞
Laclede Gas.........	90	Va.-Car. Chem Co	60½
National Biscuit....	44½	do. preferred.	120½
National Lead.......	18¼	Seaboard Air Line.	24⅛
National Salt.......	20	do. preferred......	46⅜
do. preferred......	64	do. Bonds.........	84⅛

BONDS.

U. S. 2s ref reg.	108⅛	F. W. & D. 1st.......	109
do. coupon.........	108⅛	Hocking Val 4½s ..	109
U. S. 3s reg........	108¼	L. & N. unified 4s	101⅜
do. coupon.........	108¼	Mex. Cent. 4s	83
U. S. new 4s, reg...	139	do. 1st income	32
do. coupon.........	139	Min. & St. L. 4s	104¼
U. S. old 4s. reg	112	M., K. & T. 4s	99⅜
do. coupon.........	112	M. K. & T. 2ds.	82
U. S. 5s. reg	106	N. Y. Central 1sts.	103⅜
do. coupon.........	106	do. general 3½s..	108
Atchison gen 4s.....	103⅜	N. J. Cent. gen. 5s...	136½
do. adj. 4s	94⅛	Northern Pac 4s...	105⅛
Balt & Ohio 4s	103⅛	do 3s.............	74⅜
do. 3½s.	96¼	Nor. & West con4s.	103⅛
do. conv. 4s	105½	Reading gen. 4s.....	98⅜
Canada So. 2ds......	110	St. L. & I. M. con 5s	118
Cent. of Ga. 5s......	111½	St. L. & S. F 4s.......	97½
do. 1st incomes....	79⅛	St. L. S. W. 1sts....	99⅜
do. 2d incomes.....	34½	do. 2ds............	78⅜
Ches. & Ohio 4½s...	108¾	San. An. & Ar. P. 4s	90
Chic. & Alton 3½s	84⅛	Sou. Pacific 4s	84⅜
C. B. & Q. new 4s ..	96⅜	Southern Ry 5s	120¼
C., M. & St. P. g. 4s	114½	Tex. & Pacific 1st..	120½
Chic. & N. W. con7s	138¼	Tol., St. L. & W 4s.	84½
Chic., R. I & P 4s ..	110½	Union Pacific 4s....	105¼
C., C. C. & S. L. g 4s	103¼	do. conv. 4s	106¼
Chicago Term 4s ...	88½	Wabash 1sts.........	118⅜
Col. & Sou 4s	92⅛	do. 2ds............	111½
D. & R. G. 4s.	102⅜	do. deb. B	68½
Erie prior lien 4s ..	98½	West Shore 4s......	112⅛
Erie general 4s....	88⅜	Wheel. & L. E. 4s.	93½

STOCKS	Opening	High	Low	Last sale	Closing bid
Amalg. Copper.....	75¼	75⅜	73⅛	73⅞	73⅞
Am. Sugar Refin'ry	127½	128½	126¼	127	127
Atchison..........	76¼	76½	76¼	76⅜	76¼
do. preferred.....	97½	97½	97¼	97⅜	97⅜
Am'n Car Foundry.	29⅝	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞	29⅛
do. preferred.....	86½	86¾	86⅜	86¾	86½
Am'n Cotton Oil....	31¾	31⅝	31¾	31¾	31¼
Brooklyn R. T......	65½	66¼	65⅜	66	65⅞
Baltimore & Ohio..	103	103⅛	102⅞	102⅞	102½
do. preferred.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96
C., C., C. and St. L..	99	99⅜	99	99	98¼
Canada southern..	.....	.....	.....	.....	88¼
Col. Fuel and Iron.	.....	.....	.....	.....	86½
Ches. and Ohio.....	45¼	45⅜	45½	45¾	45¼
Consolidated Gas..	216	217	216	216⅜	216
Del. and Hudson...	173½	174⅜	173¼	174⅜	173
Erie..............	39	39⅝	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞
do. first prefer'd.	69¼	69⅝	69¼	69⅜	69¼
General Electric...	280½	281	280	280	280½
Great Western.....	23¼	23⅜	22⅞	23⅛	23¼
Illinois Central....	137¼	137⅜	137¼	137¼	137⅜
Internat'al Paper..	19½	19½	19¼	19¼	19⅛
Jersey Central.....	196	197	195	196	195
Kans. & Tex., pref.	53	53¼	53	53¼	52¾
Louisville & Nash..	103⅜	104½	103⅜	104	104
Missouri Pacific...	102	102½	101⅞	102	102
Manhattan.........	135½	136¼	135¼	135¾	135⅝
Metropol. Traction.	170½	172⅜	170½	172½	172⅜
New York Central..	161½	162	161½	161½	161¼
Northwestern......	214	214½	213⅜	214½	214½
National Lead......	18	18	18	18	18¼
Norfolk & Western	56¼	56¼	56	56	56
Ontario & Western.	33⅜	34	33½	33⅜	33⅝
Pennsylvania.......	149⅜	149⅜	149⅛	149½	149⅛
Pacific Mail.......	46	46	46	46	46
People's Gas Co....	99½	100	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
Rock Island........	162½	163	161½	161⅞	161⅞
Rep. Iron and Steel.	16⅜	17¼	16⅜	16½	16⅜
Reading...........	56⅝	57¼	56½	56⅝	56⅝
do. first pref'd....	82	82¼	82	82½	82
do. sec. pref'd....	63	64	63	63⅛	63⅜
Southern Pacific...	63⅛	63¼	62⅝	63	62⅞
St. Paul...........	164	164⅜	163⅞	163⅝	163½
Southern Railway.	32⅞	33⅛	32⅞	32¾	32⅞
do. preferred.....	94⅜	94⅞	94	94½	94½
St. L. & S. W......	26	26½	26	26½	26⅛
do. preferred.....	59	59	59	59	58¼
Texas Pacific......	38⅛	38¼	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
Tenn. Coal and Iron	63⅛	64¼	63	63⅜	63
U. S. Steel........	43¼	43⅜	43	43⅛	43
do. preferred.....	93⅜	93½	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛
Union Pacific.....	102⅛	102½	101⅝	101⅝	101⅜
do. preferred.....	89½	89¼	88⅞	89	89¼
U. S. Rubber, com.	14½	14½	14½	14½	14½
U. S. Leather......	11½	11⅝	11¼	11¼	11¼
do. preferred.....	80¼	80¼	80½	80¼	80½
Wabash, preferred	42⅜	42½	42¼	42¼	42½
Western Union....	91	91¼	91	91¼	90⅞

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, February 4.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The stock market was quiet today, the comparative calm extending even to mining shares, although the final tendency was upward.

American shares remained dead and discouraged on the postponement of any decision on the Northern Securities Company litigation.

Finally New York lifted Union and Southern Pacific.

Copper fell 3¼ to £53¼ the ton on professional manipulation. In the absence of any publication regarding terms between the Amalgamated and Rio Tintos Companies the latter fell to 45, but rallied to 45⅝, closing at 45⅛. Anaconda lost 3-16, selling down to 7 1-16.

On improved French demand gold was quoted at 77s 10¾d.

As to the bank rate opinion is divided. The position of the institution is strong, but a reduction might cause gold exports to Paris.

Paris exchange is 25.12; Berlin 20.45.

The Austrian bank has reduced its rate from 4 to 3½.

Local Bonds and Stocks.

CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta 4s, 1923....	105	....
Atlanta 4½s, 1922.............	114	....
Atlanta 6s, 1914.....	120	....
Atlanta 7s, 1904..	105	....
Atlanta 8s, 1902......	102	....
Savannah 5s, 1909............	107	....
Savannah 5s, 1909..	108	109
Macon 4½s, 1926..	107½	....
Macon 6s, 1910....	114	....
Augusta 4s, 1927..	102	....
Augusta 5s, 1921..	115	....
Augusta 6s, 1913..	118	....
Columbus 5s, 1909..	102	....
Columbus 4½s, 1927..	107	....

STATE BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia 3½s, 1915................	107	109
Georgia 3½s, 1930..	107½	....
Georgia 4s, 1926...	113	....
Georgia 4½s, 1911..	111½	....
Georgia 4½, 1915..............	115½	116½
Georgia 4½s, 1922..	119	....
Alabama, class A..	107	....
Alabama, class B..	106	....
Alabama, class C..	101	....

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia railroad 5s, 1922..	108	....
Georgia railroad, 6s, 1910........	114	....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1922..	120	....
Central of Georgia first 5s, 1945	117	....
Central of Georgia, Col. Trust 5s, 1937.....	101½	103
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s, 1945...	109	111
Central of Georgia first incomes.	78	80
Central of Georgia second incomes..	35	36
Central of Georgia third incomes		
Southern Ry., first 5s, 1994....	118	120
Ga. Pacific first 6s, 1922.......	125	....
Seaboard 4s, 1950.....	84	86
Seaboard guar. 5s, 1902.........	102	101½
Seaboard 10 year 5s..	102	104

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co....	235	240
Southeastern.....	116	118
Augusta and Savannah..	114	115½
Augusta and West Point..	150	....
Southern Railway preferred....	91½	92½
Southern Railway common..... ..	32	33
Seaboard preferred..	45	47
Seaboard common	23	25

Declared $20 Per Share Dividend.

New York, February 4.—The directors of the Standard Oil Company, of New Jersey, declared a dividend of $20 a share today. This is the same as for the corresponding quarter last year and the year before.

The declaring of the dividend on Standard Oil prompted buying of the stock on the curb market up to 675, after which the price reacted, later sales being made at 665. The long decline in the stock from above 800 to 615, at which it held within the last few weeks, was supposed to be due to belief that the dividend would be reduced owing to the decline in price of oil, but it was reported today that the depression had been due to large liquidation growing out of recent financial troubles in Cleveland.

W. E. Small & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, February 4.—The feature at the start comprised heavy selling in Copper and equally good buying in Sugar on favorable Washington advices, while uncertainty prevailed regarding Copper, although Boston bought. Buying orders appeared in the rails, notably St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, with very bullish talk prevailing on the latter, due to refunding of bonds and evidences of the Keene pool accumulating the stock. The coalers were given strength by a 7 point rise in Lackawanna, although part of the advance was lost. United States Steel was steady, while Republic Steel was boosted on the fine showing made by the company, but advances in the stock met with free realizing sales. Selling in People's Gas was again noticeable. Shorts covered in Metropolitan on an announcement by Mr. Whitney that he had not parted with his stock, but selling appeared in Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The Pennsylvania statement made a remarkably fine showing, but the stock did not respond. It could not be said that the gold exports produced any effect on the market, except in a sentimental way through selling by professionals. London's operations were small and cut no figure. During the afternoon Copper turned quite weak. Selling appeared from tired holders in United States Steel, owing to inactivity in the shares, but there was nothing unfavorable in the way of news regarding the steel situation; in fact, just to the contrary. Dullness pervaded the market resulting in small recessions all around. The weakest features apparent are Copper and People's Gas.

Foreign Finances.

London, February 4.—Consols for money 94 7-16; do. account 94 11-16. Atchison 78⅜; do. preferred 99¾; Illinois Central 141; Louisville and Nashville 106¼.

Bar silver steady at 25 7-16d per ounce.

Money 2@2½ per cent.

Short bills 2⅞@2 15-16 per cent; three months' bills 2⅞ per cent.

Gold premiums at Buenos Ayres 137.30.

Berlin, February 4.—Exchange on London 20 marks 44½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rate for short bills 2¾ per cent; three months' bills 1⅞ per cent.

Paris, February 4.—Three per cent rentes 101 francs 22½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 12 centimes for checks. Spanish 4s 78.47.

Heavy Gold Engagements for Thursday.

New York, February 4.—It is announced that the National City bank has engaged $1,000,000 in gold for export on Thursday; Lazard Freres have engaged $1,500,000 for export on the same date. Heidelbach, Ickelheim & Co. will ship $1,250,000 on Thursday. This brings the total exports on Thursday to $3,750,000.

Copper Market Professional.

London, February 4.—Fresh buying orders for copper today were checked by weak New York reports, inducing realizations. The market was very professional. Two thousand tons were sold.

Available Supply Changes.

New York, February 4.—Special cable and telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies from last account:

Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 2,531,000 bushels; afloat for and in Europe increase 1,800,000 bushels. Total supply decrease 731,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 83,000 bushels.

Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 656,000 bushels.

The rTeasury Statement.

Washington, February 4.—Today's treasury balances, exclusive of gold reserve, shows: Available cash balances $174,872,834; gold, $88,679,870.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, February 4.—Extreme irregularity marked the stock market today, prices passing through various phases of alternate strength and weakness. The early tendency was mainly toward improvement and some sensational advances were recorded. The buying of Lackawanna was continuped, and the price scored a maximum improvement of 7 per cent. Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, on small transactions, sold up over 10 per cent on rumors that there was to be a rearrangement of relations between that company and the Louisville and Nashville. The present advance in Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie stocks made rather violent progress, the preferred selling up 6 per cent and common nearly 4 per cent. Canadian Pacific rose over a point on the supposition that the advance in the stocks of the Soo and South Shore roads meant impending changes that would be beneficial to the controlling company. In the industrial list there was early decided strength in Sugar, Distilling preferred, Tennessee Coal and Iron and Republic Steel. The change in course of the market followed the announcement of the engagement of nearly $4,000,000 gold for export. Prices sold off sharply in some instances, rallied again and then became irregular and somewhat unsettled. The railway list showed the best stamina. Sugar closed with only a small fractional advance. Linseed was very erratic, and closed at a net loss of 1½ per cent. Amalgamated was weak on fresh unfavorable trade developments and a severe break in Rio Tintos in London. Amalgamated closed at a recovery of only ¾. Anaconda declined over a point. The local tractions ruled fairly firm, and Metropolitan Street Railway rallied over 2 per cent. The market closed irregular, but with a fairly steady tone on the reactions.

Groceries.

Atlanta, February 4.—Roasted coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle $10.80. Green coffee, choice, 10c; fair, 8c; prime, 6c. Sugar, standard granulated 5. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 30@45c; mixed, choice, 20@25c. South Georgia cane, 34@36. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; ice cream, $1.25. Common 60@70c. Cheese, fancy, full cream 12¼@13. Matches 65s, 45½@55; 200s $1.50@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer, $3.00. Crackers, soda 6¼; cream 7¼; ginger snaps 6¼. Candy, common stick 5½c; fancy 7@10c. Oysters, F. W., $2.00; L. W., $1.25. Fancy head rice 7; head rice 6.

CHICAGO MARKET REVIEWED.

Chicago, February 4.—Trade in the grain pits had an off day today. All told, it was a cold weather market, holding up well at the opening on fears of serious results from the severe weather, but sliding off as the pits turned bearish once more. May wheat closed with a net loss of ¼@⅜c, May corn ⅜c and May oats ⅛@¼c. Provisions closed 2½c down all around.

Corn again attracted the most attention on the floor, although trade was not large. Early buying on the cold weather report, especially by the southwest and some of the local crowd for investment occasioned a fair advance. There was some bullish news from Kansas City and cables were strong, though Liverpool reported a dull market. Receipts were small. May opened with good strength and sold up to 64¼c, but selling by locals and predictions of moderating weather broke the market toward the end of the session. May sold down to 63⅜c, but rallied again on good covering and sold at 63⅞@64c. This revival, however, was not long-lived, and May closed easy ⅜c down at 63½@63⅝c. Receipts were only 75 cars.

Wheat had a rather dull day. The change in prices was limited to ⅝c. The cold weather, while having an independent bullish offset in this pit, influenced strength more by its indirect effect through corn. The early sentiment was bullish on corn, but later wheat turned independent on bearish sentiment. The local crowd sold and prices declined. Receipts both local and northwestern were small, and the world's visible supply decreased 731,000 bushels. On these influences May started ⅛c up at 78⅝c, and sold up a shade. When the sentiment turned the market held very well considering the selling pressure, and May closed easy ¼@⅜c lower at 78⅛@78¼c. New York reported discouraging export news, saying that the business was largely confined to Manitoba wheat, which was being sold under the prices for American. Local receipts were only 22 cars, two of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 280 cars, making a total for the three points of 302 cars, against 472 last week and 313 a year ago. Primary receipts were 401,000 bushels, against 444,000 bushels a year ago. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour equaled 438,000 bushels. The seaboard reported 80 loads taken for export.

Oats were again dull, and prices fluctuated in sympathy with corn over a very narrow range. Outsiders took no interest in the market, and the big local interests were inclined to let things rest as they are. Country offerings were nil. May sold over a range of ⅜c and closed steady ⅛@¼c down at 44½@44⅝c. Receipts were 88 cars.

There was a demand for pork at the opening that carried prices up fairly well. The market at the yards had a good tone and the pits retained their early gains until near the close, when the reaction in grains influenced some small losses. Trade was small. All products closed 2½c higher, May pork at $15.90, May lard at $9.47½ and May ribs at $8.47½.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 10 cars; corn 40 cars; oats 40 cars; hogs 41,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Lowest.	Close.
WHEAT—				
February..	....	....	....	75⅛
May..	78⅝	78¾	78⅛	78¼
July..	78⅞	78⅞	78⅜	78½
CORN—				
May..	64¼	64¼	63⅜	63⅝
July..	64¼	64⅜	63½	63⅝
September	63⅛	63⅛	62½	62½
OATS—				
May..	44⅞	44⅞	44½	44⅝
July..	39	39	38½	38½
September	33	33	32¾	32¾
MESS PORK—				
May..	15.95	15.97½	15.90	15.90
July..	16.05	16.05	15.97½	16.00
LARD—				
May....	9.47½	9.47½	9.45	9.47½
July..	9.55	9.57½	9.52½	9.55
SHORT RIBS—				
May..	8.47½	8.50	8.45	8.47½
July..	8.55	8.57½	8.55	8.57½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels..	30,000	34,000
Wheat, bushels..	68,000	74,000
Corn, bushels..	66,000	95,000
Oats, bushels..	122,000	200,000
Rye, bushels..	3,000	12,000
Barley, bushels..	87,000	32,000

W. E. Small & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, February 4.—Wheat—Export sales at the seaboard possibly 15 loads, and 20 loads of corn. An active cash demand for wheat, with millers best buyers, was reported in Minneapolis, also talk of export business in Kansas City. The market was very dull as well as heavy, with only a slack demand, the short interest having been thoroughly eliminated during the past two days, while outside orders were scarce. Local sentiment was bearish, due to the light export demand, and what there was of it was principally for Manitoba varieties. The closing was rather soft, slightly above the low point of the day, and as the only strength noticeable during the session came from the advance in corn, the position as it looks to us is a weak one. Sentimental rallies may be brought about, however, but on hard spots we favor sales.

Corn—Kansas City advices were bullish, only 34 cars being received and 116 shipped, with a good demand, and while Patten lent his assistance to the market with May working up slightly above yesterday's top prices, the selling was too general to be resisted, offerings being plentiful enough to more than satisfy buyers, St. Louis houses being free sellers. While bullish sentiment is continually heard, it must be remembered that values are extraordinarily high, and it will require considerable buying on the part of the crowd to maintain even the present level. On hard spots we favor sales.

Oats—Aside from the buying of July by provision interests and selling by a prominent commission house, there was nothing of any particular feature regarding oats. We look for values to drag lower.

Provisions—Trade was light, but packers were noticeable for their absence as sellers. While the market was dull, values are showing a little more strength, and it would appear to us as if a change for the better was about due, although Lent is approaching, we believe the effects of lessened consumption have been pretty well discounted.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, February 4.—Wheat—The market was very dull, but very steady. The foreign markets showed a quiet but steady undertone, and again foreign orders in futures were few and recently foreign orders in cash have been extremely limited. Receipts were again small at western points, partly due to the weather and the tenacious country holdings. The weather was generally clear, but severely cold, 2 to 10 degrees below in the central and western wheat states, zero to 10 above in the Ohio valley, and 12 to 26 below in the northwest. The crop is well protected by snow from the severe weather prevailing, but the unfavorable crop bulletin for January has considerable influence. Chicago private stocks decreased for the week 81,000 bushels and public and private stocks are now 12,081,000 bushels. After midday prices were easier with quiet trade.

Corn—Trade was active and prices firm. The market has regained about half of the loss from the extreme top, the advance being stimulated by decreasing receipts, small country movement and country offerings, and the very severe weather which will increase consumption of corn and feeding grain in the same way that cold weather increases coal consumption. Chicago private stocks increased 155,000 bushels, and the public and private total is 7,107,000 bushels. Prices reacted a little in the afternoon with quieter trade.

Provisions—There was a fairly active and stronger market in hog products. Receipts were large for the day, but severe weather is against the movement, and live hog products were firm. The market was also helped by the strength in coarse grains.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, February 4.—Flour, diamond, 1st patent $5.25; 2d patent $4.75; straight $4.35; extra fancy $4.00; fancy $3.85. First patent spring wheat $5.00. Corn, choice white 88c; No. 2 do. 87; No. 2 mixed 86c. Oats, white 62; mixed 60. Texas rustproof 75; Kansas 70. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.10. No. 1, small bales, $1; No. 2, 90c. Meal, plain 85c; bolted 78c. Bran, small sacks, $1.25. Short $1.40. Stock meal, $1.40 per 100 pounds. Cotton seed meal $1.25 per 100 pounds. Hudnut's grits, $2.10.

New York, February 4.—Flour dull but steady. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2, red, 87⅝; considering the decline of trade, wheat was fairly steady all day, influenced by less favorable winter wheat crop news, small receipts, light speculative offerings, decrease in world's stocks and fairly large New York clearances. A final slight setback with corn left closing prices ⅛@¼c net lower; March 84½; May [illegible] July 83¾. Corn, spot easy; No. 2, 68¾; while somewhat irregular corn averaged fairly steady today with a moderate trade. The firm spots were due to increased consumption, owing to cold weather and the final decline to local realizing; closed weak ⅜@½c net loss; May 68¼; July 68. Oats, spot firm; No. 2, 49½; options dull all day and barely steady.

St. Louis, February 4.—Flour firm. Wheat lower; No. 2 red cash and elevator 87; track 88@89; May 86½; July 78⅛@78¼; No. 2 hard 76½@81. Corn lower; No. 2 cash 62⅝; track 63½; May 65⅛; July 65¼. Oats lower; No. 2 cash 46; track 47@47½; May 45¾; July 38½; No. 2 white 48.

Chicago, February 4.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat —; No. 3 spring 75½; No. 2 red 83¾@85½. No. 2 corn —; No. 2 yellow —. No. 2 oats 45½; No. 2 white 47@47½; No. 3 white 46½@47. No. 2 rye 61.

Cincinnati, February 4.—Flour dull. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 90@90½. Corn easy; No. 2 mixed 63½@64. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 47@47½.

Provisions.

Atlanta, February 4.—Clear rib sides, boxed 9 1-2, ribs 9 3-8, rib bellies 10, ice-cured bellies 10¼. Sugar cured hams 11 1-2@13 1-2; picnics 7 1-2@8 1-2. Lard 10 1-4.

St. Louis, February 4.—Pork steady; jobbing $15.30 old; $16.05 new. Lard steady at 9.20. Dry salt meats (boxed) strong; extra shorts and clear ribs 8.62½; clear sides 8.87½. Bacon (boxed) strong; extra shorts and clear ribs 9.37½; clear sides 9.62½.

Chicago, February 4.—Mess pork 15.70@15.75. Lard 9.30@9.32½. Short ribs sides (loose) 8.25@8.40; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 7⅛@7⅜; short clear sides (boxed) 8.62½@8.75.

New York, February 4.—Lard steady; western steam 9.70; refined steady. Pork steady.

Cincinnati, February 4.—Lard easy at 9.15. Bulk meats firm at 8.80. Bacon quiet at 9.65.

FRANK HAWKINS, President.
H. M. ATKINSON, Vice Pres.
JOS. A. McCORD, Cashier.
THOS. C. ERWIN, Asst. Cashier.
Third National Bank.
CAPITAL - - - - - - $200,000
SURPLUS - - - - - - $100,000
......DIRECTORS......
H. M. ATKINSON, Dr. A. W. CALHOUN, JOHN W. GRANT, E. B. ROSSER, FRANK HAWKINS, H. Y. McCORD, J. CARROLL PAYNE.
Letters of Credit and Foreign Exchange Sold on All Parts of the World.

W. L. PEEL, President.
ROBT F. MADDOX, Vice Pres.
THOS. J. PEEPLES, Cashier.
GEO A. NICOLSON, Asst. Cashier.
MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING COMPANY
Capital........................ $200,000.00
Stockholders' liability........................ 200,000.00
Surplus........................ 50,000.00
Total........................ $450,000.00
Designated Depository of the City of Atlanta;
Transact a General Banking Business.
The officers of this bank will be pleased to meet or correspond with those who contemplate making changes or opening new accounts.
In our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT we furnish pass books and receive limited amounts, on which interest at the rate of 3½ per cent is credited quarterly—on January 1st, April 1st, July 1st and October 1st.

The Fourth National Bank
OF ATLANTA.
A Designated Depository for United States, State of Georgia and the City of Atlanta.
Capital, ... $400,000
Surplus and Profits, . . 127,500
JAS. W. ENGLISH, President,
W. P. INMAN, Vice President,
JNO. K. OTTLEY, Cashier,
CHAS. I. RYAN, Asst. Cashier.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

JAMES SWANN, President.
P. ROMARE, Vice-President.
C. E. CURRIER, Cashier.
H. R. BLOODWORTH, Asst. Cashier.
Atlanta National Bank,
ATLANTA, GA.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY:
Capital, ... $150,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, . 570,000.00
DIRECTORS:
James Swann. P. Romare. A. E. Thornton. F. E. Block. S. M. Inman. C. E. Currier. H. T. Inman.
Accounts with individuals, firms, corporations and banks solicited. Issues letters of credit. Buys and sells foreign exchange.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, February 4.—Eggs, fresh stock 18@20 dozen, cold storage 14c dozen. Butter, fancy choice 18 to 22; fancy Jersey 20@22½; Georgia, fancy 15@17, good sale. Live poultry, hens 28@30c; fries, large, 17 1-2@20. Ducks, puddle, 20c. Dressed poultry and game—Turkeys, pound 12@14; chickens, hens, 10@12½c; roosters 7@8c; fries 14@15c; geese @10c; ducks 12@13c; rabbits, each 10@12½c; squirrels, each, 7@8c; birds, each, 13@14; Onions, $1.75@2.00 bushel; barrels, $4.50. Irish potatoes $1.20 per bushel. Peas, white, $1.75@2; lady, $2.25@2.50; field, $1.25@$1.35. Celery 30@50c dozen.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, February 4.—Apples, fancy, $5.00@6.00. Oranges, Florida, $2.75@3; Mexican, $2.50@2.75. Bananas, straits $1.75; culls $1@1.25. Nuts, Walnuts, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 10c. Almonds 13; pecans 11; mixed nuts, 12½; peanuts, Virginia 3@5½; Georgia 2c. Pineapples $3 crate. Dates, 5½c; figs 10@11c. Citron, 15c.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, February 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 41½@42; receipts 510; sales 352; exports 300. Rosin firm; receipts 4,531; sales 965; exports 3,824. Quote: A, B, C, D $1.25; E $1.30; F $1.35; G $1.40; H $1.45; I $1.70; K $2.25; M $2.65; N $3.25; window-glass $3.60; waterwhite $3.85.

Wilmington, February 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 40@41; receipts 5 casks. Rosin firm at $1.10@1.15; receipts 332. Crude turpentine strong at $1.35@2.50; receipts —. Tar quiet at $1.20; receipts 346.

Charleston, February 4.—Turpentine firm at 41¼; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: B, C, D $1.20; E $1.25.

Mardi Gras Rates Via A. & W. P. R. R.

Atlanta to Pensacola and return, $10.10.
Atlanta to Mobile and return, $10.60.
Atlanta to New Orleans and return, $14.85.

Tickets on sale February 4 to 10 inclusive, with final limit February 15, 1902. Extension of final limit may be obtained until February 28, 1902, by deposit of ticket with joint agent on or before February 15, and on payment of fee of 50 cents.

Make your sleeping car reservations in advance.

For detailed information call at city ticket office, No. 7 Pryor street, Bell 'phone No. 53, or union depot ticket office.

L. H. HILL, Union Ticket Agent.
GEORGE W. ALLEN, City Ticket and Passenger Agent.
J. B. BILLUPS, District Passenger Agent.
B. F. WYLY, JR., General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT.

There Is Small Chance of This Being the Case in Sweeden.

Philadelphia Ledger: We talk of love at first sight, but what shall we say of people who have never seen each other marrying and being not unhappy? "Courting," said an Irishman, "is like dying. Sure, a man must do it for himself."

In some countries, as, for instance, Sweden, this is not the case. There the marriages of young people are made for them by their parents, and they only begin to court when they are wedded. This sounds wrong and absurd in theory, but it often works well in practice. Indeed, young people ask the advice of their parents much too little about that which is perhaps the most serious and important undertaking in life—marriage. Too many of them are like the young lady who said that she hoped that she might be cut into 10,000 triangles if she did not know more of everything than did her mother. So they consult no one and insist on gaining experience at a great cost to themselves.

GOLD ENGAGED FOR EXPORT.

Nearly Four Millions To Be Shipped from New York Thursday.

New York, February 4.—It is announced that the National City bank engaged $1,000,000 in gold for export on Thursday. Lazard-Freres have engaged $1,500,000 for export on the same date.

Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will ship $1,250,000 on Thursday. This makes the total export on Thursday $3,750,000.

W. H. PATTERSON & CO.
—DEALERS IN—
Investment Securities.

SOUTHERN EXCHANGE,
GOULD BUILDING.
COTTON STOCKS, GRAIN, ETC.

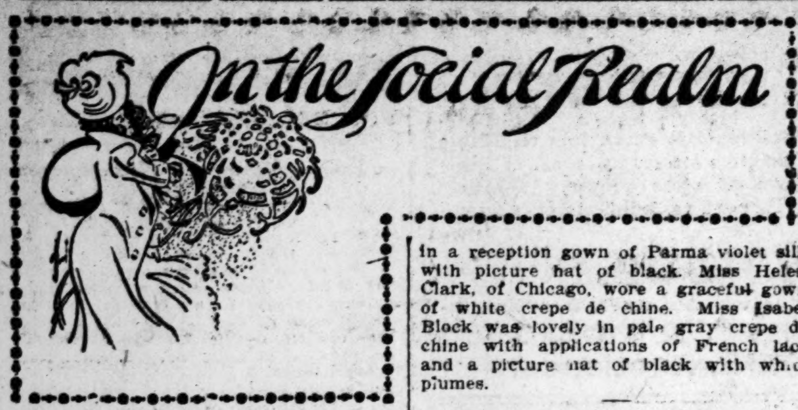
MURPHY & CO., Inc
Private Leased Wire Direct to New York, Chicago and New Orleans.
COTTON, STOCKS AND GRAIN.
No. 2. S. Pryor st. (Jackson Building).
New York Office—No. 61 Broadway.
Offices in Principal Cities Throughout the South. Write for our Market Manual and book containing instructions for traders.

W. E. Small & Co.
J. S. JONES, Manager.
Private leased wires to New York, Chicago and New Orleans.
Members of New York Cotton Exchange.
Members of New Orleans Cotton Exchange.
'Phone 1417. P. O. Box 238.
Prudential Building, Ground Floor.

I Have For Sale
15,000 State of Georgia 4½ per cent bonds, due 1915.
20,000 Taliaferro County, Georgia, 4½ per cent bonds.
20,000 Darlington, S. C., 4½ per cent bonds.
25,000 Dublin, Ga., 5 per cent bonds.
10,000 Bennettsville, S. C., 6 per cent bonds.
25,000 Augusta, Ga., 4 per cent bonds.
50,000 Augusta Gas Light Co. 5 per cent bonds.
APPLY TO
JOHN W. DICKEY,
Augusta, Ga.

UNUSUAL FACILITIES
for prompt and efficient execution of orders for
COTTON and GRAIN
as well as for
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE STOCKS
Send for our 400 Page Cloth Bound Illustrated
"Guide To Inventors" and "Daily Market Letter"
Also for our Very Special Series Letters exclusively devoted to
COTTON and CEREALS
They are all issued Free upon request.
HAIGHT & FREESE CO.
Established 1890. Main Office, 53 B'way, N. Y.
"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker is as important as the selection of right stocks."

Safety Deposit Boxes.
Well arranged safety deposit boxes for storing valuables.
Boxes with private keys $3.00 per year and upward, according to size. No trouble to show them.
TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA,
Ground Floor
Equitable Building.



Maids of Honor to Wear Court Costume at Carnival

THE young women who will act as maids of honor to the queen of the Charleston carnival will wear regulation court costumes at the carnival ball—i. e., with their ball gowns of white they will wear white tulle veils, with the princesse plumes of white ostrich completing the headgear. For a model of the costume no better idea can be given than Gibson's illustration of the "Presentation at Court," where our American beauty awaits her turn in the "drawing room."

The carnival begins February 10, with the floral parade held at 11 o'clock. At 2 o'clock occurs the queen's reception in the woman's building of the exposition. At 8 o'clock, with a flourish of trumpets, the king will arrive in his royal yacht, and the brilliant ceremonies will be concluded in the auditorium. They will include a court dance and tableaux, where the queen and her maids of honor will dazzle in their beauty and their superb toilets. A committee of gentlemen, under the chairmanship of Mr. Edward Simmons, of Charleston, will attend the maids of honor.

On Tuesday at 11 o'clock will occur the Rex parade. At 2 o'clock the queen will give her maids of honor a luncheon.

On the night of the 11th the king's ball will be given in the auditorium. On Wednesday, February 12, at 10 o'clock in the morning, the president and party arrive, and exercises lasting the entire day will be given at the exposition.

There will be a reception for Mrs. Roosevelt and the ladies of her party in the woman's building and at night occurs the ball of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Symonds.

Mrs. Oglesby's Luncheon.

THE luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. J. G. Oglesby in compliment to Mrs. Robert J. Lowry was one of the most beautiful parties of the season, and one characteristic in every detail of the artistic taste of the hostess.

There were four tables, at each of which five guests were seated. The tables in their floral decorations represented the four seasons, spring, autumn, winter and summer.

At the table representing spring and at which the host and guest of honor were seated, there was a plateau of violets bordered with ferns and the shades tipping the silver candle sticks had shades of green adorned with violets. At the "summer" table there was a basket of pink roses in the center of the table and the fairy lamp shades were of pink silk. Crimson roses combined with ferns adorned the winter table and the center piece on the autumn table had as its center piece a pumpkin basket filled with malaga grapes and tied with yellow ribbons, shades of yellow silk on the silver candlesticks completing the artistic effect.

An orchestra rendered an artistic musical programme and every appointment of the occasion was faultless and elegant.

The guests were Mrs. Hugh Hagan, Mrs. William Perrin Nicolson, Mrs. G. A. Nicolson, Mrs. C. K. Nelson, Mrs. Morrow, Mrs. T. D. Meador, Mrs. Van Epps, Mrs. Edward McKeon, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. Hugh Inman, Mrs. Walter Taylor, Mrs. Joseph Orme, Mrs. Hollins Randolph, Mrs. Lewis Beck, Mrs. William Smythe, Miss Addie Maude and Mrs. Henry Tompkins.

Mrs. Oglesby wore an elegant toilet of black lisse applied in lace medallions. Mrs Lowry wore a French gown of gun metal velvet with exquisite hat of black chiffon and French roses.

Mrs. T. D. Meador was notably handsome in a reception gown of black silk and velvet combined.

Mrs. Henry Tompkins wore a superb toilet of black velvet with corsage of Irish lace and picture hat of tulle.

Mrs. C. K. Nelson was handsome in a tailor gown of green cloth.

Mrs. Joseph Thompson's elegant gown was of black cloth applied in velvet applique with picture hat of black trimmed in pink roses.

Mrs. Steele's Luncheon.

A BEAUTIFUL affair was the buffet luncheon at which Mrs. A. B. Steele entertained yesterday in compliment to Miss Julia Porter, one of the season's most popular debutantes. About sixty guests were entertained by the gracious hostess, whose home was elaborately decorated with palms and sweet smelling cut flowers.

In the sitting room Miss Agnes Raoul presided at the punch bowl, and in the dining room Miss Julia Taylor poured coffee at a table having as its centerpiece an oblong basket of narcissus and ferns.

A substantial and delicious luncheon was served, the ices frozen in designs of flowers and fruits.

Mrs. Steele was assisted in doing the honors of the occasion by Miss Julia Taylor, Miss Julia Huguenin, Miss Mary Connally, Miss Agnes Raoul, Miss Roline Clark, Miss Isma Dooly. Mrs. Steele wore a handsome gown of black crepe de chine, the corsage hand-embroidered in white, with a touch of rose velvet about the color. Miss Porter was lovely in a smart toilet of pearl-colored grenadine over pale blue silk and elaborately applied in lace.

Miss Julia Portor wore a princesse gown of ciel blue cloth with a hand trimming combining the shades of ciel and sapphire blue.

Miss Huguenin wore a Frenchy gown, blue-gray barege with elaborate trimmings of point de russe lace.

Miss Roline Clark was very much admired in her dressy gown of coral-colored olga crepe. Miss Mary Connally wore a handsome gown of sapphire blue velvet. Miss Agnes Raoul wore pale heliotrope liberty satin, the skirt made in panels joined by handwork of white silk embroidery. The corsage was exquisitely trimmed in lace.

Notably attractive among the visiting young ladies was Miss Frances Johnson in a reception gown of Parma violet silk with picture hat of black. Miss Helen Clark, of Chicago, wore a graceful gown of white crepe de chine. Miss Isabel Block was lovely in pale gray crepe de chine with applications of French lace and a picture hat of black with white plumes.

DIAMONDS,
STERLING SILVER,
JEWELRY,
WATCHES,
FINE ART PIECES.
Charles W. Crankshaw,
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,
55 Whitehall Street.

To Start an Athletic Club.

MISSES LOUISE and Julia Romare, Mrs. John Oliver, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. W. A. Wimbish, Miss Dargan, Mrs. Bennett and other prominent Atlanta women have organized a gymnasium class, out of which will doubtless grow an athletic club for women—an institution very much needed in Atlanta.

MISS META HART,
One of the Brightest and Most Popular Young Girls of This City.

These ladies have leased, on Wednesday afternoons and Saturday mornings, the athletic equipment of the Turn Verein hall, 7 1-2 Forsyth street, and have as their director Mrs. Ida Richards Compton. They are most enthusiastic in their work, and are interesting a large number of young women, who far from being desirous of becoming athletes, appreciate the necessity of wholesome body development to capacitate them for even the social duties that these days draw upon the strength of the average woman.

The classes so far include only the exercises generally understood to come under the head of physical culture, and the various members of the class take just that line of exercise prescribed by the director. For instance, one young woman who devotes a great deal of her time to instrumental music, and who accordingly has regular exercise of the upper body, is taking a course of gymnastics that compensates for the loss of walking; i. e., an exercise for the development of the lower body.

Another member of the class who does sufficient walking, but enough desk work to bring about a tendency to round shoulders, is taking an upper body exercise, which she declares has been the greatest benefit to her.

The classes hold Wednesday afternoons from 3 until 6 o'clock, and Saturday mornings from 11 until 12 o'clock.

Hawes-Broughton.

THE marriage of Mr. Edgar E. Broughton, of Raleigh, N. C., to Miss Eva Hawes, the beautiful young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Hawes, of 156 Walton street, was consummated at the Tabernacle Baptist church last evening at 9 o'clock.

The church was tastefully decorated with evergreens and was filled with a large crowd, the friends of the young couple.

The bride was attended by Miss Carrie Broughton, of Raleigh, the sister of the groom. Mrs. Nell West, of Savannah, a sister of the bride, was matron of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Annie Fickett, Miss Julia Bellingrath and Miss Nell Forsythe. The groom entered with his best man, Dr. Joe Broughton. Mr. A. M. Smith, Mr. J. W. Awtry and Mr. Robert Jarrell were the ushers.

The wedding march was played by Mr. Frank Strickland. The ceremony was performed in an impressive manner by Dr. Len G. Broughton, who is a cousin of the groom.

A reception was tendered the bridal party at the residence of the bride's parents immediately after the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Broughton left on the midnight train for Raleigh, where they will make their home.

D. A. R. To Visit Charleston

MRS. NORWOOD MITCHELL, regent of the Thomas Jefferson chapter of the D. A. R., of this city, has received the following invitation from Lec C. Harby, of the Daughters of South Carolina:

The woman's board of administration of the South Carolina, Interstate and West Indian exposition having invited the Daughters of the American Revolution of South Carolina to name some day which they would celebrate as their own, and the president general of the national society having selected February 27, 1902, we write to notify you of the event, and to extend a cordial invitation to the members of your chapter to visit Charleston at that time and join in with the Daughters of our state in making the celebration of the day a most notable one.

Rest assured of a warm welcome, and of the courtesies of a city rich in historic recollections and buildings. The Rebecca Motte chapter of Charleston has its reception room in a colonial building over two hundred years old, in itself well worth a visit.

At Sheltering Arms.

THE restaurant for the benefit of the Sheltering Arms opened yesterday and an unusually delightful dinner and lunch was served between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock. The ladies of the Sheltering Arms Society who were in charge yesterday were assisted by a number of lovely young women. The ladies of Inman Park will be in charge today. They are:

Mrs. Charles Sheldon, chairman; Mrs. J. A. Perdue, vice chairman; Mrs. J. H. Hightower, Mrs. W. E. Hayne, Mrs. W. A. Stokes, Mrs. Thomas Stubbs, Mrs. T. E. Simons, Mrs. J. A. Scott, Mrs. T. E. Murray, Mrs. J. B. Brooks, Mrs. LeCraw, Mrs. J. W. Hilburne, Mrs. George King, Mrs. H. E. W. Palmer, Mrs. Zahner, Mrs. Finley, Mrs. J. E. Carleton, Mrs. W. D. White, Mrs. Elijah Brown, Mrs. Charles Davis, Mrs. S. D. Jones, Mrs. F. O. Foster, Mrs. Robert King, Mrs. C. E. Frierson, Mrs. George Bell, Mrs. T. D. Niles, Mrs. J. E. Holloman, Mrs. John Candler, Mrs. Miller Hutchen. The young ladies who will assist are: Miss Ethel Akers, Miss Flora Glenn, Miss Lucia Cole, Miss Louise Bell, Miss Ruth Gardiner, Miss Tochie Davis, Miss Bessie Harwell, Miss Robson, Miss Hulsey, Miss Bertie Stewart, Miss Annie Hanye.

The menu for today is as follows:

Dinner, 50 cents—Cream tomato soup, turkey, cranberry jelly, rice cream, potatoes, hot rolls, coffee, fresh tomatoes, mayonnaise; Waldorf salad, beaten biscuit, mince pie, sweet milk, ice cream, cake.

Fried oysters, hot rolls and coffee, 25 cents.

Lunch, 25 cents—Ham, Irish potato salad, bread and butter, pickles, coffee, buckwheat cakes and maple sirup.

Among those who dined at the restaurant yesterday were: Mayor and Mrs. Livingston Mims, Bishop Nelson, Mrs. Hugh Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Callaway, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brock Meador, Miss Annie Fitten, Mr. Will Glenn, Mr. Harry Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Colquitt Carter, Judge Walter Colquitt, Mr. Shepard Bryan, Mr. Lee Edwards, Mr. Van Astor Batchellor, Mr. W. E. Chapin, Mr. Albert Howell, Jr., Mr. Jack Cohen, Mr. Dick Gray, Mr. Morton Smith, Mrs. John Hill, Miss Lucy Newman, Miss Bessie Shaw, Mr. Gamble, Mr. Sewell Black, Mr. Hamilton, of Richmond; Mr. Preston Arkwright, Miss Margaret Newman, Mr. and Mrs. George Howard.

Euchre Club.

The North Side Euchre Club was delightfully entertained yesterday morning by Mrs. Floyd Furlow. The score cards were unusually pretty; they were in the shape of a La France rose tied with pink satin ribbon. The first prize, a hand-painted plate, was won by Mrs. E. H. Goodhart; the consolation, a mayonnaise dish, was drawn by Mrs. Rogers Davis, and the ten hand prize, a beer stein, was won by Mrs. Tom Peeples.

The members of the club include twelve of the most attractive young matrons in the city. They are Mrs. Dan Ruden, Mrs. Floyd Furlow, Mrs. Paul Goldsmith, Mrs. Tom Peeples, Mrs. Ed Van Winkle, Mrs. Tayloe, Mrs. George Hurt, Mrs. John Hill, Mrs. E. H. Goodhart, Mrs. Joe Raines, Mrs. Rogers Davis and Mrs Nash Broyles.

To Miss Huguenin.

Miss Huguenin will be the guest of honor at a box party to be given Friday evening by Dr. Siler, of Fort McPherson. The party will include besides the host and guest of honor Mrs. T. D. Meador, Miss Taylor, Dr. William Owens and Dr. Hubbard.

Four O'Clock Tea.

Mrs. W. O. Jones and Miss Jones will entertain at 4 o'clock tea Friday afternoon in honor of their guest, Mrs. Hollman. One hundred and fifty guests have been invited, and the occasion will be one of the brilliant social events of the week.

Mrs. Tilton's Luncheon.

Mrs. McLane Tilton will give a luncheon Wednesday at noon at the Aragon in honor of Mrs. Schley, who is to be here until her husband, Captain Schley, is detached from Fort McPherson. Among those invited to meet Mrs. Schley are Mrs. James Nunnally, Mrs. William Smythe, Mrs. L. W. Scoville, Mrs. T. D. Meador, Mrs. Murdoch Walker, Mrs. Robert Alston, Miss Eliza Scoville, Mrs. Charles Healey, Mrs. C. K. Nelson, Mrs. Haroldson Bleckley and Mrs. James Hickey.

Dinner to Miss Huguenin.

Miss Susan Calhoun was the charming hostess at a dinner given last night in compliment of Miss Julia Huguenin, of Macon.

The party included Miss Huguenin, Miss Julia Taylor, Miss Rebecca Raoul, Miss Annie Fitten, Miss Eugenia Oglesby, Mr. Frank Orme, Mr. Thomas Glenn, Mr. Willis Ragan, Mr. Hugh Adams, Mr. Richard Bell, Dr. Bates Block.

Behre, 52 Cooper street, at 3 p. m. A full attendance is urged.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Presbyterian Hospital Association will hold its regular monthly meeting, Wednesday, February 5, in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church at 3:30 p. m. All who are interested in the work are urged to be present.

Females of All Ages find these Pills simply invaluable, as a few doses will restore free and regular conditions and effectually remove the causes of much suffering to the sex.

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Mrs. C. F. Scribner, president, calls a meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Thursday afternoon in Knights of Pythias hall, Kiser building. A large attendance is desired.

Meetings.

The Woman's Relief Corps of the G. A. R. will be entertained Thursday, February 6, at 3 o'clock p. m. by Mrs. Bailey at her home on Forrest avenue.

There will be a called meeting of the executive committee of the Florence Crittenton Home this morning at 10 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. A. McD. Wilson. A new president will be elected and chairmen appointed.

The Nineteenth Century Club will meet this afternoon with Mrs. Lumpkin at 3:30 o'clock at her residence, 720 Piedmont avenue.

The Woman's Alliance will meet in regular business session Wednesday, February 5, at the home of Mrs. Charles

Waycross, Ga.

Waycross, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Mr. Andrew Sterling Lumond, agent of the Southern Express Company in this city, and Miss Emmae Cornelius were married in this city yesterday, the ceremony being conducted by Rev. R. A. Brown, pastor of the Presbyterian church. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Mott Cornelius, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

Cards were received here announcing the celebration of the fifteenth marriage anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Futch, at the Weddell house, in Cleveland, Ohio, this evening from 7:30 to 10 o'clock. Mr. Futch is well known in this section, having been a prominent engineer on the Brunswick and Western railroad for many years. His wife was also very popular in this section. She was a Miss Greer, sister of Mr. John W. Greer, editor of The Waycross Journal.

A Quiet Marriage.

Hawkinsville, Ga., February 4.—(Special.)—Mr. W. L. Joiner, Jr., and Miss Frances Rogan were quietly married here yesterday evening at the home of the bride, the Rev. Dr. A. M. Simms officiating. Mr. Joiner is prominent here in mercantile life and claims a host of friends in this section. The bride is one of Hawkinsville's prettiest and most attractive women.

Social Items.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Denman, of Louisville, were in the city yesterday on their way to Jacksonville, Fla.

Mr. W. A. Turner, of Newnan, will spend several days in the city this week.

Mr. John Kemme, of Macon, Ga., has accepted a position in this city with Jacobs' Pharmacy.

Mrs. F. E. Clark and Miss Smith, of St. Louis, are in the city with Mrs. B. F. Jordan on Peachtree.

Mr. Armand DeRossette is in the city.

Mr. John Hill is out of the city for several days on a business trip.

The many friends of Conductor Charles McDade, of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, will regret to learn that he fell from his train in Montgomery and broke his ankle. He is confined to his home, 232 Spring street, where he will be glad to see any of his friends.

Miss Mabel Fain has returned to her home in Alabama.

There will be an informal bowling party at the Piedmont Driving Club Thursday evening.

Mrs. William Whitcomb, of South Carolina, will be the guest of friends in the city the latter part of the week.

The friends of Mrs. R. H. Jones will be pleased to hear that her sister, Mrs. J. N. C. Stockton, now at Cooper & Elkin's sanitarium, is improving in health.

Judge and Mrs. H. M. Reid, with their family, have taken the home of Mrs. Cunningham, in West End, and are at home to their friends at 83 Ashby street.

Mr. Gordon Kiser will be the guest of friends in Augusta for the valentine ball.

The Bowling Club was entertained yesterday morning by Miss Adelaide Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roane will make their home in Columbus, Ga., after the 15th of this month.

The Roasters and Toasters will have charge of the restaurant for the Sheltering Arms on Thursday.

Miss Beamans, of New York, is the guest of Miss Rebecca Raoul.

Miss Virginia Iredell, of Cincinnati, will be the guest next week of Miss Janie Speer.

Miss Lottie Wylie will entertain at a cotillion on Friday evening at Segadlo hall.

Miss Sarah Robertson left yesterday for a visit to relatives in Birmingham.

Mrs. John Oliver will entertain at 5 o'clock tea Saturday afternoon in compliment to her sister, Miss Adams, of Cohoes, N. Y.

Miss Susan Calhoun entertained at dinner last evening in compliment to Miss Julia Huguenin, of Macon.

Mr. and Mrs. David Mark, of New York, spent Sunday in the city.

Miss Mary Putman has returned from Charleston.

Miss Eva Henderson has returned to her home in Marietta.

Mrs Lillie Pringle is in New Orleans, where she will remain until after mardi gras.

Miss Eva Wilby and Miss Crass have returned from a visit to Miss Lumpkin in Athens.

Miss Virginia Robertson has returned to her home in Columbus, Ga.

The Spinsters were entertained yesterday by Miss Roline Clarke.

Miss Florence Jackson will entertain a few friends at a spend-the-day party today.

Mrs. Frank Inman entertained informally at cards yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. B. C. DeLeon is quite sick with grip.

Miss Florence Jackson will entertain the Bowling Club next Tuesday.

Mr. Harris M. Butler, of Chicago, who has been spending several days in the city, left yesterday for Florida.

Mr. Poullaine will entertain at a box party at the Grand this evening.

One of the brilliant events of the week will be the 9 o'clock german which occurs this evening at the Kimball.

Miss Inez Jenkins, of south Georgia, who has been the guest for several weeks of relatives in the city, has returned home.

Mrs. John Oliver entertained the Tuesday Afternoon Card Club yesterday.

A beautiful occasion will be the card party which Mrs. T. D. Meador gives to Miss Julia Huguenin tomorrow evening.

Miss Isabel Thomas entertains the Wednesday Euche Club this afternoon.

Mrs. A. C. Henderson, of Detroit, Mich., arrived in the city last week. She will spend some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Maddox.

The many friends of Mrs. George N. Porter, of Clayton, Ala., will be pleased to learn that she is in the city to spend a few days with her sister, Mrs. W. D. Carnart, who is herself a recent acquisition to Atlanta society. Mrs. Porter and Mrs. Carnart are Alabamans and both are widely known for their personal beauty and magnetism, also for their marked musical and literary talents.

Miss Opal Smith, of Griffin, was the guest of friends in the city yesterday.

Mr. Beaumont Davison is in New York.

Mrs. J. B. Pope spent a few hours in the city yesterday on her way to Griffin, where she will spend some time before returning to her home in Louisville.

Mr. J. Fred Williams left last week for a business trip of two weeks in New York.

The friends of Mr. Louis Harris will regret to learn of his continued illness.

Miss Rosa Pearce, of Fort Valley, is the guest of friends in the city.

Mrs. Clarence Angier left yesterday at noon for Philadelphia, where she was called on account of the illness of Miss Helen Angier.

Miss Lena Harris, who has been spending some time in Charleston, is expected home soon.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Fordon entertained Friday evening at their home, 12 Windsor street. A delightful musical programme was rendered and late in the evening dainty refreshments were served.

The friends of Miss Eloise Tyler will learn with pleasure that she is out of danger.

Miss Carrie Sawyer is expected home in a few days from Jacksonville, Fla., where she has been spending some time.

Mr. Robert Boyd Smith is seriously ill again.

Miss May Walter will leave in a few days for a visit to New York.

Mrs. T. Cary will leave in a few days for New York.

At the christening party to be given soon by Mr. and Mrs. John C. Diehl their little son will be called John C. Deihl, Jr.

The friends of Mr. Cliff Botenour are welcoming him back from New York.

Mr. A. F. Hollis has returned from Montgomery and will make Atlanta his home again.

The two little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Kirkpatrick have entirely recovered from their attack of scarlet fever.

Mrs. Edward Houser is spending several days in White Springs, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Carter will take possession of their new home on Lee street, West End, the middle of this month.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stewart entertained informally Sunday evening at a bird supper in honor of Miss Morris, of California, who is spending the winter in Atlanta.

Miss Mabel Lovelace is visiting friends in North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rhodes are in Los Angeles, Cal., the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Perdue, Jr.

Mr. James Latimer's friends will be glad to learn that he is recovering from his recent illness.

Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Bull entertained the ministers of the Presbyterian association at luncheon yesterday afternoon at the new West End Presbyterian manse.

Don't Accept Counterfeits.

For piles, skin diseases, sores, cuts, bruises, burns and other wounds nothing equals DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve Don't accept counterfeits. None genuine except DeWitt's. "I have suffered since 1865 with protruding, bleeding piles and until recently could find no permanent relief," says J. F. Gerall, of St. Paul, Ark. "Finally I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which soon completely cured me."

ARTISTIC RENDITION OF GAUL'S SACRED CANTATA

Gaul's sacred cantata, "The Holy City," was presented at the First Presbyterian church last night, this production being a repetition of the one several Sundays past, which was a success from every standpoint. The second performance was quite as notable, popularly and artistically, the music being presented smoothly and delightfully and the audience being so large as to fill the church quite to overflowing.

The music is not as a rule of a kind to hold a continued general interest, but, there are lines and passages of considerable beauty and value, and, presented as it was last night, with animation and finish, it was allowed to become in no degree monotonous—a fault into which it might easily fall.

The important role of organist was taken by Miss Emilie Manly, a young musician, who repeated on this occasion proof of ability in a responsible and exacting position.

Mr. J. W. Marshbank, director and tenor soloist, held the conspicuous parts of the production, parts which he sustained as he is well fitted to in voice and executive ability.

The other soloists were singers of the first rank in Atlanta, and their work was correspondingly valuable. Miss Lillian Clark, one of the most prominent sopranos in Atlanta; Miss Birdie Steward, a young singer whose voice is of delightful quality and pleasantest cultivation; Mrs. T. H. Wingfield, Miss M. Cawthon, Mrs. J. M. Cooper, Miss R. W. Steinhagen, Miss S. Lane, Mr. J. H. Mullin, all had good opportunities of which they took the best advantage, and the chorus was equally excellent in its work.

L. D.

POLICE WEIGH COAL WAGONS.

Five Cases Are Docketed Against City Coal Dealers for Violations.

Acting Captain Abbott detailed a squad of policemen yesterday afternoon to spot any coal wagons that might be delivering short weights of coal. The result was that five cases were made.

Officer Tibbs took in charge a wagon belonging to the Kelley Coal and Ice Company. He reported that he saw the wagon leave the yard with six small orders and that the coal was not weighed, but measured from a freight car in baskets. He made the driver go to the city scales, where coal and wagon were weighed. According to the orders he says there should have been 1,780 pounds of coal on the wagon. He saw the coal delivered and then weighed the wagon. He states that according to his figures the whole load was short 560 pounds.

Officer Wells reported that he took hold of a wagon belonging to J. W. Wills & Co., and that there were 1,900 pounds instead of 2,000 in a ton of coal. Officer Jones reported that he had the wagon belonging to H. Meinert, and a half ton of coal was 50 pounds short.

Officer Moss had a wagon belonging to S. M. Truitt and he reported that the driver had no certificate of weight of wagon.

Officer Willey states that he found a driver on a wagon belonging to Randall Bros. and he had no certificate of weight of wagon.

All the dealers mentioned will have to answer before the recor[illegible] for violations of the ordinances gove[illegible] the sale of coal in the city. In th[illegible] against the Kelley Coal and Ice [illegible] the coal weighed was being [illegible] by the bushel, but the poli[illegible] that a bushel should weigh [illegible]

The Gas Range Means comfort, cleanliness, convenience, economy, luxury!

Gas is the ideal modern fuel.

Prices $12.00 and $14.00 connected.

The Atlanta Gas Light Co.

THEATRES

The Kilties band, of Canada, gave a concert at the Grand last night under the auspices of the Fifth regiment, and delighted the music lovers who were fortunate enough to hear it.

In addition to the programme furnished by the band there was a choir of twelve male voices and six highland dancers. Both of these features were excellent, and won applause and praise.

The band is one of the best that has ever visited Atlanta, and was well directed. The programme was diversified, and gave the musicians an opportunity to display their scope.

Probably no play that will visit Atlanta during the season will be more genuinely welcomed than "The Old Homestead," which comes tonight and Thursday at the Grand. Once in a while we all like to look back to our boyhood days, to find ourselves once more in the fields at our youthful games, and our daily worries forgotten; to be children again with all the word implies.

In presenting the play this season Mr. Thompson has endeavored to give, if possible, a better production than ever before, while still clinging to the traditions that have made the play famous. The scenery and accessories will be elaborate and characteristic, and will include the pretty perspective of "The Old Homestead" farm in summer, the magnificent picture of Grace church, New York, by moonlight, with its grand organ and choir singers, and also the typical New England farm house kitchen, where all the quaint Swanzey folk gather, by Uncle Josh's blazing fire, and welcome home the prodigal son. In addition to an excellent production, Mr. Thompson promises us an efficient company, including the famous double quartet of farm hands. Mr. Thompson will give a matinee Thursday afternoon.

Kathryn Kidder as "Molly Pitcher." The combination of the star and the play is so fortunate that its merit can be perceived at a glance. There, perhaps, is no other American actress so admirably suited to the role of the gallant heroine of the battle of Monmouth as Miss Kidder. The play, which will be seen in this city on Friday and Saturday at the Grand, is said to be brimful of comedy incidents, and to conclude with a realistic presentation of the battle of Monmouth, which was fought under the personal command of General Washington. In this battle, it will be remembered, the gallant Molly Pitcher distinguished herself by firing and loading a cannon throughout the engagement.

There will be a matinee Saturday afternoon.

"Where the Laugh Comes In" will make its initial bow to an Atlanta audience on Friday night at the Columbia theater, and will remain the attraction at this theater for Saturday matinee and night. The comedy is said to abound in good, wholesome comedy, laughable situations and up-to-date specialties. Complications follow in quick succession, and the audience is kept laughing throughout the entire three acts.

The sale of seats will begin Thursday morning at Miller's. The night prices will range from 10c to 50c. At the Saturday matinee the prices will be 10c to 25c.

MISS ZELMA RAWLSTON

The Most Successful Male Impersonator on the American Stage Cures Her Cough and Keeps her Throat and Voice in Perfect Condition With DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

MISS ZELMA RAWLSTON.

Many letters are received daily, similar to the following one from Miss Rawlston, from prominent singers and artists who use nothing but DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP to prevent hoarseness and cure coughs:

Whenever I have had a cough or been troubled with hoarseness during my professional career I have always used DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP, which has worked like magic. It cures my hoarseness and my coughs almost instantly. This is the kind of medicine I must have so as to keep my voice in condition, as you know my work as a male impersonator is very hard on the voice and throat. I have never found anything that cures as quickly and as thoroughly any affection of the throat as DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP. Very truly, ZELMA RAWLSTON, 74 W. 38th St., New York City, Aug. 7, 1901.

For fifty years singers, actors, public speakers and clergymen have used DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP to prevent hoarseness and to cure coughs and colds and all affections of the throat, because of the absolute security they feel in its curative qualities. Thousands of doctors prescribe DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP and many of the prominent hospitals use it exclusively for hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, coughs, colds, grip, influenza and consumption.

Be sure to get the genuine. See that the trade-mark, a Bull's Head, is on the package. Large bottles 25c, at all druggists. Cheap substitutes are injurious. Don't take them.

SMALL DOSE—PLEASANT TO TAKE.

FREE—A beautiful Calendar and a Medical Booklet Free to any one who will write A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md., and mention this paper.

OUR BOYS' CLOTHING

Is a step above the "just as good as" kind, but the prices have been coming down step by step to meet the smallest pocketbook. Your choice at

1-4 OFF

It will pay you to hunt through the lot; your boy's size may be hiding here—these are the weights to carry him 'till warm weather.

EISEMAN & WEIL,
Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
26 Whitehall St.

We will move into our new store, 1 Whitehall, on the Viaduct, about March 1st.

KREIS, 18 Trinity Avenue.
LADIES AND GENTS
DYEING, CLEANING, PRESSING.
PHONE 880.

THE GRAND

Tonight and Thursday Matinee and Night,

"THE OLD HOMESTEAD"
WITH
DENMAN THOMPSON
AS "JOSHUA WHITCOMB."
The Old Homestead double quartet.
No advance in prices.

Friday and Saturday, February 7 and 8; Matinee Saturday.

Kathryn Kidder

In Glen McDonough's Play,
"MOLLY PITCHER."

"The Heroine of the American Revolution." Company of Fifty. Complete Scenic Equipment. Night Prices 25c to $1.50—Matinee 25c to $1.
SALE OPENS WEDNESDAY.

COLUMBIA THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, February 7 and 8. Matinee Saturday.
The Musical Comedy Success,
WHERE THE LAUGH COMES IN.
New and Up-To-Date Specialties.
Night prices 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee prices 10c and 25c.
Sale opens Thursday.

DR. J. F. HANEY,
Osteopathic Physician,
SUITE 509 THE GRAND.
Hours 9:30, 12:30, 2:00, 4:30 Sun. 10-11.
Chronic diseases and deformities successfully treated.

FRISCO SYSTEM

HOMESEEKER EXCURSION,
February 4th.
—TO POINTS IN—
Missouri, Indian Territory and Oklahoma Territory.

—VERY LOW RATES FROM—
Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis.

For rates, limits and privileges apply to
W. T. Saunders, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.
F. E. Clark, Trav. Pass. Agt.
ATLANTA, GA.

DOMINION LINE

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
BOSTON to GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA and ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT.
SAILINGS AS FOLLOWS:
Commonwealth, Feb. 2.
Cambroman, Feb. 26.
For rates and tours apply to RICHARDS MILLS & Co., 77 State St., Boston.

LEXINGTON ROLLER MILLS CO.
INCORPORATED
FINEST PATENT
HENRY CLAY
Roller Extract
FLOUR 196 lbs.
LEXINGTON KY.

THE QUALITY OF

HENRY CLAY

Flour is the reputation of the mill that makes it. That's why the quality is guaranteed.

"MONEY BACK IF IT FAILS TO PLEASE,"

that's the guarantee

SOLD EVERYWHERE

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 3 ♦ days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address S. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's Business College ATLANTA, GA. The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $35.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND Business University ATLANTA, GA

8,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 5 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta's business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Wm. LYCETT ATLANTA GA.

It means best of CHINA PAINTING, lessons, materials. White China for painters. Painted China for presents. 30 years in the business. 18 years on Whitehall st. Write for catalogue.

SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR
Dr. Burkhart's VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

POSITIVELY CURES pain in side, back, under shoulder blade, smothering sensations, tired feeling, poor appetite, coated tongue, pimples on face, bad taste, sick or bloated stomach, dizziness, headache, restlessness at night, night sweats, and all blood disorders. All druggists.

Dr. W. S. Burkhart, Cincinnati, O.

Established 1857.

PETER LYNCH

—AT—

95 Whitehall Street.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos Cigars and all such goods as belong to a first-class liquor store. Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

Peter Lynch is also running at , West Mitchell his great Variety Store, and has on hand and receiving Mason's Fruit Jars, metal and glass tops; also Woodbury and Millville Jars, pints, quarts and half gallons.

Just received 8 bushels Red and Brown Valentine Bush Beans, 3 bushels Kentucky Wonder and other Cornfield Beans; Seed Rye, Turnip Seeds of all kinds and other fall seeds.

150 Empty Barrels, Half Barrels, 10 and 5-gallon Kegs for sale. Terms cash.

A. F. LIEBMAN

28 Peachtree St.

REAL ESTATE, RENTING & LOANS

Big Bargain!

$2,000 buys lot, 48 by 175, with alley on side, three blocks from Depot. On good street. Will sell to first party with the money.

A. F. LIEBMAN

28 Peachtree Street,

Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium. Box 3, Austell, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster.
Albert Howell, Jr.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, MACON, GA.
Practice in all Courts. 'Phone 329.

IMPORTANT WORK BEFORE CHAMBER

Proposal To Establish School Book Publishing House Heard.

THREE MORE NEW MEMBERS

Work of Chamber of Commerce Is Increasing, and Every Meeting Is Largely Attended.

At the regular monthly meeting of the board of directors of the chamber of commerce held yesterday afternoon, three new members were elected. The new members are The Atlanta Stove Works, Samuel D. Jones, president; Dr. J. C. White, and the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, J. R. Gordon, manager. The meeting was held at 3:15 o'clock. President J. K. Orr occupied the chair. The three new members elected yesterday swells the total of new members to twelve. The other nine are Judge George Hillyer, Ellis, Wimbish & Ellis, W. J. Tucker, for the Philip Carey Manufacturing Company; Edward P. Ansley, S. M. Burbank, The Parian Paint Company, by Joseph Hirsch; The American Audit Company, C. B. Bidwell, manager; M. M. Turner and R. L. Foreman.

A letter from Governor Candler was presented by J. Chase, of Decatur, Ga., in which the governor sent his regrets at his inability to attend the meeting and stating that the idea which Mr. Chase would put before the chamber to the end of establishing a large school book publishing house in Atlanta, or some other southern city, was heartily indorsed by him. Mr. Chase addressed the chamber and said that there were over 5,000,000 school children in the south and that not more than 2 or 3 per cent of the books used by them were made in the south. Mr. Chase stated that a conference would be held at Charleston in the near future at which he desired a committee from the Atlanta chamber of commerce to attend, when definite action toward establishing the publishing house will be decided upon. C. P. Byrd, who is engaged in the printing business here, was with Mr. Chase, and stated that school books could be made at 12 cents each and sold for an enormous profit. Mr. Chase stated that it would be necessary for several reliable business men to guarantee a certain amount, at the meeting in Charleston, in order to have Atlanta considered as the ground for establishing the publishing house.

WILL NOT DELAY PAVING.

Councilman Glass Gives Assurance That Whitehall Street Will Receive Attention at Once.

The report that the street committee, of which Councilman Glass is chairman, intended beginning the work of laying asphalt on Peachtree street and around the court house before taking up other work was the subject of much discussion yesterday afternoon among citizens residing on Whitehall street between Fair and Trinity avenue and between Humphries street bridge and the Central railroad tracks at West End.

It was generally supposed that the Whitehall street work, because of the condition of the street, would be taken up at once, and Councilman Glass stated last evening that, after considering the matter, it was his intention to confer with the commissioner of public works this morning regarding this particular piece of paving. He said the committee had not prepared any schedule of work as yet.

"Residence streets all over town," said he, "are badly in need of attention and these will be reached at the earliest possible moment. Of course, there are other pieces of work that may have to be attended to without delay, and the committee will give all such preference."

SMALLPOX.

This dreadful disease is now very prevalent in all parts of the country, and, as exposure to its malignant breath is liable to occur at any time, no matter how careful we may be, it behooves everyone to take proper precautions to prevent the germs from affecting the body. The doctors say that pure blood, good digestion and regular bowel movements materially aid the body in resisting attack, hence it is the course of wisdom to purify and strengthen the system without delay.

A most effective remedy for this purpose, one that combines the necessary properties for purifying the blood, strengthening the kidneys, toning up the digestive organs and for cleansing and regulating the bowels, will be found in the well known system tonic and purifier, Prickly Ash Bitters. This valuable remedy is the right thing for putting the body in shape to resist the effect of exposure to Smallpox. No one will knowingly expose himself to this disease. The exposure usually takes place when it is least expected, therefore the need for precautionary measures is the more urgent. It is safe to say that the frequent use of Prickly Ash Bitters while the disease is so prevalent will keep the body in such fine physical condition that no ordinary exposure will affect it.

CAFE DINING CAR SERVICE Via SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Up-to-date and supplied with all the delicacies the markets afford. Meals served a la carte—pay for what you order. Prices reasonable. No canned goods. Meats and vegetables fresh. See announcement in other part today's paper.

Mardi Gras, Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, February 4th-11th, 1902—Low Rates Via A. & W. P. R. R.

For the above occasions round trip tickets will be sold by the A. & W. P. railroad February 4 to 10 inclusive, with final limit February 15, 1902, at the low rate of one fare. An extension of the final limit may be obtained until February 28, 1902, by deposit of ticket with joint agent on or before February 15 and on payment of fee of 50 cents.

Through Pullman drawing room sleepers, dining cars and elegant coach equipment.

Two through trains daily, Atlanta to New Orleans, at 5:30 a. m. and 4:20 p. m.

Make your Pullman reservations early.

For further information call at ticket office, N. 7 Pryor street, 'phone 53, or union depot.

L. H. HILL, Union Ticket Agent.

GEORGE W. ALLEN, City Passenger and Ticket Agent.

J. B. BILLUPS, District Passenger Agent.

B. F. WYLY, JR., General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Flooring. Laths.
Ceiling. Sash.
Shingles. Doors, Blinds.
Weather Boards, Moldings, etc.

SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER CO.

O. STEWART, Propr.

'Phone 532. 62 W. Hunter St Corner Madison Ave.

RIDERS HERE FOR BIG SIX DAY RACE

Jack Prince Arrived With Them Last Night.

RACE WILL BE GREAT EVENT

Will Be for Twenty-Four Hours' Championship of the World. Begins February 17—Bobby and Russel Walthour May Be in It.

Jack Prince arrived in Atlanta from Philadelphia last night, accompanied by a large bunch of the crack riders who are to take part in the great six-day race which begins February 7.

Among the riders whom Prince brought with him are Charles Hadfield, of New Jersey; John Galvin, the Connecticut amateur champion; Joe Lawson, Jimmie Hunter, R. G. Bennett, W. S. Fenn, Charles Turville, John Fisher, Amoruster, Wilson, Cadwell, Leander, Rutz and Shepherd.

Today Prince will begin work on the track and will have it in perfect order before the big race commences on the 17th. The lead which weakened in the last race held here will be strengthened and the track will be put in first-class condition in every way.

The riders, on their part, will at once begin training and will do a lot of road riding every day when the weather permits it. On days when the roads cannot be used they will take their exercise on the track.

The race is to be four hours a day for six days for the twenty-four hours' championship of the world. Some of the best riders who have ever pushed a pedal are in the company which Jack Prince has brought with him, and the race will be a great event. The record is expected to go above 600 miles.

Considerable interest exists in Atlanta as to whether or not the Walthour brothers will be in the race. Some days ago it was announced in The Constitution that they would probably enter as the "Atlanta team." This announcement was hailed with delight in local sporting circles and the brothers have been urged on all sides to enter the race. They have not yet determined what they will do in the matter, but are training vigorously nevertheless.

The race promises to be one of the greatest cycle events ever seen in the south, and will doubtless draw big crowds every night.

BULLOCK PROPERTY SOLD.

Was Bought Yesterday by American Trust and Banking Company for $14,500.

The property known as 233 Peachtree street was sold yesterday morning at public outcry before the court house door to the American Trust and Banking Company. The price paid was $14,500, which was about $260 a front foot.

This property was the old home place of ex-Governor Rufus B. Bullock. The lot has a frontage of 55 feet on Peachtree and extends back 200 feet.

There is a large four-story brick residence on the lot, and this home, completely furnished, was included in the sale. Steve R. Johnston, recently appointed commissioner by Judge Lumpkin, was the auctioneer.

FIGHT FOR DEL BARRIO MONEY

Looked as if Station Sergeant Might Be Sent to Jail—Bail Trover Obtained.

A fight was made yesterday over the money taken from Frank del Barrio and Station Sergeant Braselton states that for a while it looked as if he might have to go to jail.

When del Barrio was arrested Monday morning $120 was taken from his pockets and held as prisoner's effects. When del Barrio was convicted of gaming and vagrancy in the criminal court yesterday, F. W. Olden, one of the men from whom the prisoner had received money in a game of cards, took steps to recover $95 which he had lost. A bail trover was served on Station Sergeant Braselton for the amount. The sergeant did not know so much about giving up the money. In a bail trover proceeding it is either give up the goods, make bond for twice the amount or go to jail. The sergeant called upon the chief of police for advice and the chief consulted with Assistant City Attorney Hill, who advised him to give up the money to the deputy sheriff and take a receipt.

Olden clearly proved that $95 of the money was his, as he named the number of the larger bills.

In the criminal court yesterday morning del Barrio entered a plea in both cases and was fined $250 or twelve months in the chaingang. Dunning was fined $100 for gaming and the case against him for vagrancy was left open, as he promised to leave town as soon as he paid the fine in the gaming case.

The history of del Barrio is a peculiarly interesting one. He was at one time a wealthy cigar manufacturer. He came here from Cuba. Wine and women wiped out his fortune and lately he has been living a precarious life.

CAME BACK WITHOUT HOLLIS.

Captain McCauley Tells of His Experience with Governor Durbin.

Captain F. M. McCurdy returned to the city yesterday morning from Indianapolis without Earl H. Hollis, the prisoner he went after.

Hollis was wanted by Schaul & May, jewelers, on the charge of larceny after trust. He was arrested in Indianapolis last week and Captain McCurdy was sent after him.

The captain states he found Hollis under arrest, but Governor Durbin refused to sign the requisition papers, and the prisoner had to be released.

Hollis' father was said to be related to the attorney general of Indiana, and Captain McCurdy says he was somewhat suspicious of that having something to do with the governor's action.

Hollis worked for Schaul & May in Atlanta, and was entrusted with $240 with which to buy old gold. He was to make weekly reports, and dod so for a while. Then he ceased his reports and disappeared. That was last September, and he was not heard of again until he was located and arrested in Indianapolis about a week ago.

Mr. Brendle and Miss Weeks Wed.

Huntsville, Ala., February 4.—(Special.) Miss Jessie [illegible]s and Mr. Joseph E. Brendle we[illegible]etly married Sunday afternoon a[illegible]me of the bride's parents in [illegible]tsville, Rev. W. F. Fulgham [illegible]

"COLDS."

Radway's Ready Relief Cures and prevents Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing. Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprain, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the first and is the only Pain Remedy that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and cures congestions, whether of the lungs, stomach, bowels or other glands or organs by one application.

R RADWAY'S R READY R RELIEF

For Internal and External Use.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure cramps, spasms, sour stomach, heartburn, nervousness, sleeplessness, sick headache, diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Sold by Druggists. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., New York.

RAILWAY NOTES.

The railways all over the country are making a vigorous fight against scalpers. While no very strong fight has been waged against them in Atlanta, still the officials of the different lines are always on the lookout for scalped tickets and are constantly taking them up.

Yesterday afternoon a lady from Memphis walked into one of the local ticket offices and asked to be directed to the office of a well-known firm of scalpers.

She had a ticket from Memphis to Jacksonville and told the official who waited on her that she had bought it at Memphis, paying nearly the amount of its full value with the understanding that she was to get a rebate at Atlanta.

While she was explaining this the official was getting a description of the ticket and as soon as she left the office notified all the roads over which the ticket was sold that it had been scalped. Conductors on all these lines have been furnished information concerning it and when it is presented for passage it will be promptly taken up and the holder made to pay full fare.

The rate clerks of the lines composing the Southeastern Passenger Association were in session at the rooms of the association in the Equitable building yesterday discussing several rate problems. They will be in session again today.

District Passenger Agent J. P. Billups, of the Atlanta and West Point, has returned from a pleasant visit to Roswell.

The Southern is considering the matter of greatly improving its service between Atlanta and Birmingham by putting on a night train each way. At the present time no night train is run between Atlanta and Birmingham and it is impossible for a man to do a full day's business in one city and arrive in the other in time to begin work early the next morning. If the trains are put on they will probably consist of a baggage car, coach and sleeper added to the regular freight and will be run as the night trains between Atlanta and Chattanooga are run. This service has long been needed and if put on will be greatly appreciated by the public, the commercial travelers especially.

The circular shown below announcing the appointment of Mr. Charlton was received in the city yesterday. It will be noted that in it nothing is said about the appointment being temporary.

Ocean Steamship Company, Office of the President—Savannah, Ga., February 1, 1902.—W. H. Pleasants, having resigned the position of traffic manager to accept service with another company, effective this date, E. T. Charlton is appointed general freight and passenger agent, with headquarters Pier 35 N. R., New York, in charge of the traffic of this company.

JOHN M. EGAN, President.

Clarence Wickersham, a son of President C. A. Wickersham, of the Atlanta and West Point, has been appointed assistant city passenger and ticket agent for that road in Atlanta.

District Passenger Agent J. G. Hollenbeck, of the Louisville and Nashville, has been confined to his room for several days.

J. R. McGregor, of Nashville, general agent at that point for the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, was in the city yesterday.

Mardi gras business opened with a boom yesterday. On the afternoon train the Atlanta and West Point carried out six loaded sleepers.

Passenger Traffic Manager B. W. Wrenn, of the Plant system, will arrive in the city from Savannah today.

People who have suffered all that could be endured from dyspepsia write that they can eat what they wish since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and that food does not cause them the slightest distress.

HABEAS CORPUS DISMISSED.

Cason Will Endeavor To Secure Release on His Own Recognizance Next Friday.

Ordinary Wilkinson yesterday afternoon dismissed the habeas corpus proceedings instituted to secure the release of ex-Detective Ed Cason from the Tower. When the case came on to be heard Attorney Lee J. Langley filed a demurrer on the ground that, under the circumstances, such proceedings were not proper in a court of ordinary. The demurrer was sustained.

Attorney Langley represents R. M. Bell, who claims that his horse is in the possession of the ex-detective. During yesterday's proceedings Mr. Langley in reality represented Sheriff Nelms, who had been served with the papers in the habeas corpus case.

Cason has filed a petition in the city court asking that he be released on his own recognizance, claiming that it is impossible for him to produce the property or make the bond required of him. The hearing will be held Friday morning before Judge Reid in the first division of the city court.

According to the provisions of a bail trover action the defendant must either surrender the property in question, give bond or else go to jail. During the hearing before the ordinary yesterday the ex-detective was represented by Attorneys Kontz & Austin and W. H. Terrell.

Florida. Enjoy summer climate in winter.
Tampa Bay hotel, Tampa, Fla.
Hotel Belleview, Belleair, Fla.
Through Pullman fast train service.
Information, etc., at Kimball house, Atlanta.

Half Million Dollars' Worth of Property on Whitehall Street.

The large stores of M. Rich & Bro., 190,000 square feet of roofing, now being painted with the T. C. McDonald "A.-G." Roof Coating and cement, which stops leaks and waterproofs the roof. Look out for infringers who are using the name of T. C. McDonald's "Asphalt Graphite Roof Coating" and his references to get work. See that your roof is painted with the genuine "A.-G." Send for estimates and prices. T. C. McDonald, "A.-G." Roof Paint Co., agency 447 Central ave., Atlanta, Ga.

Well-Known Veteran Dead.

Spartanburg, S. C., February 4.—(Special.)—Captain Choice, a confederate veteran well known, died here today.

On Tuesday, March 4, at 12 O'Clock, we will sell at auction

The Collier Property,

embracing two small lots on Walnut street, two small lots on Maple street, a 115-acre farm very near Peachtree street, just west of Deerland, and that magnificent central piece of store property fronting 54 1-2 on Whitehall street, running through to Broad street, now occupied by

WALTER J. WOOD.

The plats will be ready in a day or two, and in the meantime information may be obtained at our office.

C. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

PRINTING
BINDING
ENGRAVING

THE FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY

The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts 65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

ELECTROTYPING
STEREOTYPING
BLANK BOOKS
ADVERTISING

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

$9,000.00—Property on West Baker, near Peachtree, renting for $960 per year; 60 by 160.
$5,800.00—Brick Residence, Pryor St. House alone would cost 4,500.00 to build..
$5,250.00—South Side Residence, Smith St., near Whitehall. House cost $4,500.00 to build.
$2,800.00—Pryor St. Cottage. More money was refused during the period of the recent slump in real estate.
$2,600.00—Handsome new Cottage nearing completion, No. 429 Luckie, 40 by 120, nicely shaded.
950.00—Cash for Pryor St. lot just south of Bass.
$1,300.00—Highland Ave. lot near Jackson, worth more money. Lot 50 by 160.
400.00—Corner lot, Highland Ave., beyond bridge. Installment.
We write Fire Insurance in The Traders of Chicago, a company that stands at the top.

C. H. GIRARDEAU & CO., 24 Walton, Prudential Bldg.

GET A COOL HOME BEFORE SUMMER!

Get out of the center before hot weather!

Where can I get a beautiful lot with quick access to the city, at low price, on easy terms?

At COPENHILL,

Atlanta's fine suburb. For a limited time, splendid lots at one-half price, and on easy terms to bona fide settlers. Homes built if desired. See your real estate agent at once; or inquire of

The Copenhill Land Co.

15 Edgewood Ave., City.

JOSEPH THOMPSON'S

JOCKEY CLUB

PURE OLD

RYE WHISKEY

JOSEPH THOMPSON, Atlanta, Ga.

$1.25 Per Quart | $4.00 Per Gallon.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Buy a Star Wind Mill

Let us figure on your outfit.
Information cheerfully given.
A catalogue for the asking.

Cotton States Belting & Supply Co

Atlanta, Ga., General State Agents.

THE NEW

Cafe Dining Car Service

Recently Inaugurated by the

SEABOARD

AIR LINE RAILWAY

Operated Daily Upon Its

"Atlanta Special."

A Solid Vestibuled Train Leaving Atlanta at Noon for Norfolk, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; is Up to Date and Perfectly Appointed in Every Particular. . . . .

Meals Served a la Carte.
Meats and Vegetables Fresh.
No Canned Goods.

This service is already finding a hearty welcome by the traveling public, as passengers from any part of the train can be served promptly, and at a very slight cost—the prices being very reasonable—and, in the most satisfactory style. The Cuisine is perfect.

Tables Supplied With All the Delicacies the Markets Afford.

Ask for Tickets Via Seaboard Air Line Railway and Get the Best Service to the East.

Information cheerfully furnished at either City Ticket Office, 12 Kimball House, Phone 100, or Union Depot Ticket Office, Phone 213.

W. E. CHRISTIAN, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL NOTICES

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street.
Paints, paper, painting, paper hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, February 4.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Virginia—Fair Wednesday except probably snow or rain in south portion at night; Thursday snow or rain; fresh northwest winds becoming variable.

North Carolina—Fair Wednesday, probably rain or snow at night and Thursday; fresh northeast winds.

South Carolina—Cloudy Wednesday; probably rain in the afternoon or night. Thursday rain, fresh northeast winds.

Eastern Florida—Fair Wednesday; Thursday increasing cloudiness; probably rain in north portions; light variable winds, becoming fresh easterly to southeasterly.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Rain Wednesday and probably Thursday; fresh northwesterly winds becoming brisk on the coast.

Eastern Texas—Rain in south and east, snow in northwest portion Wednesday; Thursday fair in west, rain in east portion; fresh northwest winds on the coast becoming southeasterly.

Western Texas—Fair in south, rain or snow and warmer in north portion Wednesday, Thursday fair; probably colder in north portion; variable winds.

Tennessee—Snow or rain and slightly warmer Wednesday and probably Thursday; northeast winds.

Kentucky—Generally fair and warmer Wednesday, except snow in west portion; Thursday snow; variable winds becoming northeasterly.

Station and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 12 hours
Abilene, snow..	20	26	.22
Augusta, clear..	36	48	.00
Buffalo, snow..	10	14	.14
Charleston, clear..	42	52	.00
Charlotte, clear..	28	38	.00
Chattanooga, clear..	20	24	T
Chicago, clear..	2	0	.00
Cincinnati, clear..	8	16	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy ..	42	48	.32
Detroit, clear..	0	12	T
Dodge City, clear..	10	18	.00
Galveston, rain..	46	46	.02
Huron, clear..	6	0	.00
Jacksonville, clear	52	60	.00
Kansas City, clear..	8	12	.00
Knoxville, clear....	20	28	T
Memphis, clear..	22	26	.00
Mobile, clear..	46	52	.00
Montgomery, clear	38	44	.00
New Orleans, clear	50	52	.00
New York, clear..	18	20	.02
Norfolk, clear..	28	42	.00
North Platte, part cloudy	20	28	.00
Omaha, clear..	6	8	.00
Palestine, rain..	38	46	.06
Raleigh, clear..	30	40	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	4	10	.00
St. Louis, clear..	8	12	.00
St. Paul, clear..	2	0	.00
Savannah, clear..	44	54	.00
Tampa, clear..	50	50	.00
Vicksburg, clear..	36	44	.00
Wilmington, clear	38	50	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

At Canal Winchester, Ohio, burglars entered the postoffice and stole $400 worth of postage stamps and $20 in money. The safe was broken open and everything taken that was in it.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From		Depart To	
Jonesboro.. ..	6 45 am	*Jonesboro ..	5 50 am
*Savannah. ..	7 25 am	*Savannah....	7 50 am
*Jonesboro ..	8 05 am	Hapeville.. ..	8 30 am
Hapeville.. ..	9 40 am	St. Augustine	9 00 am
*Macon...	11 20 am	Jonesboro.. ..	12 10 pm
Jonesboro.. ..	2 05 pm	Hapeville.. ..	3 40 pm
Hapeville.. ..	4 50 pm	*Macon..	4 05 pm
Hapeville.. ..	6 15 pm	Hapeville.. ..	5 00 pm
Savannah.. ..	7 45 pm	Jonesboro.. ..	6 10 pm
St. Augustine	7 55 pm	*Savannah....	8 30 pm
Jonesboro.. ..	8 10 pm	Jonesboro.. ..	11 10 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:		Following Trains Sunday Only:	
Hapeville.. ..	10 45 am	Hapeville.. ..	9 10 am
Hapeville.. ..	2 05 pm	Hapeville.. ..	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Nashville. ..	7 30 am	*Nashville ..	8 22 am
Marietta. ..	8 32 am	Marietta... ..	12 10 pm
*Chicago.. ..	8 50 am	Chattanooga.	5 00 pm
*Chattanooga	10 35 am	Marietta.. ..	5 30 pm
Marietta.. ..	2 40 pm	*Chicago.. ..	8 05 pm
*Nashville. ..	7 30 pm	*Nashville. ..	8 30 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Norfolk	7 50 am	*Clinton	7 40 am
*Washington..	3 55 pm	*Washington	12 00 n'n
*Clinton..	7 00 pm	*Norfolk.. ...	6 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Augusta.. ..	5 00 am	*Augusta.. ..	7 55 am
Conyers... ..	6 45 am	Lithonia... ..	10 05 am
Covington. ..	7 45 am	*Augusta... ..	3 10 pm
*Augusta... ..	12 45 pm	Conyers..	5 00 pm
Lithonia.. ...	3 25 pm	Covington.. ..	6 10 pm
*Augusta.. ..	8 00 pm	*Augusta... ..	11 45 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Montgomery	11 40 am	*Montgomery.	5 30 am
*Selma..	7 30 pm	*Montgomery	12 30 pm
*Selma..	11 40 pm	*Selma..	4 20 pm
LaGrange.. ..	8 25 am	Palmetto.. ..	12 01 pm
Palmetto.. ..	2 15 pm	LaGrange. ..	5 30 pm
Sunday Only.		Sunday Only.	
LaGrange	10 20 am	LaGrange. ..	8 10 am

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.

(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).
Leave Atlanta for Knoxville.. .. .. 8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville.. .. 7 30 pm
*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

SR Southern Railway.

Trains Leave Atlanta

5.30 A. M.—NO. 13. DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Through Pullman sleeping cars for Cincinnati and Chicago.

5.30 A. M.—NO. 16. DAILY. Local to Brunswick. Makes all stops.

5.30 A. M.—NO. 28. DAILY. To Columbus.

6.10 A. M.—NO. 35. DAILY. Through sleeping cars to Birmingham, Memphis and Kansas City. Dining car service.

7.50 A. M.—NO. 12. DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.

7.55 A. M.—NO. 7. DAILY. Local to Chattanooga. Arrive Chattanooga 1 p. m.

10.40 A. M.—NO. 6. DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY. Chicago and Florida Special. Solid vestibuled train; sleepers and dining car to St. Augustine without change. Arrive Jacksonville 8:10 p. m., St. Augustine 9:30 p. m.

12.00 N'N—NO. 38. DAILY. Washington and Southwestern Limited. Drawing room, sleeping, library, observation cars and club cars through without change; dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 6:42 a. m., New York 12:43 p. m.

12.05 N'N—NO. 8. DAILY. Local. Arrives Macon 2:25 p. m.

12.20 N'N—NO. 40. DAILY. Atlanta and New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper between Atlanta and Washington and Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrives Richmond 6 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m., Washington 6:52 a. m., New York 12:43 p. m.

3.40 P. M.—NO. 23. DAILY. Local to Anniston. Makes all stops.

4.10 P. M.—NO. 30. DAILY. Local to Ft. Valley. Makes all stops.

4.10 P. M.—NO. 10. DAILY. Local to Macon. Pullman observation chair car.

4.15 P. M.—NO. 37. DAILY. Pullman sleeping car to Memphis. Arrives Birmingham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4.30 P. M.—NO. 22. DAILY. Local to Columbus. Arrives Columbus 8:35 p. m.

4.30 P. M.—NO. 18. DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Bell." Makes all stops. Arrives Toccoa 9 p. m.

5.00 P. M.—NO. 15. DAILY. Through sleeping car to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Arrives Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m., Louisville 8:05 a. m.

5.15 P. M.—NO. 25. DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Tallapoosa Accommodation." Makes all stops. Arrives Tallapoosa 7:55 p. m.

6.20 P. M.—NO. 5. DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY. The "Chicago and Florida Special" Solid vestibuled train. Drawing room and compartment sleeping cars, gentleman's club car; observation and dining car. Through daily sleepers to Chicago, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Pa., and Louisville, Ky. Also, each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, through sleeping car to Detroit, Mich.

10.45 P. M.—NO. 14. DAILY. The Florida Limited. Solid vestibuled train through to St. Augustine. Local sleeping car to Brunswick. Arrives Jacksonville 8:30 a. m., St. Augustine 9:40 a. m.

11.00 P. M.—NO. 9. DAILY. Local to Chattanooga. Local sleeping car to Chattanooga. Passengers allowed to remain in sleeper until 7 a. m.

11.50 P. M.—NO. 36. DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car through to New York and Richmond. Through coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9 p. m., New York 6:23 a. m., Boston 3 p. m.

Ticket Offices: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot, 178 Main.